

A Report to the Community 2003

Children of Metropolitan St. Louis



Vision for Children at Risk with the support of the

Mental Health Board



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CITIZENS FOR MISSOURI'S CHILDREN

Children of Metropolitan St. Louis A Report to the Community 2003

by Vision for Children at Risk

with the support of the



The United Way of Greater St. Louis provided major assistance in developing the maps presented in this report.

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Vision for Children at Risk

Core funding of Vision for Children at Risk is provided by the Deaconess Foundation

About Vision for Children at Risk

Vision for Children at Risk, a 501(c)(3) organization, brings together people, organizations and resources to work regionally to improve the well-being of children across the St. Louis area, especially those who face serious socio-economic risk. Vision for Children at Risk is based on the beliefs that all children deserve a supportive environment in which to grow, and that the health and well-being of children is vital to the overall health of the region.

Vision for Children at Risk pursues its mission through:

- Research that assesses risk and protective factors for St. Louis area children. Such as this Children of Metropolitan St. Louis report:
- Facilitating the St. Louis Metropolitan Children's Agenda, a voluntary collaborative effort involving children's agencies and community organizations working together in strategic initiatives to address critical needs of St. Louis area young people; and
- Advocacy promoting strategic civic action on behalf of the community's children and youth.

St. Louis Metropolitan Children's Agenda

Agencies and organizations from the community work together voluntarily to improve the well-being of St. Louis-area children through the St. Louis Metropolitan Children's Agenda. Currently, more than 700 representatives of some 300 area organizations actively participate. Implementation of the Children's Agenda is carried out by Work Groups made up of agency volunteers. The Children's Agenda details 37 strategies covering the areas of:

- · Family support
- Maternal and child health
- · Safe neighborhoods and strong communities
- · Community capacity-building.

- Child development
- Quality education
- Economic opportunity

Participation in the Children's Agenda is open to everyone with an interest in improving the lives of children and youth. You are invited to join! For more information, contact Vision for Children at Risk at (314) 534-6015.



Embracing the community, one child at a time.

Mercy Health Plans salutes Vision for Children at Risk and is proud to join them in building a better life for St. Louis' young people.



Acknowledgments

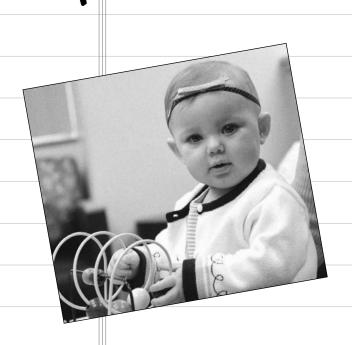
The sixth edition of the *Children of Metropolitan St. Louis* is the result of many individuals and community organizations working together and volunteering their time to ensure accurate reporting of data on the health and well-being of children in our region. Vision for Children at Risk is extremely grateful for the time and resources committed to this report. Special thanks to the City of St. Louis Mental Health Board of Trustees, SSM Cardinal Glennon Children's Hospital, St. Louis Children's Hospital, Mercy Health Plans, Citizens for Missouri's Children, and First Bank for their generous support of the *CMSL*.

Vision for Children at Risk would like to thank those individuals and organizations who helped to provide the data for this report, many of whom donated considerable time in generating, sorting and tabulating data. Much appreciation goes to Linda McDaniel of the United Way for spending countless hours assisting with mapping of the data. Thank you also to Molly Mittler, VCR's graduate intern, for her assistance with data collection, analysis, and mapping. Thanks to those who reviewed and critiqued drafts of the *Children of Metropolitan St. Louis* report: Melanie Sheetz, Dorothy Heltibrand, Karla Fry, Mary Ann Klie, Pam Mitchell, Dr. Louise Flick, Aileen McMurrer, Amy Blouin, Dr. David Curry, Dr. Scott Decker, Dr. Deborah Holmes, Louise Reeves, Sara Barwinski, Dr. Tony Loman, Joe Squillace, Paula Bugg, Aurita Prince Caldwell, Judy Reihl, Dr. Nancy Vosler, Dr. Rosella Wamser, Russ Signorino, Maureen Filter Nolan, Dr. Dennis O'Connor, Jim Richardson, Ricky LaGrange, and Sylvester Bolden. Finally, our most sincere admiration and gratitude goes to all of you who use this report to improve the lives of our children.

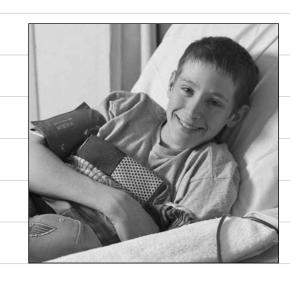
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For Kids. For Now. For Ever.







Cardinal Glennon Children's Hospital salutes

Vision for Children at Risk

and shares their dedication to the Children of St. Louis.



SSM Cardinal Glennon Children's Hospital

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Preface

This is the sixth edition of the Children of Metropolitan St. Louis report published over the past 12 years. On individual risk factors, there have been changes -- some for better, others for worse -- in the condition of this community's children over that time. On a broad scale, however, the overall status of children and youth in the St. Louis metropolitan area has remained essentially unchanged. On average, St. Louis area children are about average compared to national norms. There are, however, stark disparities in the status of children and youth among the jurisdictions that make up the St. Louis region. While some children do unusually well, young people at the urban core often fare badly -- this is particularly true of poor and minority children.

In St. Louis, these disparities are more severe than in any of the metropolitan areas with which St. Louis compares and competes. There is an abundance of evidence that these stark disparities have undermined the growth, prosperity, and image of the entire St. Louis region. If the St. Louis region is to increase its vitality and remain sustainable, it must initiate serious civic efforts to improve the well-being of the community's most disadvantaged and imperiled children.

One need in promoting the well-being of the community's children is to increase the engagement of top business and civic leaders in addressing children's issues. Corporate and civic leaders in virtually every other major metropolitan area or more involved than their St. Louis counterparts in promoting the well-being of the community's children and youth. A wealth of economic development research demonstrates that investing in children and ensuring that adequate provision is made for their fundamental needs yields the highest returns in terms of community and economic development. In the St. Louis region, we have opted in large part not to make those investments. The cost has been overall decline in the quality of community life and lack of economic competitiveness.

A second priority need is to provide financial resources specifically to address the needs of the communities most imperiled children. This is particularly critical at the urban core, where severe problems persist and major reductions have occurred in state, federal, and philanthropic funding to address continuing -- or worsening -- problems. Select communities across the country have employed special mechanisms to generate dedicated revenues to address children's needs at the local level. It is time to give serious consideration to use of such a strategy in the St. Louis region.

New Missouri legislation allows local communities to establish a Community Children's Services Fund to address the types of problems and needs of young people outlined in this report. As children's problems persist, the financial resources to address them have diminished in recent years. Local communities in the St. Louis region need to take a hard look at establishment of Children's Services Funds to improve the well-being of children and promote overall community health. The need is particularly critical in the City of St. Louis that regularly ranks dead last when Missouri's 115 counties are rated on overall child well-being.



St. Louis Children's Hospital

joins Vision for Children at Risk in its commitment to raise awareness about the well-being of our kids. Thanks for your role in making children's needs a priority for our community.



BJC HealthCare[™]

Executive Summary

More than 582,000 children under age 18 reside in the five county region (St. Louis City, St. Louis County, and St. Charles County in Missouri, and Madison and St. Clair Counties in Illinois) that provides the focus for this sixth edition of the *Children of Metropolitan St. Louis (CMSL)* report. While many of these children are doing quite well, others are faring very poorly. Over 141,000 children, or almost 25 percent of children living in this five-county area, reside in ZIP codes where risks to their well-being are severe. An additional 45,000 children live in ZIP codes with high risk levels.

A key finding of this report is that the risk indicators examined disproportionately impact children of color. Of the 37 ZIP codes that have a minority population greater than the national norm of 31 percent, 26 ZIP codes, or 70 percent, rank in the severe risk category. An additional seven ZIP codes fall within the high risk category. Nearly 90 percent (89.2%) of the ZIP codes with a minority population above the national average are, therefore, in the severe-to-high risk category.

The quality of a child's life depends in large part on where in the St. Louis region he or she lives and attends school. Within the five-county area, stark disparities continue to exist related to the health and well-being of children. Of the 19 ZIP codes that make up the City of St. Louis, 14, or 74 percent, have a severe risk ranking. This compares to 17 percent of St. Louis County ZIP codes, 14 percent of St. Clair County ZIP codes, and 0 percent of St. Charles and Madison Counties ZIP codes.

The essential message of the *CMSL 2003* report is this: the extent to which we invest in the well-being of children and ensure their fundamental life needs are met will determine in large part of how they will succeed in life. It is a natural tendency upon receiving this report to look at the ZIP code where you reside to determine how well the children there are doing. In most cases, they will be doing well. It is important, however, that as regional citizens, we look beyond our own ZIP codes to see how all the community's children are fairing. All children-- regardless of where they reside, their race, or ethnicity-- must have equal access to quality healthcare and education, safe neighborhoods, strong family and community support, economic opportunity, and attention to their critical developmental needs. If we do not provide these things to all our children, then we, as region, fail them. Moreover, the quality of life of every individual and the strength of every business and community institution are compromised.

The data on the following pages should serve as a guide for our region to respond to the needs of children, identify key policies and programs that must be developed to better serve our children, and the level of intervention that is required. It is our hope that the data will be a call to action to civic and business leaders, parents, teachers, policy makers, funders, social workers, and all those in our community who have the ability to improve the lives of our children.

Data highlights from each of the critical needs areas addressed by the *Children of Metropolitan St. Louis* report and the St. Louis Children's Agenda initiative appear on the following page.

Family Support

Children need a safe, supportive environment in order to grow and thrive. Too often their well-being is threatened within their family-- the very setting in which children should be safest and most strongly supported. In the most severe cases, children must be removed from their own homes and placed in alternative, out-of-home care. Nationally, in 2002, 7.7 children per 1,000 were living in alternative care. In the five core counties of the St. Louis region, 46 ZIP codes exceeded the national rate. Of these 46 ZIP codes, 33 have rates more than double the national average.

Maternal/Child Health

Early and adequate prenatal care is a critical factor contributing to healthy pregnancies and infant development. When mothers do not receive prenatal care, infants are placed at greater risk of premature birth, low birth weight, long-term health problems, and infant mortality. Nationally, 3.9% of births in 2000 were to mothers who had received late or no prenatal care. The average rate for the St. Louis region was much higher at 8.2%. In over half of these ZIP codes, the rate was higher than the national average, and in 43 ZIP codes it was more than twice as high.

Quality Education

High school dropouts face reduced economic opportunities and higher risks of unemployment and imprisonment. They are less likely to be productive, successful citizens. In 2000 - 2001, the national high school drop out rate was 10.9%, while the statewide dropout rates in Missouri and Illinois were much lower, at 3.8% and 5.2% respectively. There are 52 school districts in this region, and none have dropout rates at or above the national average. However, nine Missouri school districts and nine Illinois school districts in these five counties have dropout rates higher than their respective statewide rates.

Safe Neighborhoods, Strong Communities

Children and families need to live in safe, supportive communities. Criminal activity in a neighborhood threatens the safety of all residents. According to the FBI, in 2001, the national crime rate was 41.6 per 1,000 residents, and the violent crime rate was 5.0 per 1,000. In 119 St. Louis area municipalities or city neighborhoods, the crime rate exceeds the national average, and in 106 local communities the violent crime rate is higher than the national average.

Economic Opportunity

Unemployment is a more serious problem now than any time in the last decade. The St. Louis community has been affected by the national economic recession, and poor communities have suffered the most. The national unemployment rate was 5.8% in 2000. There are 44 ZIP codes in this region where the unemployment rate was above the national average. The average unemployment rates for the whole of St. Louis City and St. Clair County were also above the national average. Almost one-half of St. Louis City ZIP codes had unemployment rates that more than doubled since the 2001 CMSL report.

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Introduction

Welcome to the *Children of Metropolitan St. Louis 2003*. Vision for Children at Risk is pleased to present the sixth edition of this publication. The *Children of Metropolitan St. Louis (CMSL)* reports on a number of indicators of child well-being primarily at the ZIP code level. In the past, this report has covered four core counties in the St. Louis region: St. Louis City and County in Missouri, and Madison and St. Clair Counties in Illinois. For the first time, we have added data from St. Charles County in this report. Because St. Charles is the fastest growing county in the region, its inclusion is important to creating a broad picture of how children in the St. Louis region are faring.

The *Children of Metropolitan St. Louis* report is intended to provide the St. Louis community with data and information on the status of our children. It is our hope that the data will spur and support strategic community efforts to create positive change, especially for those children most in need. Included in the *CMSL* is a description of the St. Louis Children's Agenda – one broadbased effort to create strategic change for children in our area. The *CMSL* 2003 includes a number of ZIP code level indicators of child well-being spanning multiple areas of concern. Although it was not possible for us to include all of the data we would have liked, we believe we have created a comprehensive picture of the status of St. Louis children. We hope that our work will assist you in your own efforts to protect, care for, and advocate for our region's children.

Why ZIP codes?

Use of ZIP code boundaries allow for a detailed look at the issues facing our region. When looking at citywide or countywide data, high risk and low risk neighborhoods are aggregated into an overall figure. ZIP codes are a part of our everyday language and experience. Data is often available for census tracts or voting districts, but people are less familiar with those geographies. ZIP codes also provide a "less political" target for examination as many cross county and city boundaries.

Although ZIP codes are a useful tool, they also create issues for data analysis. ZIP code boundaries are created by the U.S. Postal Service and often change. Some ZIP codes also have very small populations, making it difficult to report accurate social data. Where ZIP code data was not available, we used school districts as the unit of measure for educational data and jurisdictional boundaries for crime data.

Some Data Notes

Vision for Children at Risk strives to report accurate, useful data. Throughout the report percentages and rates have been calculated for the indicators. Much of the data we collected was from the years following the 2000 U.S. Census. In order to provide a more accurate picture of how children are faring in our region, we used population estimates to make many of the calculations. ZIP codes with small populations may show very high rates and have unstable data. For example, if a ZIP code had four births and three of those were to teenagers, the teen birth rate would be 75%. It is important to consider the raw data as you examine each of the indicators. We have provided the raw data in the report for your convenience and have indicated which ZIP codes have low populations on the data tables. A number of other factors can influence the indicators-- including changes in ZIP code boundaries, legislation, reporting systems, funding streams, etc.

For each indicator we have attempted to show on the maps the disparities in the data across the region. The data has been analyzed with the U.S. norm as a reference point. Data is analyzed in categories that fall above or below the national norm. When no such U.S. norm was available, the data was mapped around the average for the St. Louis region. In a few cases, the data for one ZIP code falls way outside the range of the other data. When such an anomaly occurs, the "outlying" data was not used in calculating the data around the norm.

Although we have tried to represent all the ZIP code boundaries on the maps, eight Illinois ZIP codes boundaries were not available on the software that was used to create the maps. Those ZIP codes, therefore, are not shown on the maps in this report. These include: 62012, 62058, 62059, 62086, 62088, 62275, 62282, and 62289.

Numbers vs. Real Life

It is important to realize when reviewing the data in this report that these numbers translate into real life circumstances for many of our region's children and families. We must do more than simply review the numbers presented in this report. Although it may seem daunting, the data should not discourage us, but rather, compel us into action. Now is the time to come together and make a commitment to improving the lives, health, and well-being of all the children in our region, particularly those at the greatest risk. What a stronger region we will be if we are able to make that promise to our children.

Courtney McDermott Research Coordinator Vision for Children at Risk

Data Needs

The goal of the *CMSL* report is to provide the most broad and accurate picture possible of the status of children in the St. Louis metropolitan region related to key indicators of their well-being. While we have presented more extensive data in this report than in previous publications, there are still many important aspects of child well-being for which ZIP code level data is not available. Below is a list of such indicators. The availability of data for these indicators would help the St. Louis community better understand the needs of our children and improve strategic efforts to enhance their well-being. We welcome your suggestions for additional data indicators that should be included in future publications of the *Children of Metropolitan St. Louis* report.

Family Support

Children awaiting foster or adoptive placement Children and youth who are homeless Substandard housing Families being served by CPS/DCFS

Critical Developmental Needs

Children needing child care
Children needing mentors
Children enrolled in mentoring programs
Children enrolled in Early Head Start and Head Start

Maternal/Child Health

Children without health insurance
All children who are lead poisoned
Childhood immunization rates
Drug/substance abuse exposed infants
Children born with special needs
WIC participants

Quality Education

Incidence of school violence/disruption Qualifications and quality of teaching staff Educational equity Achievement data Access to resources

Safe Neighborhoods & Strong Communities

Children in the juvenile justice system
Substance abuse rates
Gang membership
Access to youth development programs
Violent crime victims underage 18
Children receiving state funded mental health services
Arrest/convictions for drug use
Arrest/convictions of youth under age 18

Economic Opportunity

Youth employment opportunities

User's Guide

Reference Maps: The boundary maps on the following pages will assist you with identifying ZIP codes, school districts, and other geographies.

Population and Demographics: These maps and data tables provide information on the concentration of children, youth and minority populations for each ZIP code.

CMSL Indicators and Maps: This **CMSL** report includes 26 indicators of child well-being. All indicators are divided into six areas corresponding to the St. Louis Children's Agenda strategy categories: Family Support, Critical Developmental Needs, Maternal/Child Health, Quality Education, Safe Neighborhoods and Strong Communities, and Economic Opportunity. A seventh strategy, Community Capacity Building does not have any data associated with it, but does offer information on an initiative which can improve the well-being of children in the City of St. Louis.

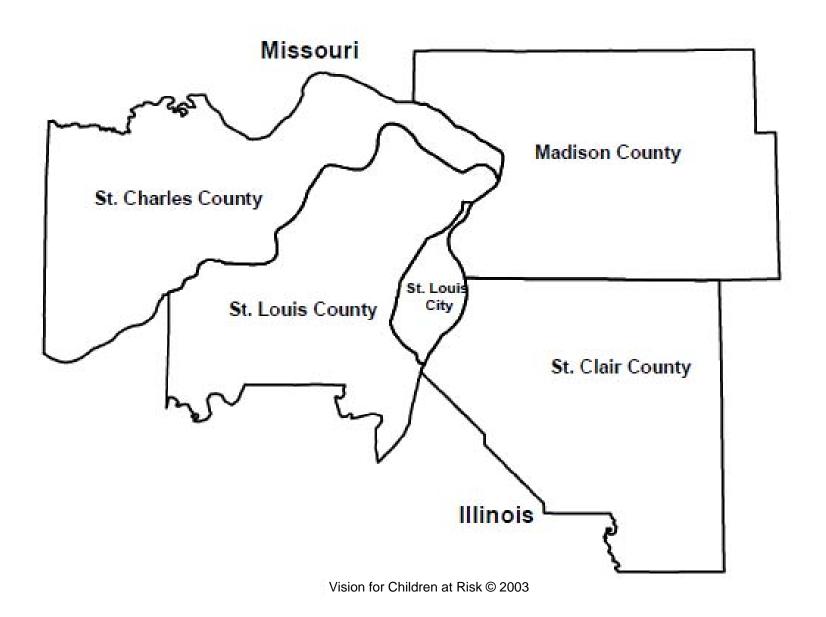
Composite Tables: A summary of the indicators collected for each ZIP code and school district.

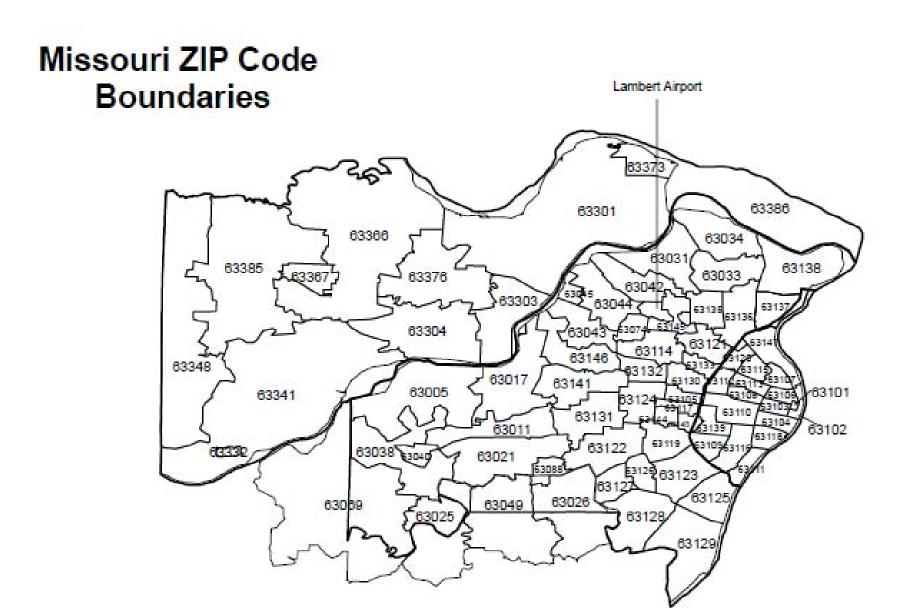
Trend Tables: Reliable trend data for a few of the indicators. Where possible, four years of trend data is presented. Not all years were available for Illinois or St. Charles County ZIP codes.

Raw Data: Original data used to calculate percentages and rates.

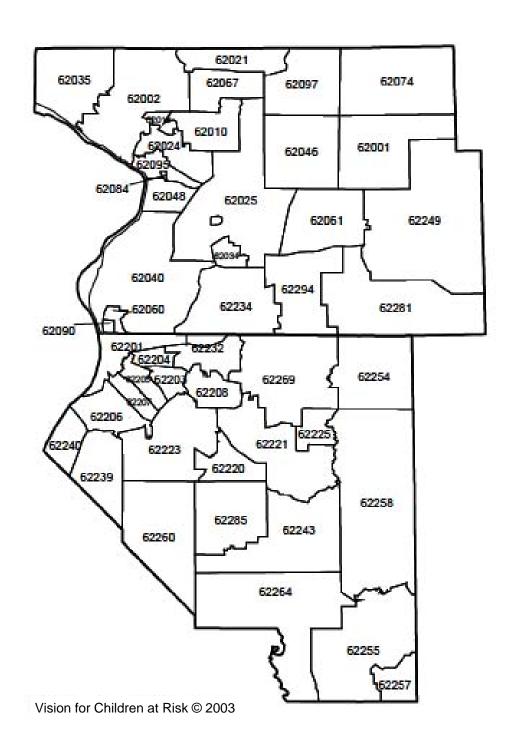
Appendices: List of data sources, comparative norms, and a summary of the methodologies used in this report.

Reference Maps St. Charles County, St. Louis City and County-Missouri Madison and St. Clair Counties-Illinois

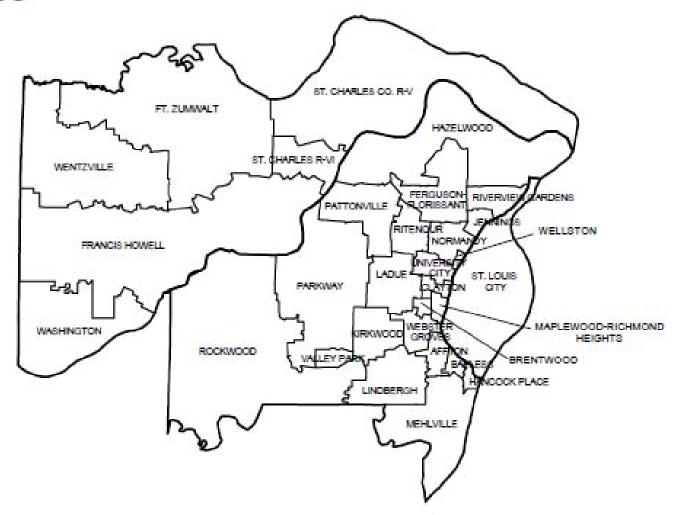




Illinois ZIP Code Boundaries

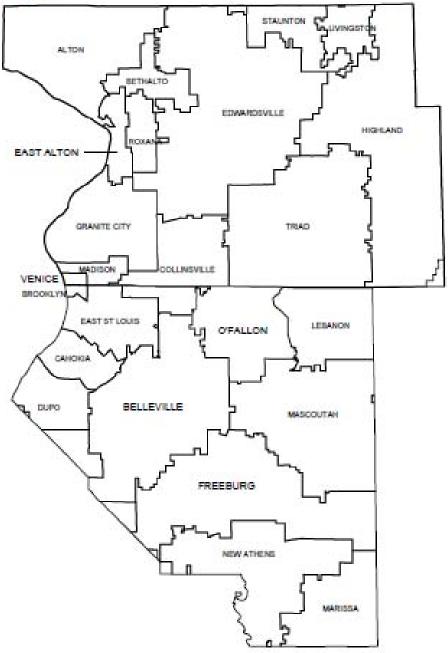


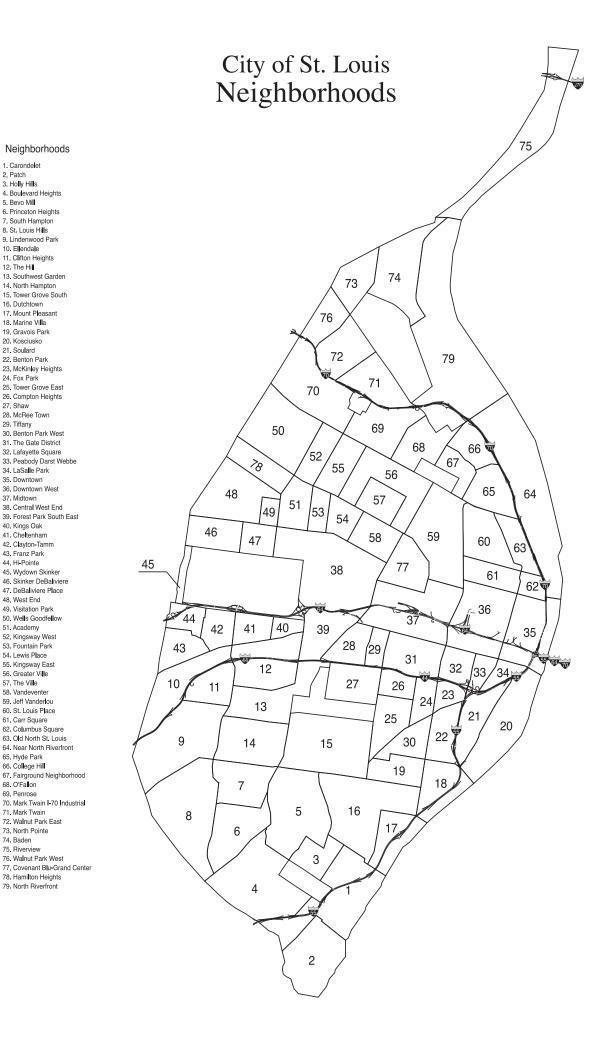
Missouri School District Boundaries



Illinois School District

Boundaries





Neighborhoods 1. Carondelet 2. Patch 3. Holly Hills 4. Boulevard Heights 5. Bevo Mill 6. Princeton Heights 7. South Hampton 8. St. Louis Hills

10. Ellendale 11. Clifton Heights 12. The Hi 13. Southwest Garden 14. North Hampton

15. Tower Grove South 16. Dutchtown 17. Mount Pleasant

18. Marine Villa 19. Gravois Park 20. Kosciusko 21 Soulard

22. Benton Park 23. McKinley Heights 24. Fox Park

25. Tower Grove East

26. Compton Heights 27. Shaw 28. McRee Town 29. Tiffany 30. Benton Park West

31. The Gate District 32. Lafayette Square

38. Central West End

39. Forest Park South East

34. LaSalle Park

35. Downtown 36. Downtown West

37. Midtown

40. Kings Oak

41. Cheltenham

42. Clayton-Tamm 43. Franz Park

44. Hi-Pointe 45. Wydown Skinker

46. Skinker DeBaliviere

47. DeBaliviere Place 48. West End 49. Visitation Park

50. Wells Goodfellow

52. Kingsway West

53. Fountain Park

55. Kingsway East 56. Greater Ville

58. Vandeventer 59. Jeff Vanderlou

60. St. Louis Place

62. Columbus Square

63. Old North St. Louis 64. Near North Riverfront

67. Fairground Neighborhood

61. Carr Square

65. Hyde Park 66. College Hill

68. O'Fa**l**on

69. Penrose

71. Mark Twain 72. Walnut Park East

76. Walnut Park West

78. Hamilton Heights 79. North Riverfront

73. North Pointe

74. Baden 75. Riverview

54. Lewis Place

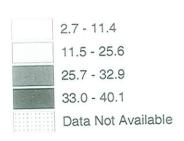
57. The Ville

51. Academy

33. Peabody Darst Webbe

POPULATION AND DEMOGRAPHICS

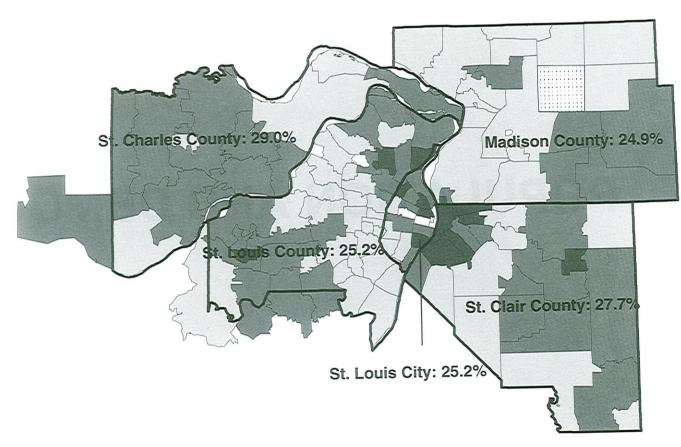
Percent of Population Under Age 18



Comparative Norms U.S.: 25.7% MO: 25.5%

MO: 25.5% IL: 26.1%

U.S. Census (2000)



Demographics Percent of Population under Age 18 DATA SOURCE: Claritas, Inc. (2002)

ZIP	% < 18	ZIP	% < 18	ZIP	% < 18	ZIP	% < 18	ZIP	% < 18	ZIP	% < 18
62001	20.8	62095	23.5	62260	24.6	63044	21.9	63121	26.4	63301	22.3
62002	24.9	62097	23.7	62264	25.0	63049	27.7	63122	23.9	63303	25.8
62010	25.9	62201	36.3	62265	27.1	63069	25.3	63123	20.4	63304	32.8
62012	*	62203	28.4	62269	27.5	63074	22.2	63124	22.4	†63332	23.1
62018	26.6	62204	37.0	62275	*	63088	23.7	63125	21.7	63341	28.6
†62021	24.0	62205	27.1	62281	26.7	†63101	25.2	63126	20.4	63348	28.6
62024	23.8	62206	33.9	62282	*	†63102	2.7	63127	20.3	63357	26.1
62025	22.3	62207	34.5	62285	26.0	†63103	5.6	63128	20.6	63366	32.1
62034	25.6	62208	23.2	62289	*	63104	27.5	63129	25.6	63367	25.5
62035	22.8	62220	25.8	62293	25.5	63105	19.1	63130	20.9	<u>†63373</u>	25.6
62040	24.8	62221	26.4	62294	28.8	63106	37.5	63131	25.8	63376	30.6
62046	*	62223	22.5	62298	26.2	63107	33.6	63132	22.9	63385	30.6
62048	23.3	62225	40.1	63005	31.3	63108	10.9	63133	31.6	†63386	27.0
62058	*	62226	23.4	63011	31.3	63109	19.1	63134	30.0		
62059	*	62232	24.0	63017	22.6	63110	28.8	63135	29.7		
62060	29.2	62234	23.5	63021	29.3	63111	26.0	63136	32.0		
62061	26.0	62236	26.3	63025	31.4	63112	25.4	63137	27.3		
62062	24.9	62239	25.0	63026	28.3	63113	28.9	63138	30.4		
62067	24.4	62240	27.4	63031	26.2	63114	25.2	63139	18.2		
62074	24.8	62243	27.8	63033	25.5	63115	28.1	<u>†63140</u>	35.8		
62084	23.4	62249	26.8	63034	27.2	63116	24.7	63141	21.7		
62086	*	62254	24.3	63038	32.9	63117	19.3	63143	18.9		
62087	28.1	62255	27.8	63040	33.6	63118	33.1	63144	19.3		
62088	*	62257	25.2	63042	23.0	63119	22.6	63146	18.4		
62090	37.0	62258	26.1	63043	22.4	63120	35.2	63147	27.2		

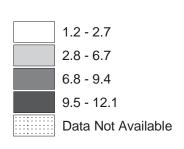
DATA NOTES

Calculation: (Total estimated 2002 population under 18/Total Estimated 2002 Population) x 100. Calculations made by Vision for Children at Risk.

[†] Denotes ZIP codes with a child population less than 300.

^{*} Data Not Available

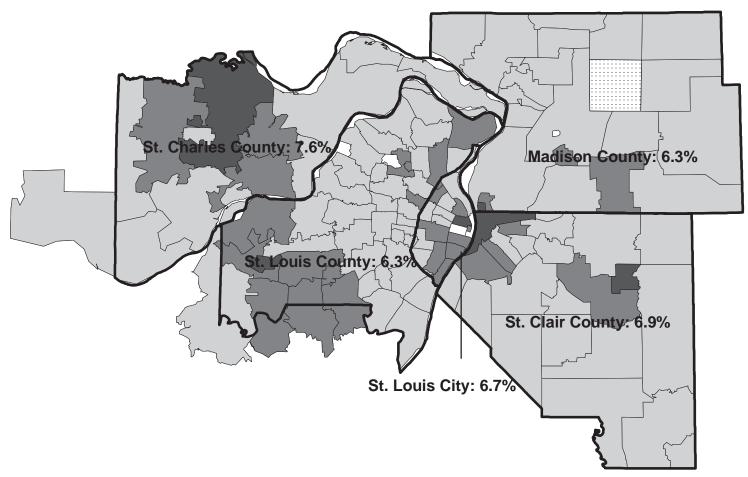
Percent of Population Under Age 5



Comparative Norms

U.S.: 6.8% MO: 6.6% IL: 7.1%

U.S. Census (2000)



Demographics Percent of Population under Age 5

DATA SOURCE: Claritas, Inc. (2002)

ZIP	% < 5	ZIP	% < 5	ZIP	% < 5	ZIP	% < 5	ZIP	% < 5	ZIP	% < 5
62001	4.5	62095	6.4	62260	5.9	63044	4.8	63121	6.5	63301	5.8
62002	6.7	62097	5.6	62264	6.0	63049	6.9	63122	6.3	63303	6.7
62010	5.9	62201	12.1	62265	6.4	63069	6.4	63123	5.1	63304	8.7
62012	*	62203	6.4	62269	6.4	63074	6.3	63124	4.5	†63332	4.7
62018	6.7	62204	9.3	62275	*	63088	9.2	63125	5.4	63341	6.4
†62021	4.8	62205	6.1	62281	5.9	†63101	8.3	63126	4.6	63348	6.3
62024	5.9	62206	7.8	62282	*	†63102	1.2	63127	3.6	63357	5.8
62025	5.4	62207	9.1	62285	6.5	†63103	1.8	63128	4.4	63366	9.6
62034	6.9	62208	5.7	62289	*	63104	8.3	63129	5.7	63367	6.0
62035	5.7	62220	6.6	62293	6.1	63105	3.7	63130	5.6	†63373	5.6
62040	6.1	62221	7.3	62294	6.8	63106	10.7	63131	5.4	63376	7.4
62046	*	62223	5.1	62298	6.4	63107	7.7	63132	5.7	63385	7.8
62048	5.9	62225	11.5	63005	7.2	63108	3.0	63133	7.2	†63386	4.8
62058	*	62226	5.9	63011	7.6	63109	5.9	63134	7.3		
62059	*	62232	6.0	63017	4.8	63110	7.3	63135	6.6		
62060	7.0	62234	6.1	63021	7.9	63111	7.5	63136	8.0		
62061	6.3	62236	6.6	63025	8.0	63112	6.1	63137	6.6		
62062	6.8	62239	6.1	63026	7.6	63113	6.0	63138	8.7		
62067	5.1	62240	6.2	63031	6.5	63114	6.7	63139	5.3		
62074	5.2	62243	5.8	63033	6.1	63115	6.5	†63140	9.2		
62084	6.4	62249	6.3	63034	5.1	63116	7.2	63141	4.8		
62086	*	62254	5.6	63038	7.3	63117	5.1	63143	6.1		
62087	6.3	62255	6.5	63040	9.7	63118	8.6	63144	5.8		
62088	*	62257	5.7	63042	6.0	63119	5.7	63146	5.0		
62090	10.4	62258	5.2	63043	6.0	63120	7.4	63147	5.8		

DATA NOTES

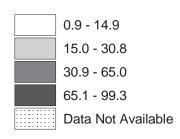
Calculation: (Total estimated 2002 population under 5/Total Estimated 2002 Population) x 100.

Calculations made by Vision for Children at Risk.

[†] Denotes ZIP codes with a child population less than 300.

^{*} Data Not Available

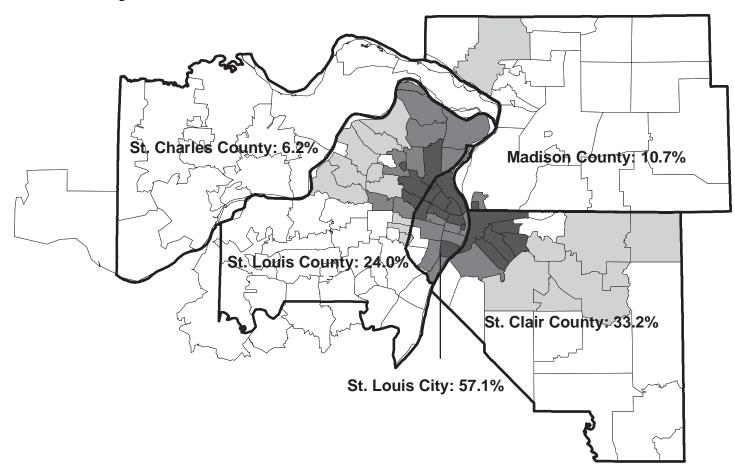
Percent of Population Classified as a Minority



Comparative Norms

U.S.: 30.9% MO: 16.2% IL: 32.2%

U.S. Census (2000)



Demographics Percent of Population Classified as a Minority

DATA SOURCE: Claritas, Inc. (2002)

ZIP	% Minority										
62001	1.8	62095	3.3	62260	2.4	63044	15.3	63121	84.3	63301	7.6
62002	25.3	62097	2.3	62264	2.3	63049	2.7	63122	8.3	63303	7.4
62010	2.8	62201	88.1	62265	5.4	63069	7.7	63123	5.4	63304	5.8
62012	*	62203	94.7	62269	18.4	63074	21.4	63124	6.8	63332	2.0
62018	7.1	62204	97.1	62275	*	63088	11.4	63125	5.9	63341	3.1
62021	2.9	62205	98.9	62281	2.9	63101	91.3	63126	5.4	63348	4.0
62024	3.4	62206	50.9	62282	*	63102	44.6	63127	4.9	63357	2.4
62025	11.4	62207	98.1	62285	2.8	63103	57.6	63128	3.1	63366	5.6
62034	10.7	62208	24.4	62289	*	63104	63.0	63129	3.9	63367	5.1
62035	7.5	62220	17.7	62293	2.7	63105	16.8	63130	50.7	63373	2.3
62040	8.0	62221	24.3	62294	5.2	63106	95.9	63131	6.5	63376	6.2
62046	*	62223	17.3	62298	1.7	63107	92.3	63132	45.5	63385	9.8
62048	1.9	62225	22.2	63005	8.3	63108	51.6	63133	90.8	63386	0.9
62058	*	62226	20.4	63011	9.5	63109	8.9	63134	64.9		
62059	*	62232	12.6	63017	10.6	63110	61.5	63135	51.7		
62060	58.6	62234	9.5	63021	8.9	63111	37.5	63136	86.3		
62061	2.3	62236	2.0	63025	3.1	63112	82.6	63137	54.0		
62062	6.3	62239	3.5	63026	3.9	63113	99.1	63138	62.4		
62067	2.8	62240	3.7	63031	16.7	63114	29.4	63139	13.7		
62074	2.5	62243	3.9	63033	50.9	63115	99.3	63140	81.0		
62084	1.9	62249	2.2	63034	36.3	63116	32.6	63141	12.5		
62086	*	62254	17.0	63038	5.6	63117	19.8	63143	25.1		
62087	3.1	62255	1.7	63040	6.6	63118	69.1	63144	12.3		
62088	*	62257	2.0	63042	23.8	63119	12.1	63146	17.7		
62090	93.2	62258	7.7	63043	15.8	63120	95.9	63147	92.7		

DATA NOTES

Calculation: ([Total estimated 2002 population - Total estimated White/Non-Hispanic 2002 population]/Total Estimated 2002 Population) x 100. Calculations made by Vision for Children at Risk.

^{*} Data Not Available

FAMILY SUPPORT

FAMILY SUPPORT

A safe, nurturing, and loving family is a fundamental right of all children. Unfortunately for some children, their well-being is threatened in the very context it should be the safest. Too many children in this region do not have the family support that is required for them to thrive. Most critically, many children do not have stable living situations with competent adult care-givers who will provide safe homes and nurturing, loving relationships.

The St. Louis Children's Agenda has identified three **fundamental needs** for which provision must be made to ensure that children realize their right to the support of a family:

- 1. Safe home environments
- 2. Stable living situations
- 3. Competent, nurturing, supportive adult care-givers

CHILDREN OF METROPOLITAN ST. LOUIS FAMILY SUPPORT INDICATORS

- Percent of children receiving Temporary Assistance for Needy Families (TANF)
- Percent of children receiving Food Stamps
- Percent of children receiving State Children's Health Insurance Program (SCHIP)
- Children living in alternative care rate per 1,000
- Percent of child abuse/neglect reports which required follow-up-Missouri
- Percent of indicated child abuse/neglect reports-Illinois
- Child abuse/neglect rate per 1,000-Missouri
- Child abuse/neglect rate per 1,000-Illinois

ST. LOUIS CHILDREN'S AGENDA FAMILY SUPPORT STRATEGIES

Strategy One: **Home Visitation-** Expand use of home visitation programs for newborns to screen for factors that present high risk of child abuse and neglect.

Lead Agency: Family Support Network

Strategy Two: **Foster and Adoptive Care Recruitment-** Support and expand existing community efforts to recruit and retain quality foster and adoptive homes.

Lead Agencies: Foster and Adoptive Care Coalition of Greater St. Louis and The Adoption Exchange

Strategy Three: **Foster Care Permanency Planning-** Provide needed resources in the form of staffing, budget, and transportation to the courts, state agencies, social service organizations, and Court Appointed Special Advocates to accelerate the permanency placement process through which children are placed in foster and adoptive homes.

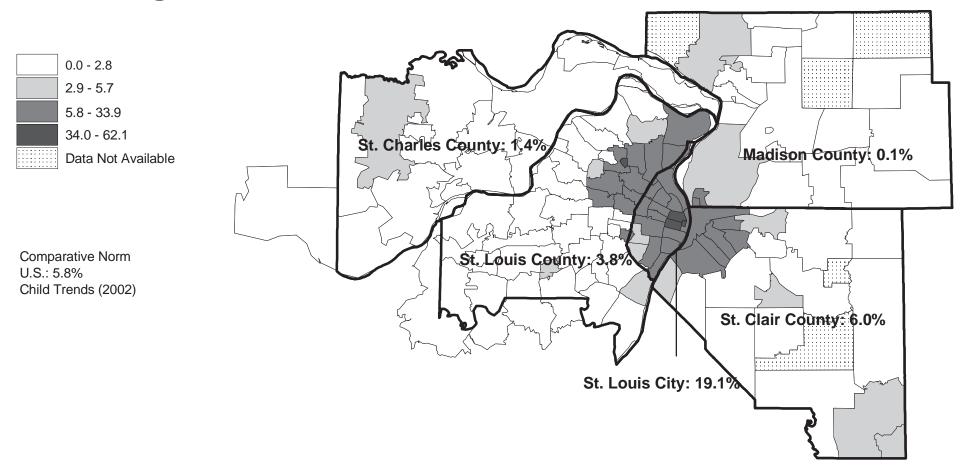
Lead Agencies: Foster and Adoptive Care Coalition of Greater St. Louis and Vision for Children at Risk

Strategy Four: **Family Development and Credentialing-** Increase the availability and quality of family support services directed to development of critical life skills through use of the Cornell University Family Development and Credentialing (FDC) Program model. *Lead Agency: Family Support Council*

Strategy Five: Supporting Foster Youth Transitions- Support youth in securing needed resources to establish independence as they transition out of the foster care system.

Lead Agency Network: Foster and Adoptive Care Coalition of Greater St. Louis

Percent of Children Receiving TANF



In 1996, the Temporary Assistance for Needy Families (TANF) program replaced Aid to Families with Dependent Children (AFDC) as the new federal welfare program. Since its inception, TANF caseloads have been reduced by nearly half nationwide. Reasons for the decline include a five year lifetime limit for receiving benefits and stricter work and eligibility requirements. In Missouri, the caseload has dropped by 46%, while Illinois has experienced a 78% reduction in its caseload. While child poverty dropped to a 20 year low of 16% in 2001, only 6% of the child population received TANF the same year.

Percent of Children Receiving TANF

CMSL Indicator #1

DATA SOURCE: Illinois Dept. of Public Aid (2002); Missouri Dept. of Social Services (as of February 28, 2003)

ZIP	% TANF	ZIP	% TANF	ZIP	% TANF	ZIP	% TANF	ZIP	% TANF	ZIP	% TANF
62001	0.9	62095	2.3	62260	0.6	63044	1.7	63121	14.1	63301	2.7
62002	5.4	62097	0.2	62264	1.1	63049	1.5	63122	1.3	63303	1.1
62010	2.0	62201	12.9	62265	1.0	63069	2.6	63123	0.7	63304	0.9
62012	*	62203	12.5	62269	1.3	63074	5.1	63124	0.2	†63332	0
62018	5.7	62204	17.6	62275	*	63088	3.7	63125	3.9	63341	0.2
†62021	0.5	62205	14.6	62281	0.6	†63101	62.1	63126	0.6	63348	0.9
62024	2.6	62206	10.5	62282	*	†63102	32.4	63127	0.2	63357	1.4
62025	8.0	62207	18.4	62285	0.6	†63103	61.4	63128	0.5	63366	1.2
62034	8.0	62208	1.4	62289	*	63104	25.0	63129	0.4	63367	0.6
62035	*	62220	3.5	62293	0.5	63105	0.3	63130	7.9	†63373	0
62040	5.2	62221	1.7	62294	0.6	63106	41.2	63131	0.1	63376	0.8
62046	*	62223	1.5	62298	0.2	63107	32.0	63132	7.4	63385	5.5
62048	1.2	62225	*	63005	0	63108	19.7	63133	24.7	†63386	1.3
62058	*	62226	2.7	63011	0.4	63109	3.1	63134	11.7		
62059	*	62232	3.0	63017	0.2	63110	18.7	63135	8.5		
62060	14.5	62234	2.4	63021	0.2	63111	16.3	63136	13.7		
62061	0.3	62236	0.3	63025	0.5	63112	31.2	63137	8.4		
62062	0.6	62239	2.6	63026	2.1	63113	32.1	63138	8.2		
62067	0.3	62240	4.1	63031	1.6	63114	7.3	63139	4.0		
62074	*	62243	*	63033	3.1	63115	27.3	<u>†63140</u>	55.1		
62084	1.2	62249	0.4	63034	1.0	63116	10.9	63141	0.3		
62086	*	62254	1.1	63038	0	63117	2.8	63143	6.4		
62087	5.6	62255	5.3	63040	0	63118	24.3	63144	0.5		
62088	*	62257	4.1	63042	2.7	63119	1.6	63146	0.8		
62090	16.5	62258	1.4	63043	1.5	63120	25.8	63147	20.6		

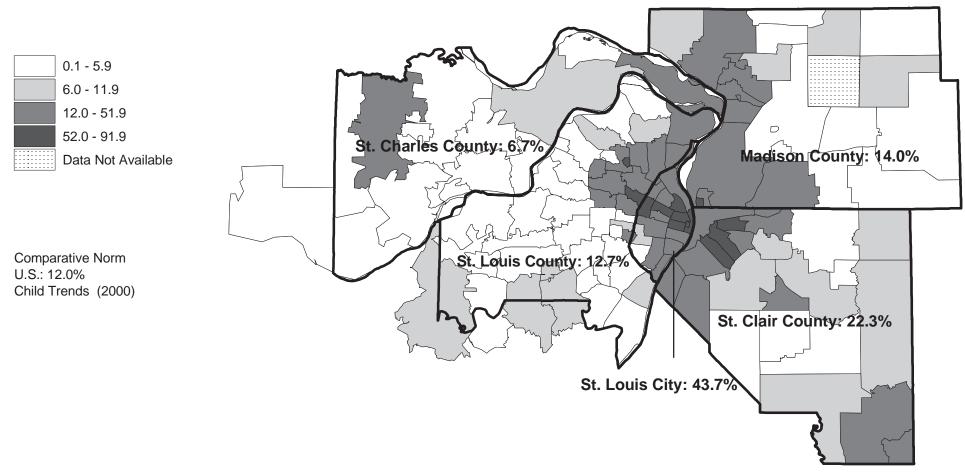
DATA NOTES

Calculation: (Number of TANF recipients under age 18/Total estimated 2002 population under 18) x 100. Calculations made by Vision for Children at Risk.

[†] Denotes ZIP codes with a child population less than 300.

^{*} Data Not Available

Percent of Children Receiving Food Stamps



The federally funded Food Stamp Program is designed to provide low-income families and individuals with adequate means to purchase food. According to the Children's Defense Fund, in 2001, 8.8 million children received food stamps. However, the need is much greater. In 2000, the USDA found that 13 million US children were "food insecure", meaning they had inadequate access to food resources.

Percent of Children Receiving Food Stamps CMSL Indicator # 2

DATA SOURCE: Illinois Dept. of Human Services (as of March 2003); Missouri Dept. of Social Services (as of February 28, 2003)

ZIP	% F.S.	ZIP	% F.S.	ZIP	% F.S.	ZIP	% F.S.	ZIP	% F.S.	ZIP	% F.S.
62001	8.1	62095	18.1	62260	4.2	63044	4.7	63121	34.1	63301	10.0
62002	26.0	62097	6.0	62264	9.7	63049	8.5	63122	2.8	63303	3.9
62010	8.9	62201	46.1	62265	6.6	63069	7.3	63123	3.4	63304	3.2
62012	*	62203	43.3	62269	5.6	63074	14.6	63124	0.3	†63332	2.7
62018	31.3	62204	65.5	62275	*	63088	7.4	63125	11.7	63341	0.5
†62021	1.5	62205	54.8	62281	3.3	†63101	91.9	63126	1.3	63348	4.8
62024	19.8	62206	40.5	62282	*	†63102	76.5	63127	2.9	63357	3.0
62025	5.4	62207	64.3	62285	2.5	†63103	74.8	63128	1.0	63366	5.1
62034	4.1	62208	8.1	62289	*	63104	47.9	63129	2.0	63367	2.5
62035	8.5	62220	14.6	62293	1.8	63105	1.0	63130	18.2	†63373	1.2
62040	19.7	62221	8.0	62294	4.3	63106	71.3	63131	0.5	63376	2.9
62046	*	62223	9.9	62298	2.5	63107	56.0	63132	16.9	63385	16.0
62048	19.3	62225	0.8	63005	0.1	63108	36.3	63133	61.3	†63386	12.6
62058	*	62226	10.7	63011	0.8	63109	5.8	63134	32.2		
62059	*	62232	16.4	63017	0.4	63110	39.0	63135	22.0		
62060	43.2	62234	12.3	63021	1.1	63111	35.8	63136	33.6		
62061	5.2	62236	1.4	63025	2.0	63112	55.1	63137	21.0		
62062	3.7	62239	12.1	63026	6.2	63113	57.0	63138	23.8		
62067	4.7	62240	19.7	63031	5.3	63114	18.5	63139	8.9		
62074	4.5	62243	2.8	63033	9.0	63115	50.5	†63140	84.0		
62084	14.9	62249	2.8	63034	2.4	63116	21.3	63141	0.7		
62086	*	62254	9.7	63038	0.5	63117	7.1	63143	13.8		
62087	26.8	62255	19.9	63040	0.3	63118	47.0	63144	1.7		
62088	*	62257	12.3	63042	10.2	63119	3.2	63146	2.3		
62090	52.9	62258	6.9	63043	4.0	63120	50.3	63147	36.4		

DATA NOTES

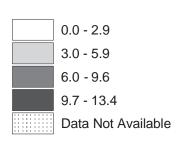
Calculation: (Number of Food Stamp recipients under age 18/Total estimated 2002 population under 18) x 100.

Calculations made by Vision for Children at Risk.

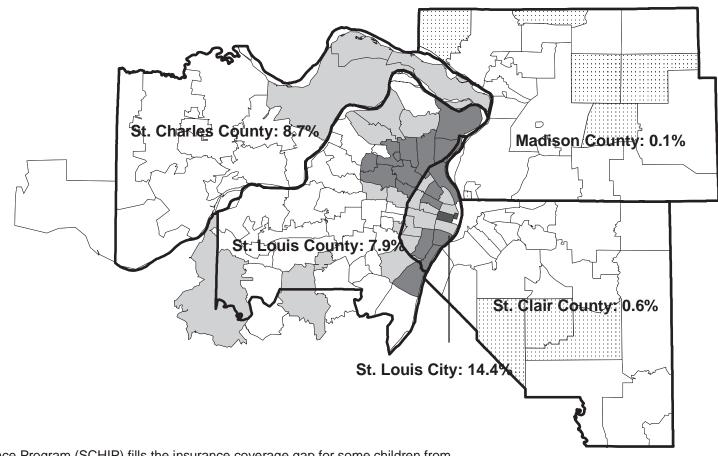
[†] Denotes ZIP codes with a child population less than 300.

^{*} Data Not Available

Percent of Children Receiving SCHIP



Comparative Norm U.S.: 6.0% U.S. Department of Health and Human Services (2001)



The State Children's Health Insurance Program (SCHIP) fills the insurance coverage gap for some children from working families whose incomes are too high for Medicaid eligibility, but too low to afford private health insurance. In 2001, 4.6 million children received health coverage from their respective SCHIP, up from 3.3 million the previous year. While many states choose to cover families up to 200% of the Federal Poverty Level (FPL), Missouri covers families up to 300% FPL. Illinois only covers families between 135-188% FPL, which explains the difference in the coverage percentages. With enrollments into SCHIPs on the rise, coupled with the increasing cost of health care, programs like Missouri's MC+ and Illinois' Kids Care are constant targets for budget cuts in fiscally struggling states.

Percent of Children Receiving SCHIP

CMSL Indicator #3

DATA SOURCE: Illinois Dept. of Public Aid (2002); Missouri Dept. of Social Services (as of February 28, 2003)

ZIP	% SCHIP	ZIP	% SCHIP	ZIP	% SCHIP	ZIP	% SCHIP	ZIP	% SCHIP	ZIP	% SCHIP
62001	*	62095	0.9	62260	*	63044	2.8	63121	7.9	63301	3.6
62002	0.8	62097	0.7	62264	0.2	63049	3.8	63122	1.4	63303	1.8
62010	0.9	62201	0.2	62265	0.3	63069	4.3	63123	3.7	63304	1.2
62012	*	62203	0.8	62269	0.3	63074	6.5	63124	0.8	†63332	0.8
62018	1.4	62204	0.3	62275	*	63088	3.7	63125	6.1	63341	1.4
†62021	*	62205	0.7	62281	0.4	†63101	11.1	63126	2.4	63348	2.2
62024	1.0	62206	0.8	62282	*	†63102	2.9	63127	2.0	63357	2.7
62025	0.4	62207	0.3	62285	*	†63103	13.4	63128	1.0	63366	2.2
62034	0.2	62208	0.7	62289	*	63104	4.6	63129	1.4	63367	1.4
62035	*	62220	0.8	62293	0.4	63105	0.9	63130	4.9	†63373	4.2
62040	0.4	62221	0.5	62294	0.3	63106	4.8	63131	0.1	63376	1.5
62046	*	62223	0.6	62298	0.3	63107	5.2	63132	4.8	63385	2.2
62048	0.9	62225	0	63005	0.2	63108	4.3	63133	8.1	†63386	4.6
62058	*	62226	0.4	63011	0.8	63109	4.3	63134	6.8		
62059	*	62232	0.9	63017	0.6	63110	4.6	63135	7.5		
62060	0.5	62234	0.7	63021	1.0	63111	8.1	63136	8.0		
62061	*	62236	0.2	63025	1.1	63112	5.6	63137	8.6		
62062	0.2	62239	0.8	63026	2.3	63113	6.0	63138	6.4		
62067	0.5	62240	0.4	63031	3.1	63114	6.5	63139	4.1		
62074	0.7	62243	*	63033	4.2	63115	6.2	†63140	7.1		
62084	0.3	62249	0.6	63034	1.7	63116	7.6	63141	0.5		
62086	*	62254	0.3	63038	0.7	63117	1.9	63143	4.9		
62087	3.1	62255	0.3	63040	0.7	63118	6.3	63144	1.9		
62088	*	62257	0.9	63042	5.1	63119	1.8	63146	1.9		
62090	*	62258	0.2	63043	1.8	63120	5.2	63147	7.2		

DATA NOTES

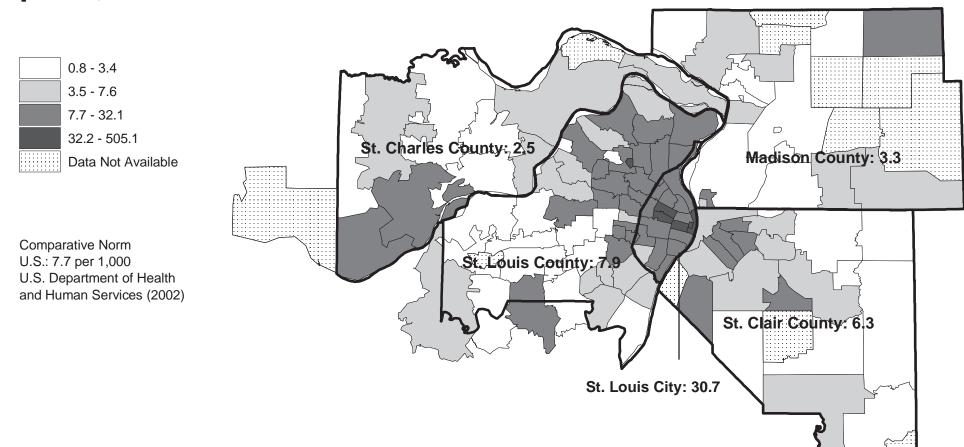
Calculation: (Number of SCHIP recipients under age 18/Total estimated 2002 population under 18) x 100.

Calculations made by Vision for Children at Risk.

[†] Denotes ZIP codes with a child population less than 300.

^{*} Data Not Available

Children Living in Alternative Care per 1,000



Alternative care includes foster care (non-relative, kinship, and therapeutic homes), adoptive homes, group homes, residential treatment facilities, hospitals, independent living, and other types of care. Foster care caseloads continue to grow across the country. In 2000, there were 588,000 children in the U.S. foster care system, up 20,000 from the previous count. There are a number of social problems that contribute to this increase, including poverty, substance abuse, AIDS, and incarceration of parents. Children of color are disproportionately placed in foster care. According to the U.S. Department of Health and Human Services, in 1980, 47% of children in the foster care system were children of color. Twenty years later, this number grew to 66%.

Children Living in Alternative Care Rate Per 1,000 CMSL Indicator # 4

DATA SOURCE: Illinois Dept. of Children and Family Services (as of February 2003); Missouri Dept. of Social Services (2002)

ZIP	Alt Care	ZIP	Alt Care	ZIP	Alt Care	ZIP	Alt Care	ZIP	Alt Care	ZIP	Alt Care
62001	*	62095	2.0	62260	1.3	63044	24.9	63121	27.8	63301	7.0
62002	6.0	62097	1.7	62264	4.8	63049	19.1	63122	3.0	63303	3.6
62010	3.6	62201	7.1	62265	1.6	63069	4.2	63123	5.1	63304	2.7
62012	*	62203	24.7	62269	1.7	63074	9.2	63124	2.3	†63332	15.6
62018	1.8	62204	13.4	62275	*	63088	2.7	63125	4.8	63341	9.6
†62021	*	62205	17.4	62281	4.2	†63101**	505.1	63126	4.1	63348	1.9
62024	2.4	62206	6.2	62282	*	†63102	117.6	63127	4.5	63357	*
62025	1.3	62207	13.4	62285	*	†63103	47.2	63128	4.2	63366	3.0
62034	2.0	62208	3.9	62289	*	63104	18.3	63129	3.1	63367	6.2
62035	3.2	62220	8.0	62293	*	63105	5.8	63130	22.3	†63373	*
62040	2.8	62221	4.8	62294	4.5	63106	22.0	63131	2.1	63376	2.8
62046	*	62223	4.2	62298	1.1	63107	21.8	63132	17.7	63385	6.8
62048	6.1	62225	0.9	63005	8.0	63108	56.7	63133	28.5	†63386	6.6
62058	*	62226	5.8	63011	1.3	63109	3.8	63134	17.7		
62059	*	62232	6.5	63017	1.7	63110	18.1	63135	15.9		
62060	10.9	62234	2.5	63021	2.1	63111	13.3	63136	24.5		
62061	*	62236	2.2	63025	2.5	63112	27.1	63137	17.9		
62062	5.6	62239	9.1	63026	2.2	63113	35.7	63138	18.1		
62067	*	62240	*	63031	18.4	63114	15.6	63139	10.1		
62074	9.4	62243	2.7	63033	15.1	63115	29.5	<u>†63140</u>	51.3		
62084	*	62249	*	63034	7.4	63116	7.7	63141	15.3		
62086	*	62254	1.5	63038	1.9	63117	10.7	63143	17.1		
62087	3.8	62255	3.0	63040	*	63118	19.3	63144	8.1		
62088	*	62257	*	63042	5.9	63119	17.2	63146	5.0		
62090	5.2	62258	2.1	63043	5.0	63120	21.8	63147	28.4		

DATA NOTES

Calculation: (Number of Children in Care X 1,000/Total estimated 2002 population under 18).

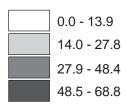
Calculations made by Vision for Children at Risk.

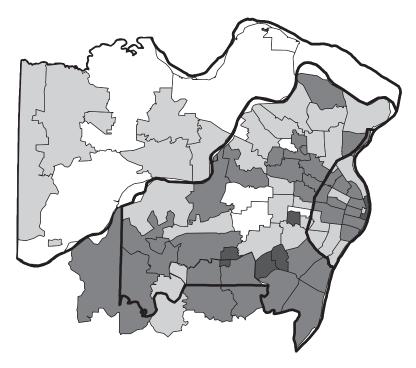
[†] Denotes ZIP codes with a child population less than 300.

^{*} Data Not Available

^{**} St. Louis City children identified as runaways use the ZIP code of the St. Louis City Children's Division office, 63101, which explains the high volume of children in alternative care for this ZIP code.

Percent of Child Abuse/Neglect Reports that Required Follow-Up Services (Missouri)*





^{*}Because Missouri and Illinois have two very different systems for handling child abuse and neglect hotline calls, this report displays the maps on different pages since the data from the two systems is not comparable. In Illinois, all calls go through an investigative track where reports are either found to be "indicated" or "not indicated". Missouri uses a two track system whereby hotline calls are tracked according to severtiy into investigations or family assessments. Missouri Child Protective Services (formerly the Division of Family Services (DFS)) requires follow-up services with families whose cases have gone through: 1) an investigation with substantiation, 2) an investigation with no substantiation, but recommended preventive services, and 3) a family assessment with recommended preventive services.

Percent of Child Abuse/Neglect Reports that Required Follow-Up Services (Missouri)

CMSL Indicator #5A

<u>DATA SOURCE</u>: Missouri Division of Family Services (2002-Through November 2002)

ZIP	% Follow-up	ZIP	% Follow-up	ZIP	% Follow-up	ZIP	% Follow-up
63005	20.0	63108	39.0	63133	28.9	†63386	0
63011	23.1	63109	26.4	63134	33.1		
63017	48.4	63110	33.1	63135	27.4		
63021	40.6	63111	26.1	63136	27.8		
63025	19.2	63112	36.7	63137	30.8		
63026	39.3	63113	26.6	63138	25.2		
63031	20.4	63114	29.6	63139	23.2		
63033	24.1	63115	40.9	†63140	36.4		
63034	36.0	63116	27.2	63141	5.9		
63038	28.6	63117	5.0	63143	23.9		
63040	33.3	63118	41.1	63144	58.3		
63042	20.0	63119	17.0	63146	30.0		
63043	21.4	63120	33.1	63147	25.9		
63044	14.3	63121	28.7	63301	13.9		
63049	34.1	63122	23.7	63303	20.2		
63069	44.7	63123	28.9	63304	18.9		
63074	29.9	63124	25.0	†63332	20.0		
63088	53.1	63125	43.9	63341	0		
†63101	26.7	63126	50.0	63348	27.8		
†63102	50.0	63127	68.8	63357	0		
†63103	30.4	63128	33.3	63366	10.4		
63104	42.9	63129	32.4	63367	21.2		
63105	20.0	63130	34.7	†633 7 3	0		
63106	34.8	63131	11.1	63376	16.3		
63107	33.2	63132	24.3	63385	23.2		

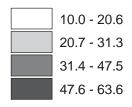
DATA NOTES

Calculation: (Number of child abuse/neglect reports that required follow-up services (investigation: substantiated, unsubstantiated preventive services needed and family assessment services needed) /Total alleged reports of child abuse/neglect) X 100.

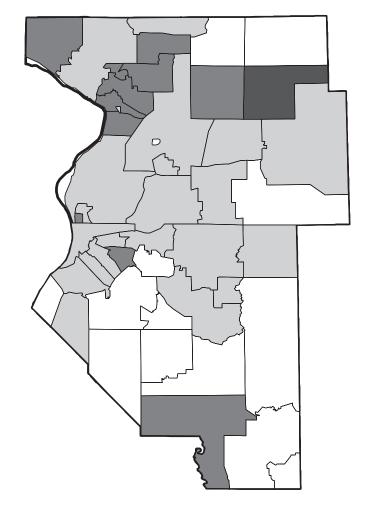
Calculations made by Vision for Children at Risk.

† Denotes ZIP codes with a child population less than 300.

Percent of Indicated Child Abuse/Neglect Reports (Illinois)*



Comparative Norm U.S.: 31.4% U.S. Department of Health and Human Services (2000)



*Nationally, 31.4% of child abuse reports were found to be "indicated" in 2000. This means that investigators found sufficient evidence to conclude that abuse or neglect had occurred. In Illinois, all child abuse and neglect hotline calls go through an investigative track where reports are either found indicated or not indicated. This process differs from the way the State of Missouri handles child abuse and neglect hotline calls.

Percent of Indicated Child Abuse/Neglect Reports (Illinois) CMSL Indicator # 5B

<u>DATA SOURCE</u>: Illinois Dept. of Children and Family Services (2002)

ZIP	% Indicated	ZIP	%Indicated	ZIP	%Indicated
62001	63.6	62095	33.3	62260	12.0
62002	28.5	62097	10.0	62264	37.5
62010	42.0	62201	27.5	62265	7.7
62012	21.9	62203	32.8	62269	27.2
62018	42.0	62204	27.9	62275	28.0
62021	25.0	62205	30.9	62281	20.0
62024	38.9	62206	22.6	62282	*
62025	25.0	62207	26.0	62285	12.5
62034	30.3	62208	17.4	62289	0
62035	34.6	62220	18.8	62293	22.2
62040	27.7	62221	25.8	62294	28.9
62046	33.3	62223	18.6	62298	44.7
62048	37.5	62225	25.0		
62058	37.5	62226	15.6		
62059	62.5	62232	23.1		
62060	25.7	62234	28.9		
62061	28.6	62236	23.5		
62062	43.8	62239	21.6		
62067	40.0	62240	19.0		
62074	20.0	62243	15.4		
62084	30.8	62249	28.2		
62086	23.1	62254	29.4		
62087	37.9	62255	14.3		
62088	21.6	62257	20.0		
62090	38.2	62258	14.8		

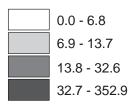
DATA NOTES

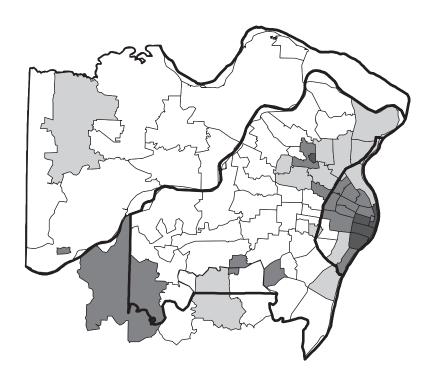
Calculation: (Number of indicated child abuse/neglect reports/Total alleged reports of child abuse/neglect) X 100.

Calculations made by Vision for Children at Risk.

^{*} Data Not Available

Child Abuse/Neglect Rate per 1,000 (Missouri)*





^{*}Child abuse includes physical and sexual abuse, emotional and psychological maltreatment, and neglect. Victims of child abuse or neglect are likely to suffer from psychological or behavioral problems including juvenile delinquency, alcohol and substance abuse, depression, and learning difficulties. Because Missouri and Illinois have two different systems of tracking child abuse/neglect cases, Missouri's child abuse/neglect victim rate is calculated using the number of victims in the following categories: 1) investigation with substantiation, 2) investigation with no substantiation, but recommended preventive services, and 3) family assessment with recommended preventive services.

Child Abuse/Neglect Rate per 1,000 (Missouri) CMSL Indicator # 6A

DATA SOURCE: Missouri Division of Family Services (2002-Through November 2002)

ZIP	Abuse Rate	ZIP	Abuse Rate	ZIP	Abuse Rate	ZIP	Abuse Rate
63005	0.2	63108	20.2	63133	13.9	†63386	0
63011	1.0	63109	3.2	63134	16.8		
63017	2.0	63110	14.2	63135	7.4		
63021	2.5	63111	13.9	63136	10.3		
63025	2.5	63112	22.8	63137	8.1		
63026	5.2	63113	22.6	63138	8.7		
63031	3.1	63114	8.7	63139	5.6		
63033	3.4	63115	21.6	†63140	51.3		
63034	2.4	63116	9.5	63141	0.7		
63038	1.0	63117	0.6	63143	8.3		
63040	0.7	63118	33.9	63144	4.7		
63042	6.6	63119	2.1	63146	1.7		
63043	3.4	63120	26.7	63147	13.5		
63044	1.9	63121	9.3	63301	4.8		
63049	12.8	63122	1.8	63303	2.3		
63069	16.9	63123	3.3	63304	2.5		
63074	9.5	63124	0.9	†63332	15.6		
63088	17.1	63125	11.8	63341	0		
†63101	25.3	63126	6.0	63348	5.6		
†63102	352.9	63127	16.8	63357	0		
†63103	35.4	63128	1.2	63366	2.0		
63104	33.1	63129	2.1	63367	3.3		
63105	1.1	63130	5.2	†633 7 3	0		
63106	24.7	63131	0.2	63376	1.9		
63107	24.1	63132	5.3	63385	8.1		

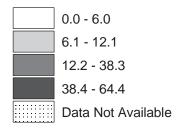
DATA NOTES

Calculation: (Number of child abuse/neglect victims X 1,000/Total estimated 2002 population under 18).

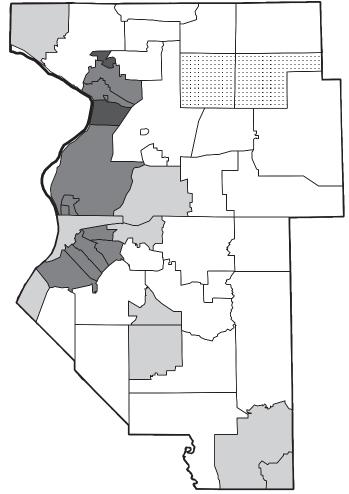
Calculations made by Vision for Children at Risk.

† Denotes ZIP codes with a child population less than 300.

Indicated Child Abuse/Neglect Rate per 1,000 (Illinois)*



Comparative Norms
U.S.: 12.2 per 1,000 children
IL: 9.7 per 1,000 children
U.S. Department of Health
and Human Services (2000)



^{*}According to the U.S. Department of Health and Human Services, in 2001, approximately 903,000 U.S. children were victims of abuse or neglect. Of these children, 1,300 died as a result of abuse or neglect. Because Missouri and Illinois have two different systems for tracking child abuse/neglect, Illinois' child abuse/neglect rate is calculated using the number of victims in all "indicated" child abuse/neglect reports.

Indicated Child Abuse/Neglect Rate Per 1,000 (Illinois) CMSL Indicator # 6B

<u>DATA SOURCE</u>: Illinois Dept. of Children and Family Services (2002)

62001 * 62095 20.5 62260 3.3 62002 0.1 62097 3.3 62264 3.6 62010 0.4 62201 9.9 62265 9.7 62012 * 62203 13.6 62269 3.7 62018 56.9 62204 22.6 62275 * †62021 0 62205 14.0 62281 0 62024 22.3 62206 14.9 62282 * 62025 3.3 62207 13.4 62282 * 62034 5.9 62208 4.5 62289 * 62035 11.5 62220 9.5 62293 3.5 62040 17.8 62221 4.3 62294 5.9 62046 * 62223 5.5 62298 4.8 62048 64.4 62225 2.7 62058 62298 4.8 62059 * 6	ZIP	Abuse Rate	ZIP	Abuse Rate	ZIP	Abuse Rate
62010 0.4 62201 9.9 62265 9.7 62012 * 62203 13.6 62269 3.7 62018 56.9 62204 22.6 62275 * †62021 0 62205 14.0 62281 0 62024 22.3 62206 14.9 62282 * 62025 3.3 62207 13.4 62285 6.3 62034 5.9 62208 4.5 62289 * 62035 11.5 62220 9.5 62293 3.5 62040 17.8 62221 4.3 62294 5.9 62046 * 62223 5.5 62298 4.8 62048 64.4 62225 2.7 6208 62298 4.8 62059 * 62232 8.9 62060 15.1 62234 10.9 62062 5.6 62239 5.0 62067 1.6 62240	62001	*	62095	20.5	62260	3.3
62012 * 62203 13.6 62269 3.7 62018 56.9 62204 22.6 62275 * †62021 0 62205 14.0 62281 0 62024 22.3 62206 14.9 62282 * 62025 3.3 62207 13.4 62285 6.3 62034 5.9 62208 4.5 62289 * 62035 11.5 62220 9.5 62293 3.5 62040 17.8 62221 4.3 62294 5.9 62046 * 62223 5.5 62298 4.8 62048 64.4 62225 2.7 62088 * 62232 8.9 62059 * 62232 8.9 * 62060 15.1 62234 10.9 62061 0 62236 2.5 62067 1.6 62240 9.4 62074 0 62243 4.	62002	0.1	62097	3.3	62264	3.6
62018 56.9 62204 22.6 62275 * †62021 0 62205 14.0 62281 0 62024 22.3 62206 14.9 62282 * 62025 3.3 62207 13.4 62285 6.3 62034 5.9 62208 4.5 62289 * 62035 11.5 62220 9.5 62293 3.5 62040 17.8 62221 4.3 62294 5.9 62046 * 62223 5.5 62298 4.8 62048 64.4 62225 2.7 62088 * 62298 4.8 62059 * 62232 8.9 * 62060 15.1 62234 10.9 62061 0 62236 2.5 62062 5.6 62239 5.0 62067 1.6 62240 9.4 62074 0 62243 4.0 62084 1	62010	0.4	62201	9.9	62265	9.7
†62021 0 62205 14.0 62281 0 62024 22.3 62206 14.9 62282 * 62025 3.3 62207 13.4 62285 6.3 62034 5.9 62208 4.5 62289 * 62035 11.5 62220 9.5 62293 3.5 62040 17.8 62221 4.3 62294 5.9 62046 * 62223 5.5 62298 4.8 62048 64.4 62225 2.7 62058 4.8 62058 * 62232 8.9 62060 15.1 62234 10.9 62061 0 62236 2.5 62062 5.6 62239 5.0 62067 1.6 62240 9.4 62074 0 62243 4.0 62084 12.2 62249 5.1 62086 * 62254 5.3 <td>62012</td> <td>*</td> <td>62203</td> <td>13.6</td> <td>62269</td> <td>3.7</td>	62012	*	62203	13.6	62269	3.7
62024 22.3 62206 14.9 62282 * 62025 3.3 62207 13.4 62285 6.3 62034 5.9 62208 4.5 62289 * 62035 11.5 62220 9.5 62293 3.5 62040 17.8 62221 4.3 62294 5.9 62046 * 62223 5.5 62298 4.8 62048 64.4 62225 2.7 62058 * 62226 5.3 62059 * 62232 8.9 * 62059 * 62232 8.9 62060 15.1 62234 10.9 * 62061 0 62236 2.5 62062 5.6 62239 5.0 * 62062 5.6 62239 5.0 62067 1.6 62240 9.4 * 62074 0 62243 4.0 62084 12.2 62249 5.1 <td>62018</td> <td>56.9</td> <td>62204</td> <td>22.6</td> <td>62275</td> <td>*</td>	62018	56.9	62204	22.6	62275	*
62024 22.3 62206 14.9 62262 6.3 62025 3.3 62207 13.4 62285 6.3 62034 5.9 62208 4.5 62289 * 62035 11.5 62220 9.5 62293 3.5 62040 17.8 62221 4.3 62294 5.9 62046 * 62223 5.5 62298 4.8 62048 64.4 62225 2.7 62058 * 62298 4.8 62058 * 62226 5.3 62298 4.8 62059 * 62232 8.9 62060 15.1 62234 10.9 62061 0 62236 2.5 62062 5.6 62239 5.0 62067 1.6 62240 9.4 62074 0 62243 4.0 62084 12.2 62249 5.1 62087 34.5	†62021	0	62205	14.0	62281	0
62034 5.9 62208 4.5 62289 * 62035 11.5 62220 9.5 62293 3.5 62040 17.8 62221 4.3 62294 5.9 62046 * 62223 5.5 62298 4.8 62048 64.4 62225 2.7 62058 * 62298 4.8 62058 * 62226 5.3 62298 4.8 62059 * 62236 5.3 62298 4.8 62059 * 62232 8.9 62232 8.9 62060 15.1 62234 10.9 62061 0 62236 2.5 62062 5.6 62239 5.0 62062 5.6 62239 5.0 62067 1.6 62240 9.4 62074 0 62243 4.0 62084 12.2 62249 5.1 62086 * 62254 5.3 62087 34.5 62255 11.9 1.9	62024	22.3	62206	14.9	62282	*
62035 11.5 62220 9.5 62293 3.5 62040 17.8 62221 4.3 62294 5.9 62046 * 62223 5.5 62298 4.8 62048 64.4 62225 2.7 62058 * 62226 5.3 62059 * 62232 8.9 8.9 62060 15.1 62234 10.9 62061 0 62236 2.5 62062 5.6 62239 5.0 62062 5.6 62239 5.0 62067 1.6 62240 9.4 62074 0 62243 4.0 62084 12.2 62249 5.1 62086 * 62254 5.3 62087 34.5 62255 11.9 62088 * 62257 9.7	62025	3.3	62207	13.4	62285	6.3
62040 17.8 62221 4.3 62294 5.9 62046 * 62223 5.5 62298 4.8 62048 64.4 62225 2.7 62058 * 62226 5.3 62059 * 62232 8.9 8.9 62060 15.1 62234 10.9 62061 0 62236 2.5 62062 5.6 62239 5.0 62067 1.6 62240 9.4 62074 0 62243 4.0 62084 12.2 62249 5.1 62086 * 62254 5.3 62087 34.5 62255 11.9 62088 * 62257 9.7	62034	5.9	62208	4.5	62289	*
62046 * 62223 5.5 62298 4.8 62048 64.4 62225 2.7 62058 * 62226 5.3 62059 * 62232 8.9 62060 15.1 62234 10.9 62061 0 62236 2.5 62062 5.6 62239 5.0 62067 1.6 62240 9.4 62074 0 62243 4.0 62084 12.2 62249 5.1 62086 * 62254 5.3 62087 34.5 62255 11.9 62088 * 62257 9.7	62035	11.5	62220	9.5	62293	3.5
62048 64.4 62225 2.7 62058 * 62226 5.3 62059 * 62232 8.9 62060 15.1 62234 10.9 62061 0 62236 2.5 62062 5.6 62239 5.0 62074 0 62240 9.4 62084 12.2 62249 5.1 62086 * 62254 5.3 62087 34.5 62255 11.9 62088 * 62257 9.7	62040	17.8	62221	4.3	62294	5.9
62058 * 62226 5.3 62059 * 62232 8.9 62060 15.1 62234 10.9 62061 0 62236 2.5 62062 5.6 62239 5.0 62067 1.6 62240 9.4 62074 0 62243 4.0 62084 12.2 62249 5.1 62086 * 62254 5.3 62087 34.5 62255 11.9 62088 * 62257 9.7	62046	*	62223	5.5	62298	4.8
62059 * 62232 8.9 62060 15.1 62234 10.9 62061 0 62236 2.5 62062 5.6 62239 5.0 62067 1.6 62240 9.4 62074 0 62243 4.0 62084 12.2 62249 5.1 62086 * 62254 5.3 62087 34.5 62255 11.9 62088 * 62257 9.7	62048	64.4	62225	2.7		
62039 62232 8.9 62060 15.1 62234 10.9 62061 0 62236 2.5 62062 5.6 62239 5.0 62067 1.6 62240 9.4 62074 0 62243 4.0 62084 12.2 62249 5.1 62086 * 62254 5.3 62087 34.5 62255 11.9 62088 * 62257 9.7	62058	*	62226	5.3		
62061 0 62236 2.5 62062 5.6 62239 5.0 62067 1.6 62240 9.4 62074 0 62243 4.0 62084 12.2 62249 5.1 62086 * 62254 5.3 62087 34.5 62255 11.9 62088 * 62257 9.7	62059	*	62232	8.9		
62062 5.6 62239 5.0 62067 1.6 62240 9.4 62074 0 62243 4.0 62084 12.2 62249 5.1 62086 * 62254 5.3 62087 34.5 62255 11.9 62088 * 62257 9.7	62060	15.1	62234	10.9		
62067 1.6 62240 9.4 62074 0 62243 4.0 62084 12.2 62249 5.1 62086 * 62254 5.3 62087 34.5 62255 11.9 62088 * 62257 9.7	62061	0	62236	2.5		
62074 0 62243 4.0 62084 12.2 62249 5.1 62086 * 62254 5.3 62087 34.5 62255 11.9 62088 * 62257 9.7	62062	5.6	62239	5.0		
62084 12.2 62249 5.1 62086 * 62254 5.3 62087 34.5 62255 11.9 62088 * 62257 9.7	62067	1.6	62240	9.4		
62086 * 62254 5.3 62087 34.5 62255 11.9 62088 * 62257 9.7	62074	0	62243	4.0		
62087 34.5 62255 11.9 62088 * 62257 9.7	62084		62249	5.1		
62088 * 62257 9.7	62086	*	62254	5.3		
02000 02237 9.7	62087	34.5	62255	11.9		
62090 33.0 62258 3.2	62088	*	62257	9.7		
	62090	33.0	62258	3.2		

DATA NOTES

Calculation: (Number of indicated child abuse/neglect victims X 1,000/Total estimated 2002 population under 18). Calculations made by Vision for Children at Risk.

[†] Denotes ZIP codes with a child population less than 300.

^{*} Data Not Available

CRITICAL DEVELOPMENTAL NEEDS

CRITICAL DEVELOPMENTAL NEEDS

From birth, a child's critical developmental needs must be fostered. Brain development in the early years of life is a critical component to a child's future learning abilities and social success. All children deserve quality, affordable child care which will promote vital brain development. Quality child care is frequently inaccessible due to the high costs associated with it. All children, despite income levels, are entitled to the kind of child care which will allow them to realize their full potential. In order to learn how to develop strong relationships, children need positive adult role models to be active in their lives.

All children with developmental disabilities and special needs must have equal access to quality programs which will assist them in functioning effectively.

The St. Louis Children's Agenda has identified three fundamental needs for which provision must be made:

- 1. Quality early care and education
- 2. Individual relationships with positive adult role models
- 3. Attention to developmental disabilities and special needs

CHILDREN OF METROPOLITAN ST. LOUIS
CRITICAL DEVELOPMENTAL NEEDS INDICATORS

- Average weekly market rate of child care
- Total licensed child care capacity

St. Louis Children's Agenda Critical Developmental Needs Strategies

Strategy Six: **Model Child Care Policies-** Enhance the supply of quality child care by improving state and local policies related to reimbursement rates, subsidization of unregulated care, program regulation and quality, and program support. Develop model policies related to these issues and implement specific elements of the plan on an incremental basis.

Lead Agency: Child Day Care Association

Strategy Seven: **T.E.A.C.H. Program-** Employ T.E.A.C.H.® (Teacher Education and Compensation Helps) Program model to improve compensation and education for child care providers.

Lead Agency: Missouri Child Care Resource and Referral Network

Strategy Eight: **Early Child Care and Education Data and Information System-** Work with all stakeholders to develop a regional data and information system that can facilitate establishment and maintenance of quality early care and education services that are accessible and affordable.

Lead Agency: E. Desmond Lee Technology and Learning Center- University of Missouri- St. Louis

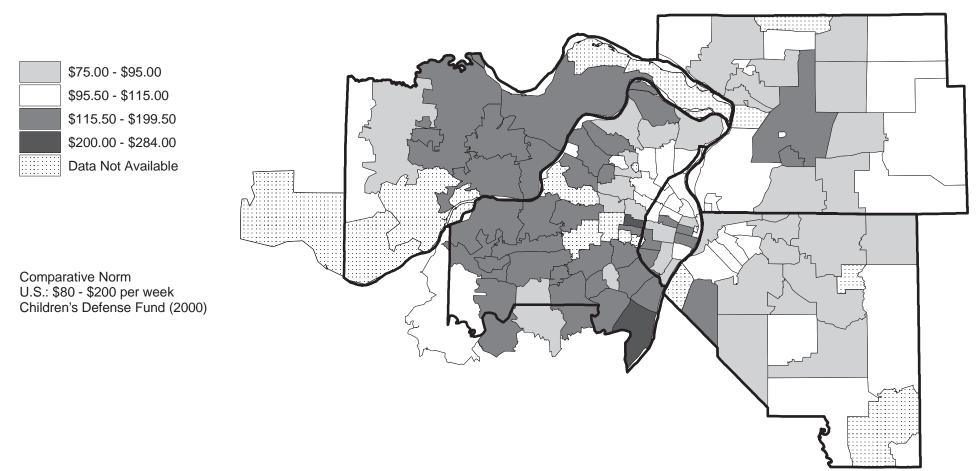
Strategy Nine: **Special Needs Advocacy and Services-** Increase the supply and quality of placement assistance and support services for families and service providers in order to better serve children with special needs.

Lead Agency: No lead agency identified.

Strategy Ten: **Character Education-** As part of efforts to promote character development and education, employ a variety of program models to develop positive social interaction and self-esteem among children and youth.

Lead Agency: No lead agency identified.

Average Weekly Market Rate of Child Care



According to the Children's Defense Fund, the average annual cost of center-based child care for a preschooler is more than the average annual public college tuition in 49 states. Child care is most expensive in urban areas, and high quality child care is unaffordable for many low-and middle-income families. However, child care providers cannot lower the cost of their services without undermining their capacities to operate safe, high quality programs. Although limited child care subsidies are available, the income eligibility criteria are set well below federal poverty guidelines in both Missouri and Illinois. This prevents many families from receiving the assistance for which they should qualify.

Average Weekly Market Rate of Child Care CMSL Indicator # 7

DATA SOURCE: Children's Home and Aid Society of Illinois (as of March 2003); Child Day Care Association (as of March 2003)

ZIP	Mkt Rate										
62001	\$77	62095	\$100	62260	\$98	63044	\$125	63121	\$89.50	63301	\$122
62002	\$101	62097	\$97	62264	\$95	63049	\$106	63122	\$164	63303	\$130.00
62010	\$103	62201	\$103	62265	\$88	63069	\$85.50	63123	\$159	63304	\$139
62012	*	62203	\$93	62269	\$109	63074	\$122	63124	*	63332	*
62018	\$90	62204	\$92	62275	*	63088	\$184.50	63125	\$121.50	63341	*
62021	*	62205	\$93	62281	\$89	63101	*	63126	\$105	63348	\$75
62024	\$102	62206	\$91	62282	\$103	63102	*	63127	\$165	63357	*
62025	\$125	62207	\$92	62285	\$93	63103	\$138.50	63128	\$142	63366	\$122
62034	\$120	62208	\$97	62289	*	63104	\$117.50	63129	\$284	63367	\$137.50
62035	\$91	62220	\$99	62293	\$86	63105	\$221.50	63130	\$105	63373	*
62040	\$92	62221	\$101	62294	\$105	63106	\$106.50	63131	*	63376	\$132
62046	\$114	62223	\$101	62298	\$119	63107	\$86	63132	\$111.50	63385	\$115.50
62048	*	62225	*	63005	\$180	63108	\$119	63133	\$93	63386	*
62058	*	62226	\$100	63011	\$162	63109	\$127	63134	\$110		
62059	*	62232	\$99	63017	\$165	63110	\$106	63135	\$93		
62060	\$89	62234	\$104	63021	\$162	63111	\$100.50	63136	\$95		
62061	\$106	62236	\$130	63025	\$140	63112	\$92.50	63137	\$87		
62062	\$111	62239	\$121	63026	\$131	63113	\$81	63138	\$99.50		
62067	\$90	62240	*	63031	\$114	63114	\$102	63139	\$145.50		
62074	\$87	62243	\$109	63033	\$97	63115	\$88	63140	*		
62084	\$108	62249	\$87	63034	\$169	63116	\$101.50	63141	\$168.50		
62086	*	62254	\$96	63038	\$191	63117	\$164	63143	\$121		
62087	\$125	62255	*	63040	\$192	63118	\$94	63144	\$225		
62088	*	62257	\$91	63042	\$127	63119	\$136.50	63146	\$116		
62090	\$90	62258	\$86	63043	\$137	63120	\$87.50	63147	\$84.50		

DATA NOTES

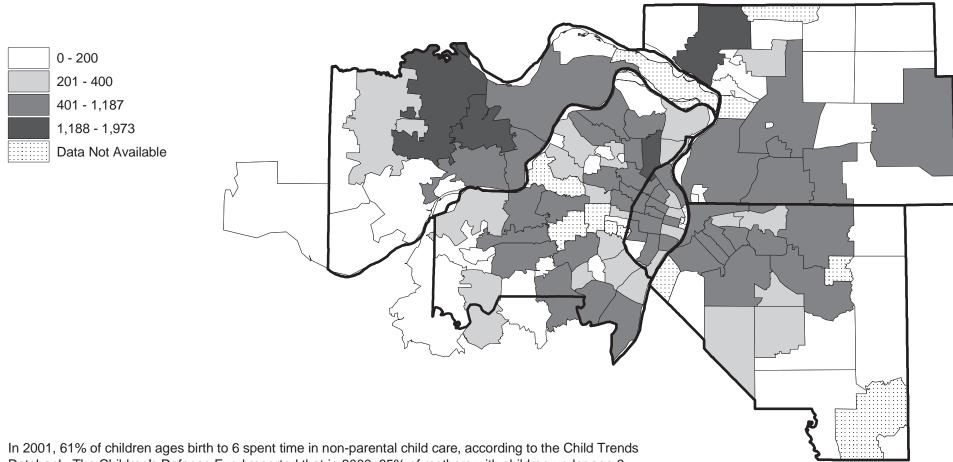
Calculation: MO: avg. rate 0-2 yrs. + avg. rate 2-5 yrs.

IL: avg. infant care + avg. toddler care + avg. 2 yrs. + avg. 3 and 4 yrs. + avg. 5 yrs. and kindergarten

Calculations made by Vision for Children at Risk.

* Data Not Available

Licensed Child Care Capacity



Databank. The Children's Defense Fund reported that in 2000, 65% of mothers with children under age 6 and 78% of mothers with children ages 6 to 13 were in the labor force. High quality child care is critical, not only for permitting parents to work, but for preparing children to experience academic and social success into adulthood. Yet quality child care is often unavailable or inaccessible. The licensed child care capacity reflects the number of children that can be served by licensed providers in a given area. While licensure is not the only measure of quality for child care providers, it is an important indicator that a provider meets established standards. The number of children who need quality child care may exceed the licensed child care capacity in many areas.

Licensed Child Care Capacity

CMSL Indicator #8

DATA SOURCE: Children's Home and Aid Society of Illinois (as of March 2003); Child Day Care Association (as of March 2003)

ZIP	Lic Cap										
62001	68	62095	40	62260	232	63044	232	63121	933	63301	704
62002	1,243	62097	10	62264	62	63049	188	63122	494	63303	762
62010	243	62201	538	62265	65	63069	143	63123	210	63304	594
62012	*	62203	689	62269	657	63074	85	63124	*	63332	15
62018	15	62204	360	62275	*	63088	117	63125	235	63341	100
62021	*	62205	765	62281	43	63101	*	63126	50	63348	26
62024	132	62206	678	62282	68	63102	*	63127	234	63357	0
62025	957	62207	436	62285	210	63103	470	63128	753	63366	1,211
62034	646	62208	430	62289	*	63104	318	63129	933	63367	266
62035	112	62220	346	62293	40	63105	294	63130	770	63373	0
62040	1,086	62221	833	62294	447	63106	343	63131	*	63376	1,973
62046	124	62223	598	62298	457	63107	394	63132	204	63385	267
62048	*	62225	*	63005	259	63108	489	63133	535	63386	*
62058	*	62226	505	63011	986	63109	153	63134	314		
62059	*	62232	249	63017	541	63110	567	63135	522		
62060	65	62234	620	63021	708	63111	286	63136	1,475		
62061	50	62236	631	63025	240	63112	487	63137	308		
62062	224	62239	130	63026	656	63113	477	63138	351		
62067	107	62240	*	63031	526	63114	565	63139	413		
62074	24	62243	104	63033	610	63115	981	63140	60		
62084	125	62249	509	63034	80	63116	407	63141	1,049		
62086	*	62254	91	63038	177	63117	86	63143	168		
62087	12	62255	*	63040	188	63118	893	63144	562		
62088	*	62257	6	63042	565	63119	374	63146	833		
62090	96	62258	192	63043	323	63120	492	63147	494		

DATA NOTES

This indicator provides only a point-in-time look at the number of licensed providers available in each ZIP code. The number of child-care providers can change dramatically over time.

^{*} Data Not Available

MATERNAL/ CHILD HEALTH

MATERNAL/CHILD HEALTH

Ensuring that all mothers receive early and adequate prenatal care increases the chances that children will get a healthy start at life. Access to and receipt of quality health care is an essential component to the overall health and well-being of a child. Because provision of quality health care is based on whether one has health insurance, health care to children, especially poor children, is often inadequate. Thus, many critical health care needs of mothers and children go unmet.

The St. Louis Children's Agenda has identified three **fundamental needs** for which provision must be made to ensure that children realize their right to maternal/child health care.

- 1. Prenatal care and nutrition
- 2. Accessible primary health care for children and mothers
- 3. Accountability in the managed health care system

CHILDREN OF METROPOLITAN ST. LOUIS MATERNAL/CHILD HEALTH INDICATORS

- Percent of births to teenage mothers
- Percent of births with low birth weight
- Percent of live births with no or inadequate prenatal care
- Five-year infant mortality rate

St. Louis Children's Agenda Maternal/Child Health Strategies

Strategy Eleven: Reduce Infant Mortality- Establish a Fetal Infant Mortality Review (FIMR) program in St. Louis with the goals of (1) providing sound data on infant mortality; and (2) employing best practice strategies to reduce infant mortality.

Lead Agencies: March of Dimes and Maternal Child Family Health Coalition

Strategy Twelve: Establish and Maintain a Maternal/Child Health Coalition- Establish a St. Louis Regional Maternal, Child, Family Health Coalition to provide a vehicle for systematically examining and addressing issues related to the quality and accessibility of maternal/child health care.

Lead Agency: March of Dimes

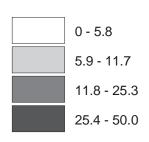
Strategy Thirteen: Health Care Access- Establish mechanisms to work in collaboration with various aspects of the Medicaid managed health care system to enhance maternal/child health access and outcomes.

Lead Agencies: March of Dimes and Maternal Child Family Health Coalition

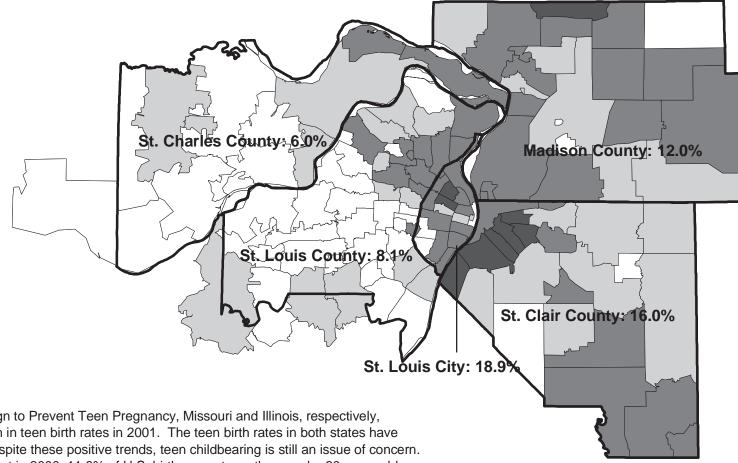
Strategy Fourteen: **Maternal/Child Health Advocacy-** Through the mechanism of the Maternal, Child, Family Health Coalition, conduct legislative advocacy and issue-specific social marketing to promote maternal/child health.

Lead Agency: March of Dimes and Maternal Child Family Health Coalition

Strategy Fifteen: Teen Pregnancy Prevention- Initiate teen pregnancy prevention strategies based on best practices in the field. *Lead Agency: Teen Pregnancy Prevention Partnership* Percent of Births to Teenage Mothers



Comparative Norm U.S.: 11.8% Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (2000)



According to the National Campaign to Prevent Teen Pregnancy, Missouri and Illinois, respectively, ranked 32nd and 34th in the nation in teen birth rates in 2001. The teen birth rates in both states have declined over 27% since 1991. Despite these positive trends, teen childbearing is still an issue of concern. Child Trends Databank reported that in 2000, 11.8% of U.S. births were to mothers under 20 years old, and this percentage was higher for African American (19.7%) and Hispanic (16.2%) mothers. National Vital Statistics Reports reveal that children born to teen moms are at higher risk of premature birth, low birth weight, and infant mortality. The National Campaign to Prevent Teen Pregnancy reported in 2002 that teen parents and their children are more likely to live in poverty, be on welfare, have lower educational attainment and performance, and have no or inadequate health care and other resources. The sons of teen mothers are more likely to be incarcerated, while the daughers of teen mothers are 22% more likely to be teen mothers themselves.

Percent of Births to Teenage Mothers CMSL Indicator # 9

DATA SOURCE: Illinois Center for Health Statistics (2001); Missouri Dept. of Health and Senior Services (2001)

ZIP	Teen Birth										
†62001	15.4	62095	10.8	62260	5.7	63044	13.1	63121	20.2	63301	9.9
62002	16.2	62097	12.1	62264	12.5	63049	8.4	63122	1.7	63303	6.3
62010	7.3	62201	15.1	62265	7.5	63069	10.3	63123	6.8	63304	4.8
62012	11.1	62203	38.7	62269	6.6	63074	8.1	63124	1.4	†63332	0
62018	21.7	62204	32.8	62275	9.1	63088	5.4	63125	9.9	63341	0
†62021	50.0	62205	36.1	†62281	9.1	63101	8.0	63126	5.0	63348	4.0
62024	19.3	62206	30.0	†62282	14.3	†63102	0	63127	0	63357	5.1
62025	7.1	62207	27.8	62285	7.1	63103	9.8	63128	3.6	63366	4.7
62034	2.0	62208	12.7	†62289	16.7	63104	15.9	63129	4.5	63367	7.1
62035	8.9	62220	14.5	62293	8.6	63105	1.8	63130	7.3	†63373	25.0
62040	19.8	62221	9.5	62294	6.8	63106	24.4	63131	2.4	63376	4.7
†62046	12.5	62223	9.6	62298	6.3	63107	24.0	63132	10.4	63385	10.0
†62048	14.3	62225	4.7	63005	0	63108	10.8	63133	22.9	†63386	20.0
†62058	0	62226	10.8	63011	0.9	63109	4.2	63134	17.6		
†62059	0	62232	11.5	63017	1.2	63110	15.7	63135	17.2		
62060	23.3	62234	13.9	63021	1.9	63111	21.4	63136	21.2		
†62061	18.2	62236	0	63025	3.1	63112	24.6	63137	15.9		
62062	1.9	62239	11.5	63026	6.0	63113	31.0	63138	13.9		
62067	20.8	62240	27.8	63031	7.4	63114	13.3	63139	5.8		
†62074	0	62243	11.8	63033	8.7	63115	25.9	†63140	12.5		
†62084	9.1	62249	12.4	63034	4.7	63116	14.7	63141	2.7		
62086	26.1	62254	10.3	63038	3.0	63117	3.3	63143	12.6		
62087	20.8	†62255	16.7	63040	0.8	63118	25.2	63144	1.0		
62088	12.0	62257	12.5	63042	11.5	63119	3.0	63146	2.7		
62090	18.5	62258	11.0	63043	4.1	63120	25.3	63147	21.7		

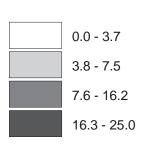
DATA NOTES

Calculation: (Number of births to teens age 10 - 19/Total number of births) x 100.

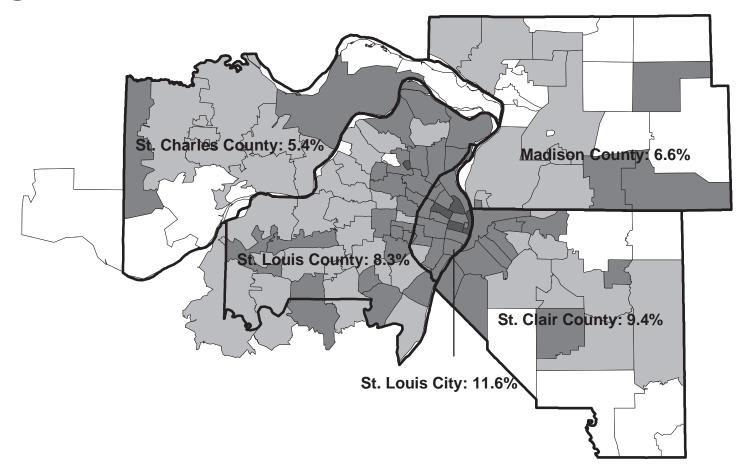
Calculations made by Vision for Children at Risk.

[†] Denotes ZIP codes with fewer than 15 births.

Percent of Births with Low Birth Weight



Comparative Norm U.S.: 7.6% U.S. Department of Health and Human Services (2000)



Babies born weighing 5.5 pounds or less are classified as having low birth weight. Infants born with low birth weight are at risk of physical and developmental disabilities, developmental delays, various health problems and neonatal death. Many factors contribute to low birth weight including no or inadequate prenatal care, smoking, poor nutrition, drinking and substance abuse during pregnancy. Socio-economic factors such as poverty and lack of health insurance also increase the risk of low birth weight.

Percent of Births with Low Birth Weight CMSL Indicator # 10

DATA SOURCE: Illinois Center for Health Statistics (2001); Missouri Dept. of Health and Senior Services (2001)

ZIP	Low BW	ZIP	Low BW	ZIP	Low BW	ZIP	Low BW	ZIP	Low BW	ZIP	Low BW
†62001	7.7	62095	1.5	62260	2.9	63044	5.1	63121	12.3	63301	8.7
62002	5.6	62097	3.0	62264	0	63049	8.9	63122	6.8	63303	6.3
62010	5.2	62201	12.0	62265	0	63069	6.3	63123	6.6	63304	5.8
62012	4.2	62203	7.3	62269	3.1	63074	10.9	63124	12.9	†63332	0
62018	2.2	62204	12.6	62275	6.1	63088	6.0	63125	8.9	63341	0
†62021	0	62205	9.5	†62281	9.1	63101	8.0	63126	5.7	63348	10.0
62024	3.7	62206	11.5	†62282	0	†63102	25.0	63127	12.1	63357	3.4
62025	4.0	62207	11.4	62285	9.5	63103	17.1	63128	11.2	63366	4.4
62034	4.0	62208	5.3	†62289	0	63104	12.0	63129	5.1	63367	4.5
62035	3.8	62220	7.5	62293	2.9	63105	7.1	63130	11.2	<u>†63373</u>	0
62040	5.3	62221	6.6	62294	11.9	63106	15.5	63131	5.5	63376	4.6
†62046	0	62223	6.6	62298	3.1	63107	18.1	63132	6.9	63385	5.6
†62048	0	62225	8.5	63005	4.7	63108	10.2	63133	11.5	†63386	0
†62058	0	62226	6.9	63011	7.6	63109	6.0	63134	9.0		
<u>†62059</u>	0	62232	9.2	63017	7.0	63110	12.5	63135	10.2		
62060	5.5	62234	5.2	63021	7.3	63111	11.5	63136	10.3		
†62061	0	62236	0	63025	6.2	63112	14.1	63137	9.0		
62062	5.6	62239	11.5	63026	6.7	63113	16.9	63138	12.4		
62067	4.2	62240	11.1	63031	8.9	63114	10.5	63139	7.6		
†62074	0	62243	5.9	63033	7.4	63115	9.2	<u>†63140</u>	25.0		
†62084	0	62249	0.7	63034	10.9	63116	8.5	63141	6.9		
62086	13.0	62254	2.6	63038	9.0	63117	12.5	63143	10.3		
62087	0	†62255	0	63040	4.2	63118	12.7	63144	10.9		
62088	4.8	62257	3.1	63042	4.5	63119	7.6	63146	4.3		
62090	11.1	62258	4.9	63043	5.8	63120	15.4	63147	11.1		

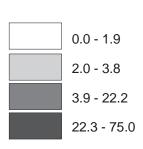
DATA NOTES

Calculation: (Total number of births with low birth weight/Total number of births) X 100.

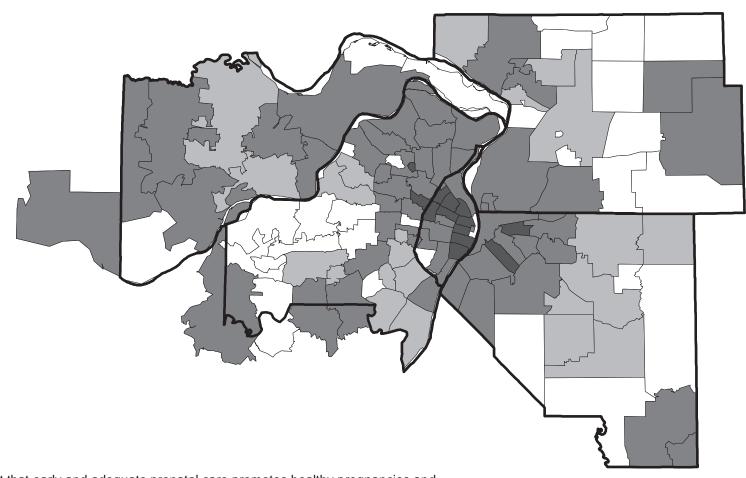
Calculations made by Vision for Children at Risk.

† Denotes ZIP codes with fewer than 15 births.

Percent of Births with No or Inadequate Prenatal Care



Comparative Norm U.S.: 3.9% Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (2000)



Many public health agencies report that early and adequate prenatal care promotes healthy pregnancies and babies. Nationally, 83.2% of women received early prenatal care (beginning in the first trimester) in 2000, but only 74.3% of African American women and 74.4% of Hispanic women received care at this stage. Only 74.1% of births in the U.S. in 2000 were to women who received adequate prenatal care (care starting in the first three months of pregnancy and at least nine visits for women giving birth to full term infants) according to the March of Dimes. Teen mothers and low-income mothers are more likely to receive no or inadequate prenatal care, putting their babies at higher risk of low birth weight, preterm birth, and infant mortality.

Percent of Births with No or Inadequate Prenatal Care CMSL Indicator # 11

DATA SOURCE: Illinois Center for Health Statistics (2001); Missouri Dept. of Health and Senior Services (2001)

ZIP	Inad Care										
†62001	7.7	62095	3.8	62260	0	63044	9.5	63121	18.3	63301	10.2
62002	5.2	62097	0	62264	0	63049	6.9	63122	4.0	63303	5.7
62010	3.1	62201	18.7	62265	0	63069	7.4	63123	3.4	63304	2.1
62012	0	62203	16.1	62269	3.5	63074	10.5	63124	4.3	†63332	0
62018	4.3	62204	22.7	62275	6.1	63088	2.0	63125	6.5	63341	6.7
†62021	0	62205	19.6	†62281	0	63101	12.0	63126	3.1	63348	6.0
62024	6.4	62206	17.1	†62282	0	†63102	0	63127	0	63357	11.9
62025	2.8	62207	29.5	62285	2.4	63103	24.4	63128	2.8	63366	2.9
62034	1.0	62208	5.3	†62289	0	63104	22.4	63129	3.0	63367	5.4
62035	3.8	62220	2.0	62293	2.9	63105	0	63130	8.7	†63373	0
62040	7.3	62221	2.0	62294	1.7	63106	31.5	63131	1.6	63376	4.4
†62046	0	62223	4.8	62298	1.6	63107	31.6	63132	9.7	63385	9.6
†62048	0	62225	0	63005	0.6	63108	13.9	63133	26.7	†63386	0
†62058	0	62226	2.3	63011	1.7	63109	1.8	63134	18.6		
†62059	33.3	62232	8.0	63017	0.9	63110	19.5	63135	13.9		
62060	21.9	62234	5.7	63021	2.1	63111	17.4	63136	19.6		
†62061	0	62236	4.2	63025	1.2	63112	22.6	63137	11.0		
62062	1.9	62239	7.7	63026	4.3	63113	36.7	63138	13.0		
62067	0	62240	5.6	63031	6.9	63114	12.3	63139	4.7		
†62074	0	62243	2.0	63033	8.7	63115	25.6	†63140	75.0		
†62084	0	62249	4.4	63034	5.5	63116	9.9	63141	0		
62086	4.3	62254	2.6	63038	1.5	63117	4.2	63143	7.4		
62087	4.2	†62255	16.7	63040	0.8	63118	25.9	63144	2.0		
62088	3.6	62257	9.4	63042	7.0	63119	2.4	63146	2.1		
62090	22.2	62258	1.2	63043	3.8	63120	31.2	63147	22.2		

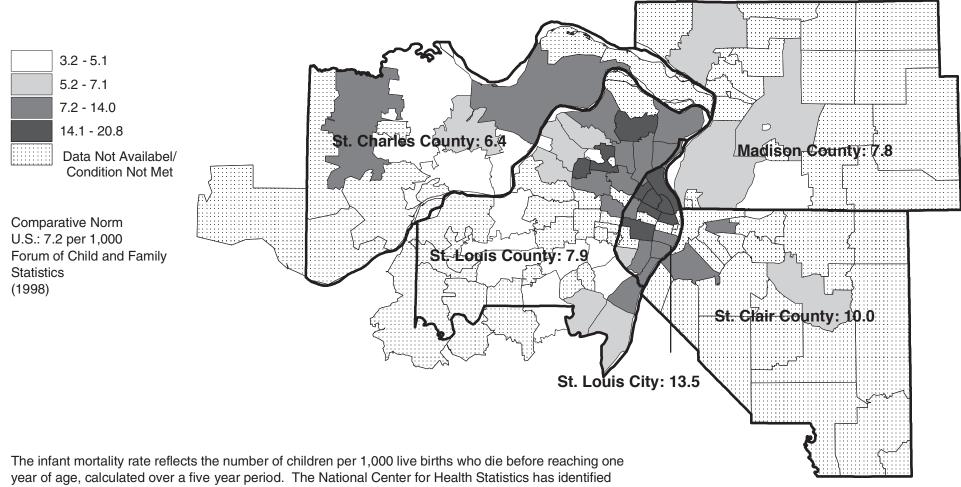
DATA NOTES

Calculation: (Number of births with no or inadequate prenatal care/Total number of births) X 100. Calculations made by Vision for Children at Risk.

The Missouri Department of Health and Senior Services defines inadequate prenatal care as: less than 5 visits for pregnancies less than 37 weeks, less than 8 visits for pregnancies of 37 weeks or longer or care beginning after the fourth month of pregnancy. Illinois Center for Health Statistics defines inadequate prenatal care as care beginning in the third trimester.

[†] Denotes ZIP codes with fewer than 15 births.

Five Year Infant Mortality Rate per 1,000 Live Births



year of age, calculated over a five year period. The National Center for Health Statistics has identified several risk factors associated with infant mortality. Mothers who receive no or inadequate prenatal care, who are teens, who have lower education, and who smoke have children who are at a higher risk of infant mortality. Preterm babies are at a greater risk, as are low birth weight babies. African American infants are at a much higher risk of infant mortality across the nation: 14.1, versus 5.7 for white infants. This pattern is reflected in both Missouri and Illinois, where the infant mortality rates are more than twice as high for African American babies.

Five Year Infant Mortality Rate

CMSL Indicator #12

DATA SOURCE: Illinois Center for Health Statistics (1995 – 1999); Missouri Dept. of Health and Senior Services (1997 – 2001)

ZIP	IMR	ZIP	IMR	ZIP	IMR	ZIP	IMR	ZIP	IMR	ZIP	IMR
62001	**	62095	**	62260	**	63044	*	63121	13.9	63301	9.9
62002	5.8	62097	**	62264	**	63049	5.8	63122	4.1	63303	3.9
62010	**	62201	**	62265	**	63069	*	63123	4.7	63304	4.6
62012	**	62203	**	62269	**	63074	14.7	63124	**	63332	**
62018	**	62204	9.6	62275	**	63088	*	63125	7.3	63341	**
62021	**	62205	**	62281	**	63101	**	63126	**	63348	**
62024	**	62206	11.4	62282	**	63102	**	63127	**	63357	**
62025	5.9	62207	**	62285	**	63103	**	63128	6.6	63366	4.0
62034	**	62208	**	62289	**	63104	11.5	63129	5.5	63367	**
62035	**	62220	**	62293	**	63105	**	63130	10.4	63373	**
62040	7.0	62221	5.7	62294	**	63106	18.7	63131	**	63376	6.3
62046	**	62223	**	62298	*	63107	18.7	63132	**	63385	8.6
62048	**	62225	**	63005	*	63108	**	63133	**	63386	**
62058	**	62226	**	63011	3.5	63109	6.1	63134	14.5	•	
62059	**	62232	**	63017	5.0	63110	17.7	63135	10.4		
62060	**	62234	3.2	63021	5.0	63111	12.6	63136	14.0	•	
62061	**	62236	**	63025	*	63112	13.8	63137	13.3		
62062	**	62239	**	63026	4.4	63113	16.3	63138	9.4		
62067	**	62240	**	63031	8.0	63114	10.4	63139	**		
62074	**	62243	**	63033	14.5	63115	20.1	63140	**		
62084	**	62249	**	63034	*	63116	9.2	63141	**	•	
62086	**	62254	**	63038	*	63117	**	63143	**		
62087	**	62255	**	63040	*	63118	12.1	63144	**		
62088	**	62257	*	63042	6.9	63119	4.8	63146	*		
62090	**	62258	**	63043	6.8	63120	17.8	63147	**		

DATA NOTES

Calculation: (Number of infant deaths X 1000/Total number of births).

Calculations made by Vision for Children at Risk.

This table shows infant mortality rates for ZIP codes with more than 1000 births and at least 5 infant deaths over the five year period. A more thorough explanation of this indicator, its methodology, and a complete data table can be found in Appendix C.

^{*}Data Not Available

^{**} Condition Not Met- in order to calculate an infant mortality rate, a ZIP code must have at least 5 infant deaths and more than 1,000 births over a five year period. These ZIP codes did not.

QUALITY EDUCATION

QUALITY EDUCATION

Society requires that children be engaged in a formal education from age 7 to 16. Children have the right to education and resources that maximize their learning experience. The quality of education they receive and the skills and knowledge they gain impact their future career choices, which ultimately impacts their long-term economic stability. Large disparities between poor and affluent school districts exist within the educational system. Regardless of geographic location, all children are entitled equal access to quality teachers, curricula, and resources. Too often children in less affluent school districts have restricted access to important resources, such as up-to-date text books, computers, and library systems, when compared to their more affluent peers.

The St. Louis Children's Agenda has identified five **fundamental needs** for which provision must be made to ensure that children realize their right to a quality education.

- 1. Education in an adequately funded school system
- 2. Safe, orderly school environments conducive to learning
- 3. Quality teachers, curricula, and educational materials
- 4. Recruitment and retention of quality staff
- 5. Completion of education through high school

CHILDREN OF METROPOLITAN ST. LOUIS QUALITY EDUCATION INDICATORS

- Four year graduation rate
- Annual high school dropout rate
- Pupil to teacher ratio
- Average expenditure per pupil
- Percent of students eligible for free or reduced lunch
- Percent of disabled students
- Percent of students with limited English proficiency

St. Louis Children's Agenda Quality Education Strategies

Strategy Sixteen: **Citizen's Education Training Academies-** Establish Citizen's Education Training Academies to equip the parents of school children and other citizens to better understand and more effectively address issues and concerns related to quality, equity, and, accountability in the educational system.

Lead Agency: No lead agency identified

Strategy Seventeen: **School Violence Prevention**- Expand efforts to establish school climates that promote violence prevention by establishing positive behavioral standards and peer cultures employing mediation and conflict resolution techniques.

Lead Agency: Provident Counseling

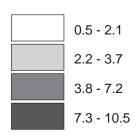
Strategy Eighteen: Regional Educational Quality and Equity- Establish mechanisms for addressing regional education issues in the St. Louis area, particularly key issues of educational quality as related to racial equity, to ensure that all children have access to schools that can equip them with needed academic, life, and employment skills.

Lead Agency: FOCUS St. Louis

Strategy Nineteen: School Partnerships for Children- Explore strategies and establish partnerships in which schools can become more effective partners in strategic community efforts to improve the well-being of children by addressing the needs of the whole child in a more integrated, better coordinated fashion.

Lead Agency: No lead agency identified

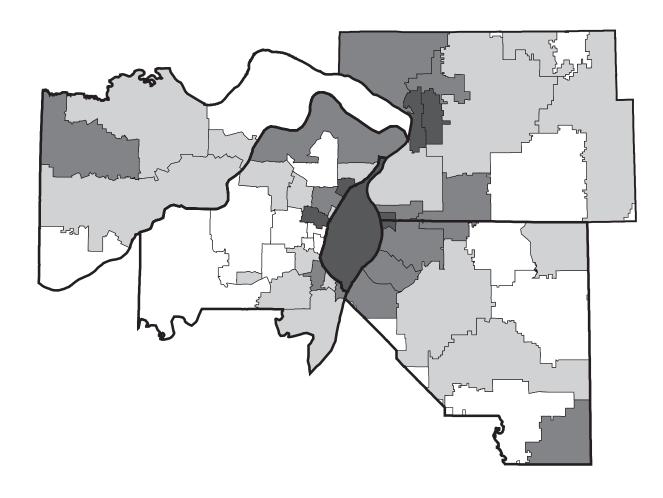
Dropout Rate



Comparative Norms U.S.: 10.9%

U.S.: 10.9% MO: 3.8% IL: 5.2%

Digest of Educational Statistics (2001)



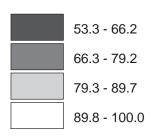
High school dropouts have lower earnings than graduates and are more likely to receive public assistance. They are also at higher risk of unemployment and imprisonment. Minority and low-income students are at a disproportionately high risk of dropping out. The national dropout rate has decreased from 14.9 in 1980 to 10.9 in 2000, according to the Digest of Educational Statistics. Statewide dropout rates are substantially lower than the national average in Missouri and Illinois, at 3.8% and 5.2% respectively.

Dropout Rate CMSL Indicator # 13

DATA SOURCE: Illinois State Board of Education (2002); Missouri Dept. of Elementary and Secondary Education (2002)

COUNTY/DISTRICT	DROPOUT RATE	COUNTY/DISTRICT	DROPOUT RATE	COUNTY/DISTRICT	DROPOUT RATE
St. Louis City		St. Charles County		Madison County	
St. Louis Public	7.8	Francis Howell	2.8	Alton	6.7
		Ft. Zumwalt	2.8	Bethalto	4.3
St. Louis County*		St. Charles Co.	1.7	Collinsville	4.4
Affton	3.8	St. Charles	3.4	East Alton Area**	9.7
Bayless	2.7	Wentzville	5.1	Edwardsville	2.7
Brentwood	1.3	Washington	0.7	Granite City	3.0
Clayton	1.3			Highland	2.4
Ferguson-Florissant	1.3	St. Clair County		Livingston	1.4
Hancock Place	4.7	Belleville Area**	2.9	Madison	5.7
Hazelwood	4.6	Brooklyn/Lovejoy	10.3	Roxana	7.8
Jennings	8.0	Cahokia	6.7	Staunton	2.8
Kirkwood	1.9	Dupo	5.6	Triad	1.0
Ladue	0.5	East St. Louis	4.9	Venice	10.4
Lindbergh	3.4	Freeburg Area**	2.2		
Maplewood/Richmond Hts.	2.0	Lebanon	2.3	DATA NOTES Missouri defines the dropout r	oto oo the number of
Mehlville	3.3	Marissa	5.6	dropouts divided by the fall en	
Meramec Valley	3.9	Mascoutah	0.7	transfers in minus transfers ou	
Normandy	4.0	New Athens	1.5	enrollment divided by 2.	
Parkway	1.1	O'Fallon Area**	2.0	Illinois defines the dropout rate dropouts divided by the fall en	
Pattonville	2.7			postgraduates multiplied by 10	
Ritenour	3.0				
Riverview Gardens	3.4			*St. Louis County has an inde	
Rockwood	1.9			district, St. Louis County Spec (SSD) which serves some chil	
University City	8.0			needs. SSD Data only include	
Valley Park	2.6			with special needs served in S	SSD schools. The
Webster Groves	3.6			St. Louis County school district	
Wellston	3.7			those students with special ne within those school districts so	
St. Louis County Special SD				St. Louis City, St. Charles Co.	
				and Madison County serve sp within schools.	ecial needs children
				**Belleville, Freeburg, East Alschool districts in Illinois are nethe purpose of this report, we elementary, middle school and districts.	ot unit districts. For have combined the

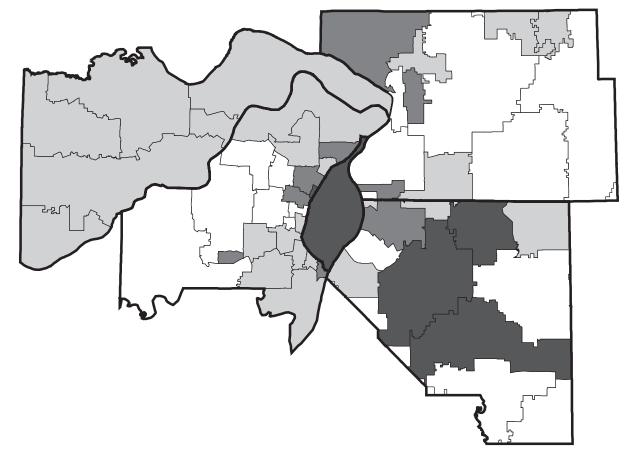
Four Year Graduation Rate



Comparative Norms

U.S.: 79.3% MO: 82.5% IL: 85.2%

Digest of Educational Statistics (2001)



The four year graduation rate reflects the number of students who graduate four years after starting high school (accounting for transfers into and out of the school district). High school graduates are more likely to be employed and earn higher wages than those who do not complete high school. In today's labor market, a high school diploma is the minimum requirement for entry into higher education, training, or the labor force. Four year graduation rates are lowest among low-income and minority students, a fact that is reflected in lower four year graduation rates for districts with high concentrations of these students.

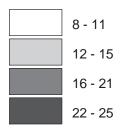
Four Year Graduation Rate CMSL Indicator # 14

DATA SOURCE: Illinois State Board of Education (2002); Missouri Dept. of Elementary and Secondary Education (2002)

COUNTY/DISTRICT	GRAD RATE	COUNTY/DISTRICT	GRAD RATE	COUNTY/DISTRICT	GRAD RATE
St. Louis City		St. Charles County		Madison County	
St. Louis Public	53.3	Francis Howell	88.4	Alton	77.8
		Ft. Zumwalt	87.4	Bethalto	82.5
St. Louis County*		St. Charles Co.	88.8	Collinsville	85.4
Affton	84.2	St. Charles	83.6	East Alton Area**	63.5
Bayless	79.7	Wentzville	81.4	Edwardsville	90.8
Brentwood	90.0	Washington	80.3	Granite City	98.4
Clayton	93.6			Highland	92.3
Ferguson-Florissant	84.7	St. Clair County		Livingston	85.7
Hancock Place	75.5	Belleville Area**	90.2	Madison	66.7
Hazelwood	85.4	Brooklyn/Lovejoy	80.0	Roxana	78.2
Jennings	80.8	Cahokia	80.0	Staunton	82.7
Kirkwood	88.9	Dupo	82.1	Triad	91.6
Ladue	98.2	East St. Louis	67.0	Venice	93.8
Lindbergh	84.3	Freeburg Area**	92.0		
Maplewood/Richmond Hts.	85.1	Lebanon	87.5	DATA NOTES Missouri defines the high school	araduation rate as
Mehlville	82.2	Marissa	91.4	the number of graduates divided	
Meramec Valley	68.2	Mascoutah	94.5	12 cohort dropouts plus graduat	es multiplied by
Normandy	84.2	New Athens	90.2	100. Illinois defines the graduat	
Parkway	93.1	O'Fallon Area**	91.3	number of 2001 - 2002 graduate 9 th grade enrollment in 1998 min	es divided by the
Pattonville	92.8			plus transfers in multiplied by 10	
Ritenour	92.1				
Riverview Gardens	78.5			*St. Louis County has an indepe	
Rockwood	91.3			district, St. Louis County Specia (SSD) which serves some childr	
University City	69.1			needs. SSD Data only includes	
Valley Park	76.2			with special needs served in SS	
Webster Groves	86.6			St. Louis County school district of those students with special need	
Wellston	59.4			within those school districts scho	
St. Louis County Special SD	84.1			St. Louis City, St. Charles Count	ty, St. Clair County
				and Madison County serve spec within schools.	dai needs children
				** Belleville, Freeburg, East Alto	
				school districts in Illinois are not the purpose of this report, we ha	ive combined the
				elementary, middle school and	high school

districts.

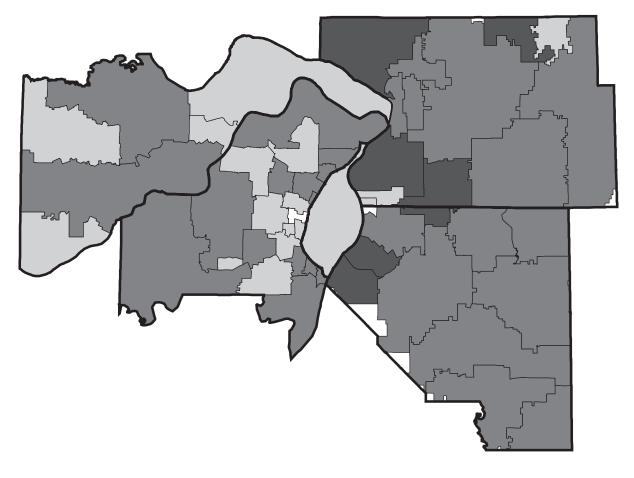
Pupil to Teacher Ratio



Comparative Norms U.S.: 16.0

MO: 18.0 IL: 18.7

Digest of Educational Statistics (2001)



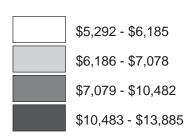
The pupil to teacher ratio compares the number of students to the number of classroom teachers, and does not include teacher aides or assistants. Teachers with smaller classes can focus more individual attention on students, which is an important factor in academic success for all children, especially those facing risk factors such as low socio-economic status. Nationally, the ratio of students per classroom teacher has been stable or declining since the 1970's. The current national ratio is 16.0, compared to higher ratios of 18.0 in Missouri and 18.7 in Illinois. Missouri's pupil to teacher ratio has been stable throughout the 1990's, while Illinois' ratio has shown a trend of increasing in recent years.

Pupil to Teacher Ratio CMSL Indicator # 15

DATA SOURCE: Illinois State Board of Education (2002); Missouri Dept. of Elementary and Secondary Education (2002)

COUNTY/DISTRICT	TEACHER RATIO	COUNTY/DISTRICT	TEACHER RATIO	COUNTY/DISTRICT	TEACHER RATIO
St. Louis City		St. Charles County		Madison County	
St. Louis Public	12	Francis Howell	16	Alton	22
		Ft. Zumwalt	16	Bethalto	19
St. Louis County*		St. Charles Co.	15	Collinsville	22
Affton	17	St. Charles	14	East Alton Area**	19
Bayless	17	Wentzville	15	Edwardsville	20
Brentwood	12	Washington	14	Granite City	25
Clayton	11			Highland	18
Ferguson-Florissant	14	St. Clair County		Livingston	12
Hancock Place	17	Belleville Area**	19	Madison	15
Hazelwood	16	Brooklyn/Lovejoy	8	Roxana	18
Jennings	16	Cahokia	24	Staunton	22
Kirkwood	16	Dupo	23	Triad	20
Ladue	12	East St. Louis	19	Venice	12
Lindbergh	15	Freeburg Area**	17		
Maplewood/Richmond Hts.	12	Lebanon	18	DATA NOTES	an inchruster. That
Mehlville	18	Marissa	17	Missouri defines a teacher as a definition includes special educ	
Meramec Valley	16	Mascoutah	20	reading, Title I, and vocational	
Normandy	17	New Athens	16	definition of a teacher includes	
Parkway	16	O'Fallon Area**	20	and teachers specializing in fin	e arts.
Pattonville	14			*St. Louis County has an indep	endent school
Ritenour	17			district, St. Louis County Speci	al School District
Riverview Gardens	18			(SSD) which serves some child	
Rockwood	16			needs. SSD Data only include with special needs served in SS	
University City	15			St. Louis County school district	
Valley Park	14			those students with special nee	eds who are served
Webster Groves	15			within those school districts sch	
Wellston	16			St. Louis City, St. Charles Couland Madison County serve spe	
St. Louis County Special SD				within schools.	Joidi Nocas officient
2 Leans Seartly Special OD	·			** Belleville, Freeburg, East Alt school districts in Illinois are no the purpose of this report, we helementary, middle school and districts.	ot unit districts. For nave combined the

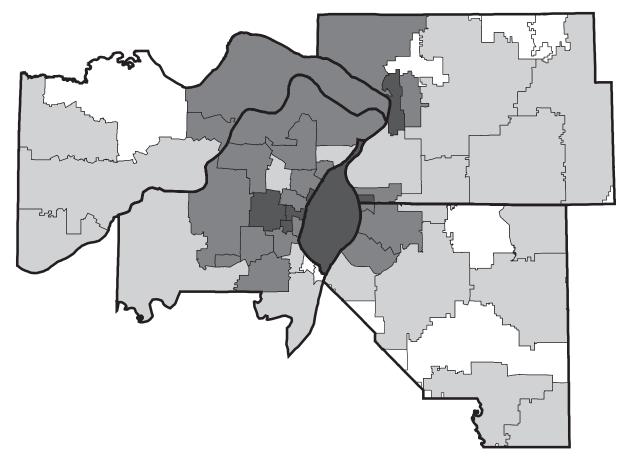
Average Expenditure per Pupil



Comparative Norms

U.S.: \$7,079 MO: \$6,991 IL: \$7,926

Digest of Educational Statistics (2001)



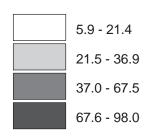
The average expenditure per pupil nationally is \$7,079, compared to statewide average expenditures of \$6,991 in Missouri and \$7,926 in Illinois. However, these averages do not reflect the differences in spending between districts. "Education Week" gave both Missouri and Illinois failing grades for their levels of equity in public school spending, reporting that the gaps between the richest and poorest districts in these states are among the worst in the country. These spending gaps deny equal educational opportunities to children residing in lower-income school districts. Schools with inadequate funding are less able to provide students with up to date libraries, curricula, computers, and other resources.

Average Expenditure per Pupil CMSL Indicator # 16

DATA SOURCE: Illinois State Board of Education (2001); Missouri Dept. of Elementary and Secondary Education (2002)

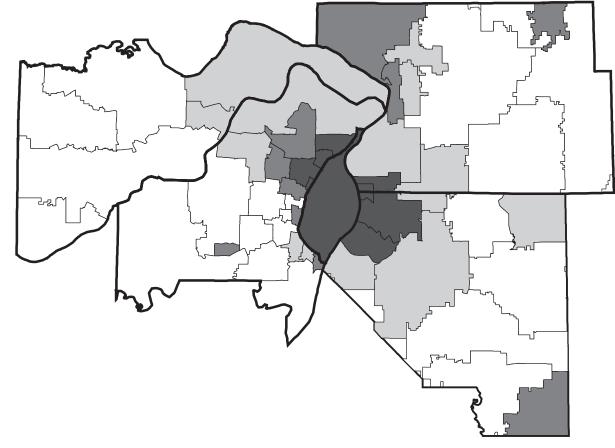
COUNTY/DISTRICT	EXPEN PER PUPIL	COUNTY/DISTRICT	EXPEN PER PUPIL	COUNTY/DISTRICT	EXPEN PER PUPIL
St. Louis City		St. Charles County		Madison County	
St. Louis Public	\$10,606	Francis Howell	\$6,277	Alton	\$7,131
		Ft. Zumwalt	\$6,148	Bethalto	\$6,173
St. Louis County		St. Charles Co.	\$7,751	Collinsville	\$6,633
Affton	\$6,757	St. Charles	\$7,818	East Alton Area**	\$7,186
Bayless	\$5,754	Wentzville	\$6,831	Edwardsville	\$6,918
Brentwood	\$11,107	Washington	\$6,493	Granite City	\$6,569
Clayton	\$13,885			Highland	\$6,758
Ferguson-Florissant	\$8,479	St. Clair County		Livingston	\$5,698
Hancock Place	\$5,819	Belleville Area**	\$6,812	Madison	\$8,740
Hazelwood	\$7,239	Brooklyn/Lovejoy	\$9,190	Roxana	\$7,284
Jennings	\$8,400	Cahokia	\$7,795	Staunton	\$5,292
Kirkwood	\$8,111	Dupo	\$6,235	Triad	\$6,256
Ladue	\$11,199	East St. Louis	\$8,292	Venice	\$11,726
Lindbergh	\$7,595	Freeburg Area**	\$5,617	DATA NOTES	
Maplewood/Richmond Hts.	\$10,260	Lebanon	\$6,455	DATA NOTES The average expenditure pe	er pupil in Missouri is
Mehlville	\$6,298	Marissa	\$6,548	based on the average daily	
Meramec Valley	\$5,721	Mascoutah	\$6,938	regular school year and sun	
Normandy	\$7,314	New Athens	\$6,211	grades kindergarten through include capital and debt ser	
Parkway	\$7,957	O'Fallon Area**	\$6,167	Illinois defines the average	
Pattonville	\$9,456			as "operational expenditure.	
Ritenour	\$6,809			includes gross operating co	
Riverview Gardens	\$6,868			excluding: summer school, a bond principal retired and ca	
Rockwood	\$6,806			bond principal retired and ca	apital experialities.
University City	\$8,252			St. Louis County has an ind	
Valley Park	\$7,743			district serving children with	
Webster Groves	\$8,039			Districts in St. Louis City, St Clair County and Madison C	
Wellston	\$10,678			needs children within schoo	
St. Louis County Special SD	*			*Data Not Available	
				**Belleville, Freeburg, East school districts in Illinois are For the purpose of this repo combined the elementary, a districts.	not unit districts. rt, we have

Percent of Students Eligible for Free or Reduced Lunch



Comparative Norms
MO: 38.2%
Missouri Dept. of Elementary
and Secondary Education (2002)

IL: 37.5% Illinois State Board of Education (2002)



Children from low-income families face significant barriers to academic success, including inadequate nutrition. The federally funded National School Lunch Program subsidizes participating schools for providing free and reduced price lunches to children whose families meet income eligibility guidelines. The meals provided must meet nutritional guidelines established by the USDA. Children whose families are at or below 130% of the poverty line are eligible to receive free lunches, and between 131 and 185% are eligible to receive reduced price lunches. In 2001, an average of 15.5 million children nationally received free or reduced price lunches each day.

Percent of Students Eligible for Free or Reduced Lunch **CMSL Indicator #17**

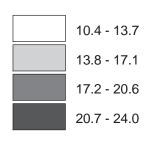
DATA SOURCE: Illinois State Board of Education (2002); Missouri Dept. of Elementary and Secondary Education (2002)

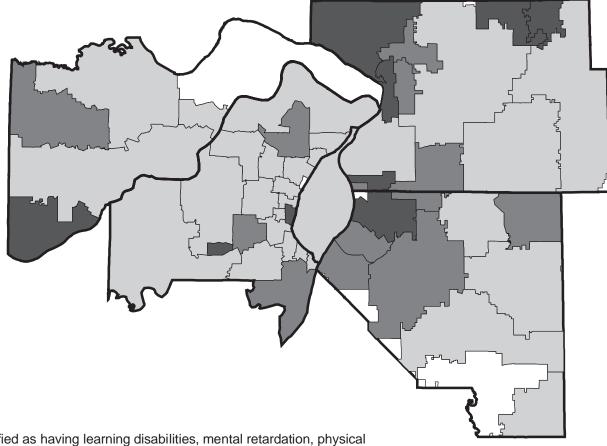
COUNTY/DISTRICT	% ELIGIBLE	COUNTY/DISTRICT	% ELIGIBLE	COUNTY/DISTRICT	% ELIGIBLE
St. Louis City		St. Charles County		Madison County	
St. Louis Public	80.3	Francis Howell	5.9	Alton	39.0
		Ft. Zumwalt	9.5	Bethalto	25.0
St. Louis County*		St. Charles Co.	30.8	Collinsville	35.0
Affton	25.7	St. Charles	22.1	East Alton Area**	42.0
Bayless	35.9	Wentzville	19.3	Edwardsville	14.0
Brentwood	20.0	Washington	17.3	Granite City	33.0
Clayton	13.1			Highland	15.0
Ferguson-Florissant	50.1	St. Clair County		Livingston	42.0
Hancock Place	66.5	Belleville Area**	27.0	Madison	93.0
Hazelwood	26.6	Brooklyn/Lovejoy	98.0	Roxana	28.0
Jennings	74.2	Cahokia	72.0	Staunton	17.1
Kirkwood	19.3	Dupo	33.0	Triad	11.0
Ladue	6.5	East St. Louis	92.0	Venice	84.0
Lindbergh	18.8	Freeburg Area**	10.0		
Maplewood/Richmond Hts.	55.1	Lebanon	29.0	DATA NOTES	
Mehlville	18.3	Marissa	38.0	Students in both Missouri and II	linois are eligible
Meramec Valley	32.3	Mascoutah	21.0	for a free lunch if they live below	v 130% of poverty,
Normandy	75.2	New Athens	16.0	and a reduced lunch if they are	
Parkway	14.4	O'Fallon Area**	15.0	185% of the federal poverty leve	₽1.
Pattonville	28.4			*St. Louis County has an indepe	endent school
Ritenour	44.5			district, St. Louis County Specia	
Riverview Gardens	72.4			(SSD) which serves some child	
Rockwood	12.2			needs. SSD Data only includes with special needs served in SS	
University City	51.3			St. Louis County school district	
Valley Park	44.7			those students with special nee	
Webster Groves	19.9			within those school districts sch St. Louis City, St. Charles Cour	
Wellston	89.9			and Madison County serve spe	
St. Louis County Special SD	30.5			within schools.	
				** Belleville, Freeburg, East Alto school districts in Illinois are not the purpose of this report, we have	t unit districts. For

elementary, middle school and high school

districts.

Percent of Disabled Students





Students with disabilities include children identified as having learning disabilities, mental retardation, physical limitations, and emotional disorders. Their educational rights are protected by the Individuals with Disabilities Education Act (IDEA). Increasing numbers of students with disabilities are being served predominantly in the regular classroom environment. According to the Office of Special Education Programs, from 1990 to 2000 the number of students identified as having disabilities increased 30.3%, largely due to the increased recognition and diagnosis of learning disabilities. The number of students with disabilities increased in 2000 at twice the rate of total enrollment. Disproportionate numbers of minority and low-income students are identified as disabled. In both Missouri and Illinois, students with disabilities have a substantially lower graduation rate and higher dropout rate than the total student population.

Percent of Disabled Students **CMSL Indicator #18**

DATA S COUNTY/DISTRICT	SOURCE: Illinois State B % DISABLED	oard of Education (2002); Missou COUNTY/DISTRICT	uri Dept. of Elementary and S % DISABLED	Secondary Education (2002) COUNTY/DISTRICT	% DISABLED
St. Louis City		St. Charles County		Madison County	
St. Louis Public	16.9	Francis Howell	15.5	Alton	22.3
		Ft. Zumwalt	16.4	Bethalto	18.1
St. Louis County*		St. Charles Co.	13.3	Collinsville	17.3
Affton	16.7	St. Charles	16.1	East Alton Area**	23.1
Bayless	16.5	Wentzville	17.6	Edwardsville	15.5
Brentwood	15.6	Washington	20.2	Granite City	16.6
Clayton	16.0			Highland	13.8
Ferguson-Florissant	18.3	St. Clair County		Livingston	22.4
Hancock Place	16.4	Belleville Area**	18.4	Madison	21.9
Hazelwood	15.6	Brooklyn/Lovejoy	10.4	Roxana	19.3
Jennings	16.1	Cahokia	20.1	Staunton	24.2
Kirkwood	17.5	Dupo	20.4	Triad	15.2
Ladue	15.6	East St. Louis	21.8	Venice	18.5
Lindbergh	16.6	Freeburg Area**	15.4		
Maplewood/Richmond Hts.	21.3	Lebanon	19.3	DATA NOTES Both Missouri and Illinois del	ing the following as a
Mehlville	17.8	Marissa	16.9	disability: mental retardation.	
Meramec Valley	16.9	Mascoutah	14.3	impairment, specific learning	•
Normandy	14.2	New Athens	13.3	impairment, hearing impairm	
Parkway	14.8	O'Fallon Area**	15.1	speech or language impairm disturbance, other health imp	
Pattonville	15.9			disabilities, developmental d	
Ritenour	16.4			traumatic brain injury.	, , ,
Riverview Gardens	15.1				

ing as a ual dness,

*St. Louis County has an independent school district, St. Louis County Special School District (SSD) which serves some children with special needs. SSD Data only includes those students with special needs served in SSD schools. The St. Louis County school district data includes only those students with special needs who are served within those school districts schools. Districts in St. Louis City, St. Charles County, St. Clair County and Madison County serve special needs children within schools.

Rockwood

Valley Park

Wellston

University City

Webster Groves

St. Louis County Special SD

15.3

16.4

22.5

15.3

11.2

100.0

^{**}Belleville, Freeburg, East Alton, and O'Fallon school districts in Illinois are not unit districts. For the purpose of this report, we have combined the elementary, middle school and high school districts.

Percent of Students with Limitied English Proficiency

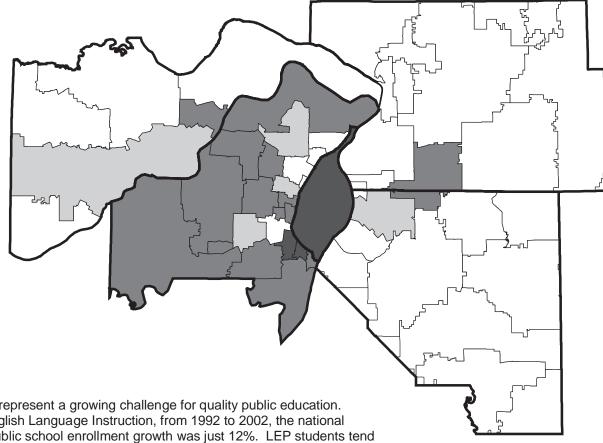


Comparative Norms

U.S.: 9.6% MO: 1.3% IL: 6.7%

National Clearinghouse for

English Language Instruction (2002)



Students with limited English proficiency (LEP) represent a growing challenge for quality public education. According to the National Clearinghouse for English Language Instruction, from 1992 to 2002, the national LEP enrollment growth was 105% while total public school enrollment growth was just 12%. LEP students tend to have lower levels of educational attainment. LEP enrollment is concentrated in urban areas, where poverty is also a significant risk factor. These students face disadvantages from multiple risk factors, which are compounded when they receive no or inadequate services addressing language. Currently, 76% of public schools nationwide reporting LEP enrollment provide English as a Second Language (ESL) programs, and 36% provide bilingual education programs. The students' native language is incorporated into instruction for 76% of LEP students in Illinois, but only 3.5% in Missouri. Statewide in Missouri, the top three languages spoken by LEP students are Spanish, Serbo-Croatian, and Vietnamese; in Illinois, they are Spanish, Polish, and Arabic.

Percent of Students with Limited English Proficiency (LEP) CMSL Indicator # 19

DATA SOURCE: Illinois State Board of Education (2002); Missouri Dept. of Elementary and Secondary Education (2002)

COUNTY/DISTRICT	% LEP	COUNTY/DISTRICT	% LEP	COUNTY/DISTRICT	% LEP	
St. Louis City		St. Charles County		Madison County		
St. Louis Public	7.0	Francis Howell	0.5	Alton	0.0	
		Ft. Zumwalt	0.3	Bethalto	0.0	
St. Louis County*		St. Charles Co.	0.3	Collinsville	2.4	
Affton	5.0	St. Charles	1.6	East Alton Area**	0.0	
Bayless	6.7	Wentzville	0.3	Edwardsville	0.4	
Brentwood	3.5	Washington	0.6	Granite City	0.2	
Clayton	4.0			Highland	0.0	
Ferguson-Florissant	0.5	St. Clair County		Livingston	0.0	
Hancock Place	2.3	Belleville Area**	0.2	Madison	0.0	
Hazelwood	1.5	Brooklyn/Lovejoy	0.0	Roxana	0.1	
Jennings	0.1	Cahokia	0.0	Staunton	0.0	
Kirkwood	0.6	Dupo	0.0	Triad	0.0	
Ladue	1.2	East St. Louis	0.7	Venice	0.0	
Lindbergh	1.0	Freeburg Area**	0.0	DATA NOTES		
Maplewood/Richmond Hts.	1.0	Lebanon	0.0	Calculation: (Number of students	in school district	
Mehlville	1.6	Marissa	0.0	with LEP/Total district population)	x 100.	
Meramec Valley	0.0	Mascoutah	0.0	Calculations for Missouri made by Vision for		
Normandy	0.0	New Athens	0.0	Children at Risk.	VISION IOI	
Parkway	1.7	O'Fallon Area**	0.0	ormaron at raina		
Pattonville	1.4			*St. Louis County has an indepen-		
Ritenour	2.4			district, St. Louis County Special S (SSD) which serves some children		
Riverview Gardens	0.1			needs. SSD Data only includes the		
Rockwood	1.0			with special needs served in SSD	schools. The	
University City	0.6			St. Louis County school district da		
Valley Park	2.3			those students with special needs within those school districts school		
Webster Groves	0.3			St. Louis City, St. Charles County		
Wellston	0.0			and Madison County serve specia		
St. Louis County Special SD	1.5			within schools.		
, . ·				**Belleville, Freeburg, East Alton, school districts in Illinois are not u the purpose of this report, we have elementary, middle school and hig districts.	nit districts. For e combined the	

SAFE NEIGHBORHOODS AND STRONG COMMUNITIES

SAFE NEIGHBORHOODS & STRONG COMMUNITIES

All children deserve to live in neighborhoods and communities where their safety, security, and health are not compromised. Too often, unsafe neighborhoods are a reality for many children of the St. Louis region. Often, they are not able to walk to school or play outside their own houses. Even indoors, a supposed place of sanctuary, many homes pose a dangerous threat to a child's health and well-being in the form of lead paint. Strong communities are ones that provide safe environments for their children to live and play.

The St. Louis Children's Agenda has identified three **fundamental needs** for which provision must be made to ensure that children realize their right to live in a safe and strong local community:

- 1. Strong and viable local communities
- 2. Safe neighborhoods and physical environments
- 3. Social capital to promote growth and development of young people

CHILDREN OF METROPOLITAN ST. LOUIS SAFE NEIGHBORHOODS & STRONG COMMUNITIES INDICATORS

- Crime rate per 1,000 individuals
- Violent crime rate per 1,000 individuals
- Percent of children tested who are lead poisoned

In March 2003, St. Louis for Kids released the report, "When School is Out:: After -School Programs in the St. Louis Region", which captures how communities are providing safe, non-school hour activities for their children. The report studied after-school programs at day care centers and schools. Although the study only reports on where a small percentage of our children are in the hours after the last school bell rings, it does serve as a baseline from which to measure future gains.

St. Louis Children's Agenda Safe Neighborhoods & Strong Communities Strategies

Strategy Twenty: Regional Response Addressing Needs of High-Risk Youth- Conduct regional planning and development activities directed to achieving the systems changes required to effectively address the problems, needs, and opportunities facing young people who are at high-risk of involvement with violence, gangs, drugs, and teen pregnancy. Key functions include research, grant writing, outreach, marketing, and central intake and referral.

Lead Agency: Regional Response Coalition

Strategy Twenty-one: Youth Development in Non-school Hours-Through public-private partnership efforts, establish the capacity in metropolitan St. Louis to make systematic provision for ensuring that all young people, especially those in greatest need, have ready access to quality youth development programs in non-school hours.

Lead Agency: St. Louis for Kids

Strategy Twenty-two: Neighborhood-Based Safety Initiatives- In all local communities where there is need, implement the multi-component, neighborhood-based strategy developed by the Regional Response to Prevent Youth Violence, Drug Addition, and Teen Pregnancy.

Lead Agency: Regional Response Coalition

Strategy Twenty-three: Gang Outreach/Ceasefire- In areas of high need, conduct targeted gang outreach activities directed to coordinating use of prevention, intervention, and treatment strategies as well as imposition of graduated sanctions. Include expansion and intensification of the Ceasefire Program model.

Lead Agencies: Central Baptist Family Services and the U.S. Attorney's Office for Eastern Missouri District

Strategy Twenty-four: Youth Employment to Reduce Violence and Crime- Target youth employment initiatives in areas of high crime, gang involvement, and drug activity in order to decrease youth crime and violence. Comprehensive, targeted youth employment initiatives should be directed to placing young people in jobs and providing support services to assist them in successfully maintaining employment.

Lead Agencies: Work Wise and Regional Response Coalition

Strategy Twenty-five: Juvenile Justice Systems Reform- Promote joint planning and operational coordination among all elements of the juvenile justice system in order to implement the systemic changes required to more effectively address needs of young people involved in the juvenile courts and deter them from future involvement with the juvenile justice system.

Lead Agency: No lead agency identified

Strategy Twenty-six: Mentor Recruitment and Enhancement- Develop coordinated, community-wide recruitment efforts for mentors in conjunction with establishment of guiding principles to enhance quality of mentoring services.

Lead Agency: Big Brothers Big Sisters of Eastern Missouri

Strategy Twenty-seven: Access to Mental Health and Substance Abuse Services- Develop a regional plan to improve access to mental health and substance abuse services for populations living in poverty who face multiple life risks and stresses.

Lead Agency: Provident Counseling

Strategy Twenty-eight: Affordable Housing Production- Increase production and availability of safe, affordable housing. Provide support services to sustain home ownership and maintenance.

Lead Agency: Beyond Housing, Inc.

Strategy Twenty-nine: Lead Poisoning Prevention/Abatement- Implement broad, coordinated strategies to prevent lead poisoning and abate lead exposure.

Lead Agency: Lead Prevention Coalition

Crime Rate per 1,000 Individuals CMSL Indicator # 20

DATA SOURCE: Illinois State Police (2001), Missouri Uniform Crime Reporting Program (2001), St. Louis Metropolitan Police Department (2001)

Geography/Neighbor	Crime	Geography/Neighbor	Crime	Geography/Neighbor	Crime	Geography/Neighbor	Crime
Madison County		Caseyville	42.7	Carondelet	108.8	Kings Way West	137.4
Sheriff's Office	20.4	Centreville	62.7	Carr Square	133.8	Lafayette Square	148.2
Alton	67.1	Dupo	23.9	Central West End	195.5	LaSalle Park	226.6
Bethalto	24.0	†East Carondelet	164.8	Cheltenham	250.0	Lewis Place	149.7
Collinsville	49.2	East St. Louis	157.7	Clayton-Tamm	94.5	Lindenwood Park	37.3
East Alton	83.7	Fairmont City	37.8	Clifton Heights	52.0	Marine Villa	207.6
Edwardsville	22.4	Fairview Heights	68.0	College Hill	136.7	Mark Twain	163.4
Glen Carbon	20.6	Freeburg	27.1	Columbus Square	200.6	Mark Twain 1-70 Inds	203.5
Granite City	57.1	Lebanon	18.5	Compton Heights	102.2	McKinley Heights	151.6
Hartford	36.2	Lenzburg	12.1	Covenant/Blu/Grand	358.6	McRee Town	105.1
Highland	29.2	Marissa	20.6	DeBaliviere Place	144.6	Midtown	179.9
Livingston	23.0	Mascoutah	19.1	Downtown	3,244.4	Mount Pleasant	170.9
Madison	115.9	Millstadt	37.2	Downtown West	784.9	Near North Riverfront	723.8
Marine	1.1	New Athens	30.8	Dutchtown	134.9	North Hampton	61.4
Maryville	14.8	O'Fallon	23.2	Ellendale	193.8	North Point	96.8
Pontoon Beach	80.8	†Sauget	638.6	Fairground	218.4	North Riverfront	232.2
Roxana	34.9	Shiloh	14.1	Forest Park SE	155.0	O'Fallon	132.8
South Roxana	24.9	Smithton	8.5	Fountain Park	311.0	Old North St. Louis	210.3
Troy	22.8	Summerfield	2.1	Fox Park	173.1	Patch	156.3
Venice	91.0	Swansea	35.0	Franz Park	83.9	Peabody-Darst-Webb	111.0
Wood River	51.9	Washington Park	137.3	Gate District	120.3	Penrose	140.7
Worden	14.4			Gravois Park	187.1	Princeton Heights	66.6
		St. Louis City		Hamilton Heights	147.4	†Riverview	135.0
St. Clair County		Academy	164.9	Hi-Pointe	59.9	Shaw	96.9
Sheriff's Office	22.1	Baden	148.6	Holly Hills	83.8	Skinker-DeBaliviere	100.1
Alorton	165.2	Benton Park	191.2	Hyde Park	158.4	Soulard	173.5
Belleville	57.3	Benton Park West	177.8	Jeff Vander Lou	212.6	South Hampton	53.6
Brooklyn	68.0	Bevo Mill	92.3	†Kings Oak	489.7	Southwest Garden	106.2
Cahokia	63.2	Boulevard Heights	39.0	Kings Way East	201.5	St. Louis Hills	47.4

Crime Rate per 1,000 Individuals (continued)

Geography/Neighbor	Crime	Geography/Neighbor	Crime	Geography/Neighbor	Crime	Geography/Neighbor	Crime		
St. Louis City (con't)		Clarkson Valley	19.4	Oakland	28.6	Lake St. Louis	15.5		
St. Louis Place	174.8	Clayton	38.0	Olivette	34.1	O'Fallon	39.2		
The Greater Ville	140.7	Cool Valley	143.4	Overland	40.1	Saint Charles	32.2		
The Hill	127.0	Country Club Hills	41.3	Pacific	47.4	Saint Peters	35.3		
The Ville	227.1	Crestwood	74.9	Pagedale	100.4	Wentzville	64.4		
Tiffany	179.1	Creve Couer	22.8	Pasadena Park	26.6	DATA NOTES			
Tower Grove East	157.7	Dellwood	32.7	Pine Lawn	19.3	Calculation: (Total no. of crimes x 1,000/Total 20			
Tower Grove South	127.7	Des Peres	23.7	Richmond Heights	82.0	population).	Children at Pick		
Vandeventer	145.3	Edmundson	147.6	Riverview	42.9	Calculations made by Vision for Children at Risk			
Visitation Park	173.3	Ellisville	13.2	Rock Hill	22.0	Missouri crimes include: criminal homicide,			
Walnut Park East	143.3	Eureka	36.7	Saint Ann	98.8	negligent manslaughter, forcible rape, attempted rape, robbery, aggravated assault, burglary,			
Walnut Park West	147.3	Ferguson	66.5	Saint George	25.6	larceny theft, motor vehicle theft, and arson.			
Wells-Goodfellow	157.7	Flordell Hills	39.7	Saint John	35.7	Illinois crimes include: murder, o	riminal asyual		
West End	158.1	Florissant	26.2	Shrewsbury	25.3	assault, robbery, aggravated assault, burglary, theft, motor vehicle theft, and arson.			
Wydown-Skinker	55.9	Frontenac	27.9	Sunset Hills	45.8				
		Glasgow	10.3	Town and Country	27.6	St. Louis City crimes include: murder, rape,			
St. Louis County		Glendale	3.6	University City	59.3	robbery, aggravated assault, bu			
Ballwin	13.3	Hazelwood	38.2	Velda City	5.6	auto theft, and arson.			
Bella Villa	10.2	Jennings	92.3	Vinita Park	64.4	In the 2001 CMSL publication, 1	999 St. Louis City		
Bel-Nor	61.3	Kirkwood	25.5	Warson Woods	9.1	crime data was calculated using			
Bel-Ridge	95.4	Ladue	19.5	Webster Groves	14.0	figures. Because there was a depopulation by 48,500 since 1990			
Bellefontaine Nghbrs	59.6	Lakeshire	12.4	†Westwood	7.0	publication appear extremely hig	h. Using 2000		
Berkeley	84.7	Manchester	11.0	Woodson Terrace	40.8	census numbers with the 1999 of the last report, the actual crime			
Breckenridge Hills	62.5	Maplewood	53.5	Unincorporated	31.8	St. Louis was 139.0, compared			
Brentwood	41.3	Maryland Heights	46.7			data presented in this report.	-		
Bridgeton	88.1	Moline Acres	25.9	St. Charles County		Data presented on these pages	only reflects those		
Calverton Park	12.9	Normandy	58.4	†Augusta	9.2	geographies and neighborhoods			
Charlack	67.8	Northwoods	28.4	Cottleville	26.5	data was available.			
Chesterfield	22.9	Norwood Court	23.6	Foristell	208.5	†Denotes geographies/neighborhoods with a population less than 300.			

Violent Crime Rate per 1,000 Individuals CMSL Indicator # 21

DATA SOURCE: Illinois State Police (2001), Missouri Uniform Crime Reporting Program (2001), St. Louis Metropolitan Police Department (2001)

Geography/Neighbor	VC	Geography/Neighbor	VC	Geography/Neighbor	VC	Geography/Neighbor	VC
Madison County		Caseyville	3.9	Carondelet	11.3	Kings Way West	21.9
Sheriff's Office	1.9	Centreville	32.9	Carr Square	19.2	Lafayette Square	10.2
Alton	8.7	Dupo	5.6	Central West End	14.6	LaSalle Park	27.7
Bethalto	0.8	†East Carondelet	52.4	Cheltenham	25.0	Lewis Place	27.9
Collinsville	3.3	East St. Louis	61.7	Clayton-Tamm	6.1	Lindenwood Park	1.9
East Alton	11.1	Fairmont City	3.7	Clifton Heights	3.2	Marine Villa	33.0
Edwardsville	1.2	Fairview Heights	2.9	College Hill	36.5	Mark Twain	32.6
Glen Carbon	2.5	Freeburg	4.4	Columbus Square	36.4	Mark Twain 1-70 Inds	32.3
Granite City	6.7	Lebanon	1.1	Compton Heights	7.6	McKinley Heights	16.8
Hartford	3.9	Lenzburg	6.9	Covenant/Blu/Grand	46.8	McRee Town	27.0
Highland	0.9	Marissa	0.9	DeBaliviere Place	9.0	Midtown	16.1
Livingston	2.4	Mascoutah	0.5	Downtown	280.4	Mount Pleasant	22.3
Madison	15.2	Millstadt	7.5	Downtown West	83.5	Near North Riverfront	91.0
Marine	0	New Athens	9.6	Dutchtown	20.4	North Hampton	4.8
Maryville	1.7	O'Fallon	1.1	Ellendale	9.1	North Point	11.8
Pontoon Beach	19.4	†Sauget	321.3	Fairground	53.0	North Riverfront	26.5
Roxana	0.6	Shiloh	1.4	Forest Park SE	30.5	O'Fallon	26.8
South Roxana	5.3	Smithton	0.9	Fountain Park	43.8	Old North St. Louis	42.7
Troy	1.5	Summerfield	0	Fox Park	28.8	Patch	18.4
Venice	44.7	Swansea	1.0	Franz Park	3.1	Peabody-Darst-Webb	26.7
Wood River	4.0	Washington Park	50.5	Gate District	24.1	Penrose	24.6
Worden	3.3			Gravois Park	46.9	Princeton Heights	3.0
		St. Louis City		Hamilton Heights	35.5	†Riverview	16.9
St. Clair County		Academy	40.0	Hi-Pointe	3.7	Shaw	13.3
Sheriff's Office	2.5	Baden	27.6	Holly Hills	5.4	Skinker-DeBaliviere	9.3
Alorton	77.8	Benton Park	23.0	Hyde Park	39.0	Soulard	14.1
Belleville	4.5	Benton Park West	39.7	Jeff Vander Lou	44.1	South Hampton	3.2
Brooklyn	14.8	Bevo Mill	8.4	†Kings Oak	20.6	Southwest Garden	10.1
Cahokia	2.9	Boulevard Heights	1.3	Kings Way East	32.9	St. Louis Hills	2.1

Violent Crime Rate per 1,000 Individuals

(continued)

Geography/Neighbor	VC	Geography/Neighbor	VC	Geography/Neighbor	VC
St. Louis City (con't)		Clarkson Valley	2.2	Oakland	0
St. Louis Place	32.6	Clayton	1.6	Olivette	4.6
The Greater Ville	25.4	Cool Valley	14.8	Overland	3.3
The Hill	9.3	Country Club Hills	5.1	Pacific	8.4
The Ville	43.0	Crestwood	1.4	Pagedale	26.8
Tiffany	32.1	Creve Couer	1.4	Pasadena Park	0
Tower Grove East	26.5	Dellwood	4.2	Pine Lawn	6.9
Tower Grove South	14.9	Des Peres	1.4	Richmond Heights	3.4
Vandeventer	23.1	Edmundson	31.0	Riverview	6.0
Visitation Park	23.2	Ellisville	0.8	Rock Hill	0.4
Walnut Park East	33.9	Eureka	5.6	Saint Ann	8.5
Walnut Park West	31.6	Ferguson	4.9	Saint George	0
Wells-Goodfellow	33.3	Flordell Hills	9.7	Saint John	3.2
West End	32.6	Florissant	1.1	Shrewsbury	1.2
Wydown-Skinker	1.9	Frontenac	1.4	Sunset Hills	2.1
		Glasgow	4.0	Town and Country	1.1
St. Louis County		Glendale	1.0	University City	3.8
Ballwin	0.9	Hazelwood	3.6	Velda City	1.2
Bella Villa	0	Jennings	10.3	Vinita Park	15.1
Bel-Nor	9.4	Kirkwood	1.3	Warson Woods	1.0
Bel-Ridge	9.1	Ladue	1.7	Webster Groves	1.0
Bellefontaine Nghbrs	3.1	Lakeshire	0	†Westwood	0
Berkeley	11.0	Manchester	0.7	Woodson Terrace	1.4
Breckenridge Hills	5.2	Maplewood	5.1	Unincorporated	2.5
Brentwood	2.3	Maryland Heights	1.7		
Bridgeton	7.5	Moline Acres	6.8	St. Charles County	
Calverton Park	3.8	Normandy	7.8	†Augusta	9.2
Charlack	4.9	Northwoods	7.3	Cottleville	2.1
Chesterfield	8.0	Norwood Court	1.8	Foristell	18.1

Geography/Neighbor	VC
Lake St. Louis	1.2
O'Fallon	1.3
Saint Charles	2.9
Saint Peters	2.0
Wentzville	4.9

DATA NOTES:

Calculation: (Total no. of violent crimes x 1000/ Total 2000 population).

Calculations made by Vision for Children at Risk.

Missouri violent crimes include: criminal homicide, negligent manslaughter, forcible rape, attempted rape, robbery, and aggravated assault.

Illinois violent crimes include: murder, criminal sexual assault, robbery, and aggravated assault.

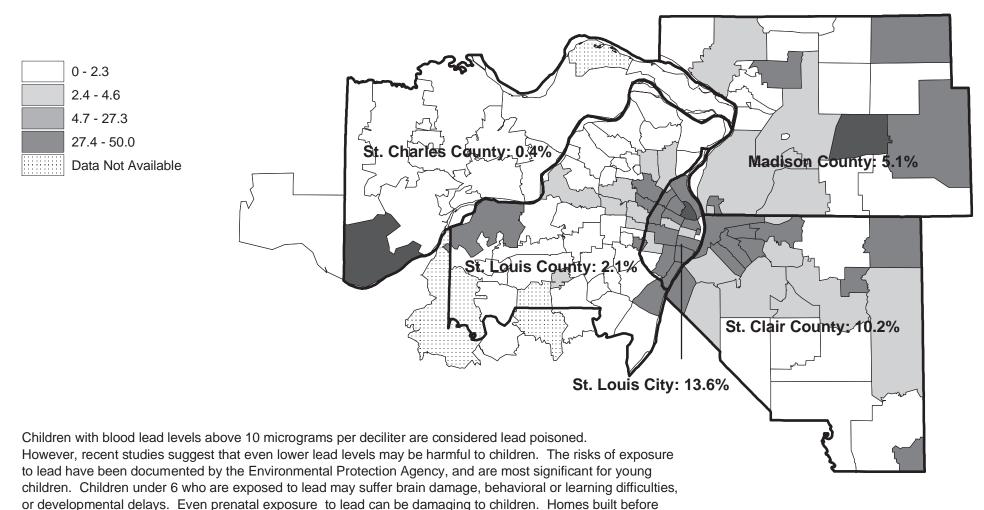
St. Louis City violent crimes include: murder, rape, robbery, and aggravated assault.

In the 2001 CMSL publication, 1999 St. Louis City violent crime data was calculated using 1990 population figures. Because there was a decline in the city's population by 48,500 since 1990, the figures in this publication appear extremely high. Using 2000 census numbers with the 1999 violent crime data used in the last report, the actual violent crime rate for the City of St. Louis was 21.9, compared to 21.4, using the data presented in this report.

Data presented on these pages only reflects those geographies and neighborhoods for which crime data was available.

†Denotes geographies/neighborhoods with a population less than 300.

Percent of Children Tested Who are Lead Poisoned



1978 may contain lead-based paint, and children may also be exposed to lead in soil, drinking water, and the air. A study by the US Department of Housing and Urban Development estimated that 35% of all low-income housing contains lead hazards. The Children's Defense Fund reported that low-income and minority children are at disproportionate risk of lead exposure, even when controlling for the age of housing in which they reside. Lead exposure is an entirely preventable environmental hazard, yet children still face significant risk of exposure and even poisoning when parents are not educated about the risks and preventive measures they could take.

Percent of Children Tested Who are Lead Poisoned CMSL Indicator # 22

DATA SOURCE: Illinois Dept. of Public Health (2002); Missouri Dept. of Health and Senior Services (2002)

ZIP	% Lead	ZIP	% Lead	ZIP	% Lead	ZIP	% Lead	ZIP	% Lead	ZIP	% Lead
†62001	0	62095	0	62260	0	63044	0.3	63121	7.3	63301	8.0
62002	4.2	†6209 7	0	62264	0	63049	*	63122	1.2	63303	0
62010	4.7	62201	11.2	62265	0	63069	*	63123	1.2	63304	0
62012	2.0	62203	7.0	62269	2.2	63074	1.6	63124	0.3	†63332	50.0
62018	1.8	62204	12.2	62275	0	63088	2.4	63125	6.8	†63341	0
†62021	0	62205	13.6	†62281	0	63101	7.7	63126	0.6	†63348	0
62024	0	62206	4.4	62282	*	†63102	0	63127	1.1	†63357	0
62025	2.5	62207	5.6	62285	0	63103	4.2	63128	0	63366	0.3
62034	3.8	62208	2.9	†62289	0	63104	13.2	63129	1.7	63367	0
62035	2.3	62220	4.6	62293	0	63105	2.9	63130	4.3	63373	*
62040	2.5	62221	3.4	62294	0	63106	13.9	63131	0	63376	0.5
†62046	0	62223	3.9	62298	7.7	63107	29.0	63132	2.7	63385	0
62048	0	62225	7.7	63005	5.9	†63108	4.2	63133	9.7	†63386	0
62058	10.0	62226	2.7	63011	2.2	63109	1.8	63134	0.9		
62059	0	62232	10.4	63017	0	63110	13.4	63135	2.5		
62060	11.0	62234	3.8	63021	0.8	63111	13.3	63136	4.6		
†62061	50.0	62236	2.6	63025	0	63112	15.1	63137	1.6		
†62062	0	62239	3.8	63026	0	63113	22.5	63138	1.7		
62067	0	62240	5.0	63031	0.2	63114	2.4	63139	2.5		
†62074	14.3	†62243	0	63033	0.8	63115	16.3	63140	0		
62084	0	62249	8.3	63034	0.5	63116	12.1	63141	0.1		
62086	0	62254	7.4	†63038	0	63117	0.9	63143	7.3		
62087	3.4	†62255	0	63040	0	63118	23.6	63144	0		
62088	11.3	62257	11.1	63042	1.3	63119	0.6	63146	2.8		
62090	3.8	62258	2.7	63043	1.6	63120	16.0	63147	16.5		

DATA NOTES

Calculation: (Number of children with blood lead levels over 10 micrograms per deciliter/Number of children tested) X 100.

Calculations made by Vision for Children at Risk.

^{*} Data Not Available

[†] Denotes ZIP codes with fewer than 10 children tested for lead poisoning.

ECONOMIC OPPORTUNITY

ECONOMIC OPPORTUNITY

The St. Louis community can provide many services to children to ensure that they will live a life free of the complexities of poverty. Investments in primary and secondary school-based programs and curricula that prepare children to succeed in the workforce or higher education are a critical component. Youth also need access to job training that teaches skills that are in demand and that will lead to high wages. This type of training not only includes improved access and preparation for a traditional college degree, but also alternative options such as career academies, vocational and apprenticeship programs. Furthermore, businesses must begin investing in low-income communities with economic development projects that create jobs.

The St. Louis Children's Agenda has identified three **fundamental needs** for which provision must be made to ensure that children are prepared for work and thereby afforded economic opportunity. If these needs are met, when children reach adulthood they will have a better chance to succeed in the workplace and make adequate provision for their economic needs. These fundamental needs are:

- 1. Economically viable families
- 2. Adequate preparation for the work force
- 3. Job opportunities and access

CHILDREN OF METROPOLITAN ST. LOUIS ECONOMIC OPPORTUNITY INDICATORS

- Percent of families with children under age 18 living below the federal poverty level
- Median household income
- Percent of households headed by single mothers
- Unemployment rate

ST. LOUIS CHILDREN'S AGENDA ECONOMIC OPPORTUNITY STRATEGIES

Strategy Thirty: Support Services for School Dropouts- Establish a systematic outreach and support system to maintain contact with youth who have dropped out of school so they can be linked with programs to develop needed life, academic, employment, and job skills.

Lead Agency: Covenant House Missouri

Strategy Thirty-One: Computer Access and Literacy- Establish a network of community-based computer labs to provide all young people with an accessible means of acquiring and refining the computer skills needed to function effectively in school and the work place.

Lead Agency: University of Missouri- St. Louis, Regional Center for Education and Work

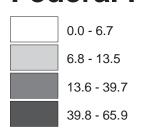
Strategy Thirty-Two: **Youth Employment Clearinghouse-** Expand operations of the regional Youth Employment Clearinghouse as a vehicle for coaching youth in work force preparation, linking them to employment, and providing job support services.

Lead Agency: University of Missouri- St. Louis, Regional Center for Education and Work

Strategy Thirty-Three: Transportation to Work- Establish a low-cost automobile leasing program to provide transportation to work for entry-level and low-income workers and those making the transition from welfare to work.

Lead Agency: University of Missouri- St. Louis, Regional Center for Education and Work

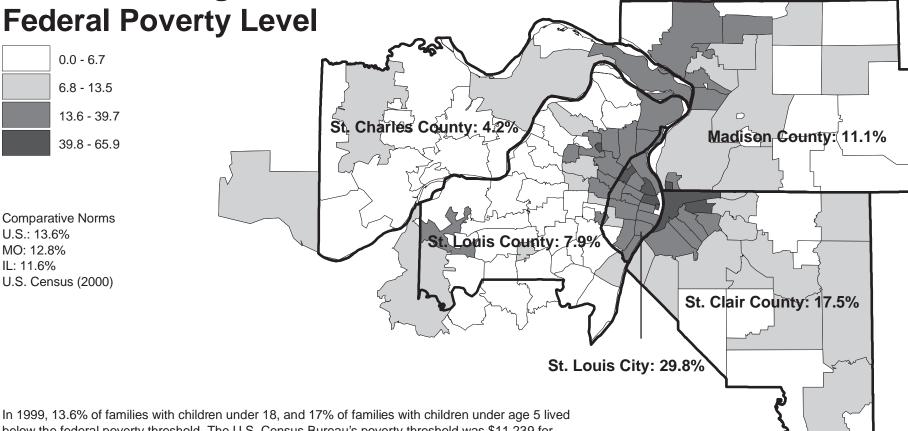
Percent of Families with Children **Under 18 Living Below the**



Comparative Norms

U.S.: 13.6% MO: 12.8% IL: 11.6%

U.S. Census (2000)



In 1999, 13.6% of families with children under 18, and 17% of families with children under age 5 lived below the federal poverty threshold. The U.S. Census Bureau's poverty threshold was \$11,239 for a family of two; \$13,738 for a family of three; and \$17,603 for a family of four. In order for a family to meet their basic needs without private or public assistance, they must meet the Self Sufficiency Standard. Created by Wider Opportunities for Women, this standard calculates income levels needed to sustain various family compositions. For example, in St. Louis City, County, and St. Charles County, an adult with one infant would need to earn \$12.26 an hour, or \$25,500 annually, to meet the standard. In St. Clair County, a family with one adult, one preschooler, and one school aged child would need to earn \$15.53 an hour, or \$32,300 annually, to be self sufficient.

Percent of Families with Children under 18 with Income Below the Federal Poverty Level

CMSL Indicator #23

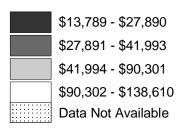
DATA SOURCE: U.S. Census (2000)

ZIP	% < FPL										
62001	7.3	62095	20.1	62260	5.0	63044	4.3	63121	19.4	63301	8.0
62002	20.8	62097	8.7	62264	6.0	63049	4.3	63122	3.7	63303	3.8
62010	8.6	62201	58.6	62265	5.8	63069	8.6	63123	4.4	63304	2.7
62012	6.9	62203	31.7	62269	6.1	63074	18.4	63124	1.8	63332	0
62018	18.5	62204	49.2	62275	7.5	63088	10.8	63125	10.0	63341	3.1
62021	0	62205	28.8	62281	2.5	63101	54.3	63126	2.5	63348	2.4
62024	10.9	62206	33.8	62282	*	63102	0	63127	4.2	63357	8.9
62025	6.9	62207	38.4	62285	6.2	63103	20.1	63128	1.3	63366	5.2
62034	3.7	62208	7.3	62289	0	63104	35.8	63129	3.2	63367	4.1
62035	4.6	62220	13.4	62293	3.8	63105	8.5	63130	15.9	63373	3.3
62040	12.0	62221	8.8	62294	1.9	63106	57.0	63131	1.7	63376	1.9
62046	3.8	62223	8.9	62298	2.2	63107	44.6	63132	8.8	63385	9.2
62048	18.0	62225	1.5	63005	1.3	63108	27.7	63133	29.5	63386	34.0
62058	12.4	62226	13.2	63011	2.2	63109	6.6	63134	21.2		
62059	38.5	62232	12.9	63017	2.4	63110	30.3	63135	14.0		
62060	34.7	62234	9.4	63021	2.6	63111	32.9	63136	23.1		
62061	5.8	62236	3.2	63025	1.9	63112	38.9	63137	14.5		
62062	2.9	62239	6.9	63026	5.6	63113	36.3	63138	14.1		
62067	13.9	62240	10.1	63031	4.2	63114	13.0	63139	10.2		
62074	3.7	62243	6.9	63033	4.1	63115	30.2	63140	65.9		
62084	2.6	62249	4.1	63034	1.4	63116	37.3	63141	3.3		
62086	16.1	62254	12.3	63038	14.0	63117	5.6	63143	15.8		
62087	26.4	62255	12.0	63040	2.0	63118	38.0	63144	3.4		
62088	8.7	62257	6.7	63042	8.3	63119	4.4	63146	3.3		
62090	44.4	62258	11.0	63043	5.3	63120	42.1	63147	26.7		

DATA NOTES

^{*} Data Not Available

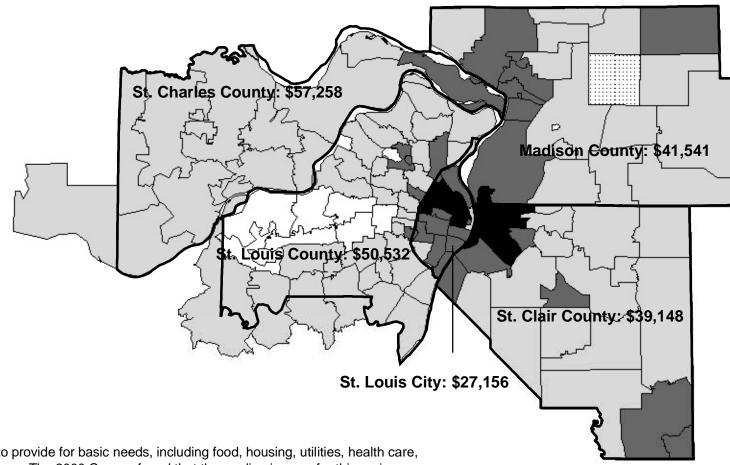
Median Household Income



Comparative Norms

U.S.: \$41,994 MO: \$37,934 IL: \$46,590

U.S. Census (2000)



Families require adequate income to provide for basic needs, including food, housing, utilities, health care, transportation, clothing, and child care. The 2000 Census found that the median income for this region was \$45,090. According to the "Where We Stand Report", published by the East-West Gateway Coordinating Council, the St. Louis area ranks well below average in median income compared to other major metropolitan areas in this country. St. Louis ranks 10th out of 33 metropolitan areas in the severity of regional economic disparity, with city residents experiencing poverty and unemployment at rates over twice those of the surrounding counties. Families without adequate income struggle to make ends meet on a daily basis, and are severly constrained in their ability to save for the future.

Median Household Income

CMSL Indicator #24

DATA SOURCE: Claritas, Inc. (2002)

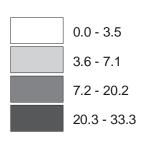
ZIP	Median	ZIP	Median	ZIP	Median	ZIP	Median	ZIP	Median	ZIP	Median
62001	\$51,130	62095	\$36,188	62260	\$57,134	63044	\$61,936	63121	\$42,500	63301	\$46,894
62002	\$35,853	62097	\$46,912	62264	\$43,064	63049	\$47,634	63122	\$74,267	63303	\$68,704
62010	\$50,604	62201	\$16,370	62265	\$45,073	63069	\$48,456	63123	\$47,959	63304	\$77,848
62012	*	62203	\$33,781	62269	\$61,952	63074	\$43,269	63124	\$138,610	63332	\$53,313
62018	\$31,045	62204	\$19,493	62275	*	63088	\$47,509	63125	\$47,130	63341	\$72,020
62021	\$61,828	62205	\$23,301	62281	\$56,080	63101	\$41,842	63126	\$62,383	63348	\$62,843
62024	\$37,688	62206	\$39,641	62282	*	63102	\$49,859	63127	\$70,192	63357	\$45,520
62025	\$53,529	62207	\$17,456	62285	\$52,986	63103	\$26,690	63128	\$68,261	63366	\$61,738
62034	\$63,252	62208	\$49,350	62289	*	63104	\$32,240	63129	\$74,899	63367	\$83,934
62035	\$56,884	62220	\$41,824	62293	\$49,087	63105	\$80,653	63130	\$52,662	63373	\$45,694
62040	\$38,408	62221	\$54,331	62294	\$55,472	63106	\$13,789	63131	\$130,755	63376	\$71,466
62046	*	62223	\$53,438	62298	\$57,017	63107	\$20,318	63132	\$58,238	63385	\$57,383
62048	\$34,204	62225	\$58,100	63005	\$138,103	63108	\$30,730	63133	\$29,949	63386	\$32,283
62058	*	62226	\$45,355	63011	\$95,298	63109	\$48,460	63134	\$41,547		
62059	*	62232	\$44,159	63017	\$112,854	63110	\$31,242	63135	\$50,221		
62060	\$24,360	62234	\$46,302	63021	\$85,416	63111	\$32,285	63136	\$41,116		
62061	\$45,500	62236	\$60,605	63025	\$87,024	63112	\$25,749	63137	\$46,568		
62062	\$59,554	62239	\$44,195	63026	\$63,391	63113	\$21,220	63138	\$53,869		
62067	\$48,458	62240	\$41,030	63031	\$60,563	63114	\$46,530	63139	\$41,248		
62074	\$37,237	62243	\$59,120	63033	\$60,456	63115	\$24,407	63140	\$28,036		
62084	\$35,703	62249	\$54,891	63034	\$86,495	63116	\$39,137	63141	\$109,928		
62086	*	62254	\$44,164	63038	\$125,086	63117	\$52,328	63143	\$34,678		
62087	\$36,684	62255	\$35,025	63040	\$93,393	63118	\$32,943	63144	\$63,752		
62088	*	62257	\$34,544	63042	\$56,878	63119	\$63,377	63146	\$72,150		
62090	\$20,664	62258	\$50,055	63043	\$69,404	63120	\$27,565	63147	\$39,408		

DATA NOTES

The median income represents the midpoint of all incomes within the ZIP code, with half of the figures lying above the median and half lying below.

^{*} Data Not Available

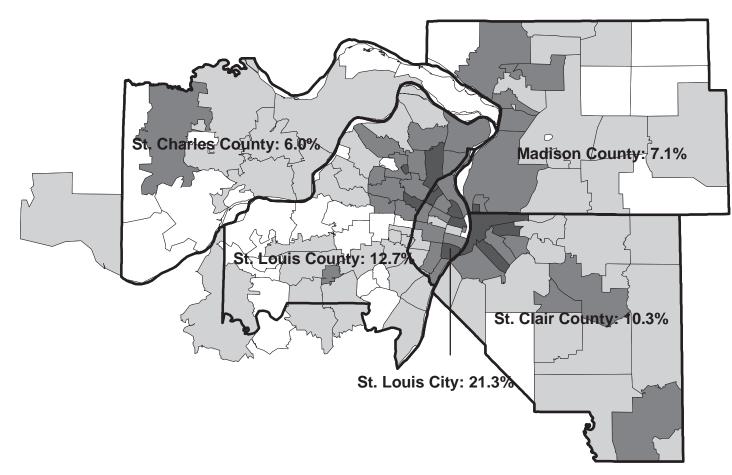
Percent of Households Headed by Single Mothers



Comparative Norms

U.S.: 7.2% MO: 7.1% IL: 8.1%

U.S. Census (2000)



The U.S. Census Bureau estimates 7% of all U.S. households were headed by single mothers in 1999, up from 5% three decades earlier. Although poverty rates among these households have improved to 34% in 1999 from 42% in 1989, many of these families have an annual income just above the federal poverty threshold. Approximately 60% of single mother headed households make less than \$25,000 a year. Children raised by a single mother are more likely to engage in risky behavior, abuse drugs and alcohol, engage in sex at younger ages, commit crimes, and perform poorly in school.

Percent of Households Headed by Single Mothers

CMSL Indicator #25

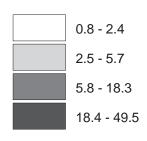
DATA SOURCE: U.S. Census (2000)

ZIP	% HH										
62001	1.3	62095	8.2	62260	3.2	63044	4.9	63121	13.7	63301	6.2
62002	9.4	62097	5.2	62264	4.3	63049	5.7	63122	4.3	63303	5.1
62010	7.2	62201	26.9	62265	6.5	63069	6.8	63123	4.1	63304	5.8
62012	5.3	62203	17.6	62269	5.6	63074	8.9	63124	1.5	63332	1.8
62018	10.2	62204	27.3	62275	1.3	63088	8.4	63125	6.4	63341	2.1
62021	4.9	62205	15.4	62281	3.4	63101	9.4	63126	2.7	63348	2.3
62024	6.2	62206	19.4	62282	*	63102	1.7	63127	3.5	63357	4.8
62025	5.5	62207	22.3	62285	6.4	63103	5.1	63128	2.7	63366	5.8
62034	4.1	62208	5.8	62289	1.9	63104	15.5	63129	4.4	63367	2.8
62035	0	62220	7.6	62293	3.9	63105	3.3	63130	9.8	63373	2.3
62040	7.9	62221	8.0	62294	5.3	63106	31.2	63131	2.6	63376	5.8
62046	3.3	62223	5.8	62298	3.9	63107	22.9	63132	8.7	63385	8.9
62048	7.9	62225	6.8	63005	1.1	63108	5.4	63133	21.3	63386	3.5
62058	6.5	62226	8.2	63011	3.8	63109	4.0	63134	15.2		
62059	9.5	62232	5.8	63017	3.0	63110	16.7	63135	13.4		
62060	15.5	62234	6.6	63021	4.8	63111	12.1	63136	21.3		
62061	5.3	62236	3.2	63025	3.1	63112	16.0	63137	15.0		
62062	7.5	62239	5.7	63026	6.6	63113	16.9	63138	16.2		
62067	4.5	62240	5.8	63031	6.6	63114	10.8	63139	4.7		
62074	2.2	62243	5.6	63033	8.1	63115	16.1	63140	33.3		
62084	6.3	62249	3.7	63034	4.0	63116	8.1	63141	2.3		
62086	*	62254	5.3	63038	2.7	63117	4.3	63143	6.0		
62087	12.9	62255	8.5	63040	3.4	63118	21.3	63144	4.0		
62088	3.8	62257	5.1	63042	8.9	63119	4.8	63146	3.7		
62090	25.9	62258	4.7	63043	5.9	63120	23.4	63147	17.2		

DATA NOTES

^{*} Data Not Available

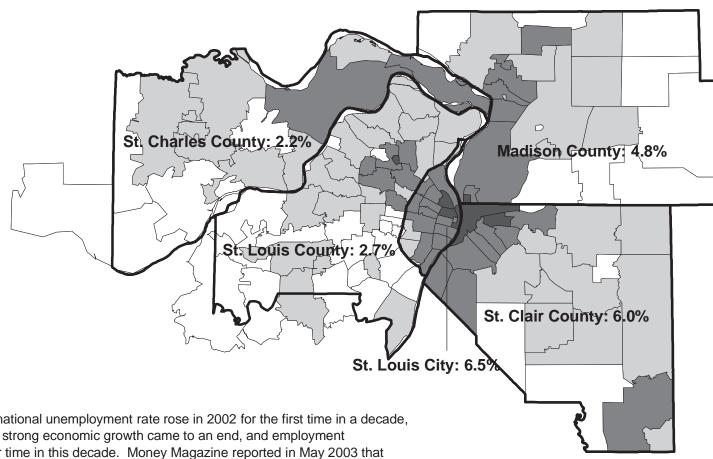
Unemployment Rate



Comparative Norms

U.S.: 5.8% MO: 5.3% IL: 6.0%

U.S. Census (2000)



According to the Bureau of Labor, the national unemployment rate rose in 2002 for the first time in a decade, and is currently over 6%. Ten years of strong economic growth came to an end, and employment prospects are weaker than at any other time in this decade. Money Magazine reported in May 2003 that the labor market is in its longest slump since World War II. While some sectors are experiencing modest growth, many are declining. Hundreds of thousands of jobs have been cut in the last 22 months from the manufacturing, retail, and service sectors where unskilled and low-skilled labor is concentrated. The Children's Defense Fund reported that families with children have been hit especially hard by economic decline, as fully half of the employment rate gains made in the last decade have been lost. The nation's income support programs, including TANF and unemployment insurance, are poorly prepared to deal with the challenges of a recession.

Unemployment Rate CMSL Indicator # 26

DATA SOURCE: U.S. Census (2000)

ZIP	% Unemp										
62001	0.8	62095	6.1	62260	2.2	63044	4.7	63121	8.3	63301	8.3
62002	3.1	62097	3.3	62264	1.8	63049	2.7	63122	2.4	63303	2.9
62010	4.4	62201	22.7	62265	2.0	63069	2.2	63123	1.7	63304	3.2
62012	2.3	62203	9.8	62269	4.0	63074	7.0	63124	2.5	63332	1.9
62018	11.9	62204	20.2	62275	2.1	63088	4.8	63125	2.3	63341	2.2
62021	0.9	62205	17.6	62281	1.2	63101	15.2	63126	3.0	63348	1.8
62024	6.1	62206	11.2	62282	*	63102	49.5	63127	2.0	63357	1.9
62025	3.3	62207	16.0	62285	5.5	63103	17.2	63128	2.0	63366	3.1
62034	3.3	62208	3.0	62289	2.6	63104	9.7	63129	2.7	63367	2.8
62035	2.4	62220	5.1	62293	0.9	63105	1.8	63130	9.9	63373	5.5
62040	7.3	62221	4.6	62294	1.2	63106	25.1	63131	1.9	63376	2.4
62046	3.0	62223	4.2	62298	1.6	63107	22.1	63132	4.4	63385	3.8
62048	7.3	62225	2.3	63005	0.8	63108	12.9	63133	5.3	63386	5.9
62058	6.3	62226	5.1	63011	2.2	63109	3.2	63134	10.0		
62059	7.0	62232	6.8	63017	2.5	63110	13.7	63135	6.5		
62060	15.8	62234	2.4	63021	2.7	63111	11.0	63136	4.6		
62061	5.4	62236	1.2	63025	1.4	63112	14.3	63137	3.7		
62062	2.2	62239	5.8	63026	1.4	63113	15.3	63138	3.1		
62067	7.8	62240	7.2	63031	4.0	63114	6.1	63139	4.9		
62074	2.4	62243	5.3	63033	4.0	63115	15.1	63140	33.0		
62084	4.5	62249	1.5	63034	4.1	63116	6.1	63141	2.8		
62086	*	62254	4.0	63038	2.4	63117	1.8	63143	2.4		
62087	7.9	62255	6.5	63040	2.9	63118	14.1	63144	2.2		
62088	2.4	62257	3.4	63042	4.3	63119	1.5	63146	2.5		
62090	21.1	62258	5.4	63043	3.0	63120	8.6	63147	12.3		

DATA NOTES

The unemployment data captures only a point-in-time snapshot of the civilian labor force 16-years old and over who did not have a job, had been looking for employment for the previous four weeks, and are available to start a job.

^{*} Data Not Available

COMMUNITY CAPACITY BUILDING

COMMUNITY CAPACITY BUILDING

In addition to the Children's Agenda strategies outlined in previous sections of this report that are targeted to specific problems, needs, and opportunities, two strategies have been identified to increase the overall capacity of the St. Louis community to effectively address the needs of its children.

ST. LOUIS CHILDREN'S AGENDA COMMUNITY CAPACITY BUILDING STRATEGIES

Strategy Thirty-four: P.R. Campaign to Promote Best Interests of the Community's Children- Initiate a region-wide public information and education campaign focused on establishing the well-being of the community's children as a primary criterion for civic action. Model the campaign on the Kansas City initiative, *Is It Good for the Children?*

Lead Agency: Vision for Children at Risk

Strategy Thirty-five: Dedicated Children Revenues- Explore use in the St. Louis metropolitan area of mechanisms for generating revenues dedicated to addressing the problems and needs of the community's children. Particular attention should be paid to overcoming the problem created by the large resource disparities among jurisdictions in the St. Louis metropolitan region.

Lead Agency: No lead agency identified

ST. LOUIS CHILDREN'S AGENDA COMMUNITY CAPACITY BUILDING

Beyond addressing specific problems, needs, and opportunities that face St. Louis children and their families, a civic infrastructure must be put in place so this metropolitan region has the capacity to promote the overall well-being of children and youth. Most major metropolitan areas have done a better job than St. Louis in establishing the well-being of children as a civic priority, putting mechanisms in place to strategically address children's needs, and pursuing promotion of child well-being as a component strategy of overall community and economic development. If the St. Louis region is to be viable and competitive, the well-being of children must be made a civic priority. The community must invest in youth. Top political, corporate, and philanthropic leaders must become involved.

Community capacity to promote the well-being of children and youth involves the ability to perform eight key functions:

- 1. Research
- 2. Public education and awareness
- 3. Civic engagement
- 4. Agenda and goal setting
- 5. Policy and program development and implementation
- 6. Resource development
- 7. Outcomes evaluation
- 8. Advocacy

Some of the strategies in the St. Louis Children's Agenda are directed to performance of these functions. The St. Louis Regional Children's Advocacy Coalition also has been established expressly to advance advocacy on behalf of children and increase civic engagement in addressing children's issues. An additional need is to incorporate efforts to promote the well-being of the community's children and youth in to overall metropolitan community and economic development efforts.

COMPOSITE TABLES

This section contains indicator summary tables for each ZIP code and school district. Not all indicators were available for each ZIP code or school district.

Under 18: Percent of population under the age of 18Under 5: Percent of population under the age of 5Minority: Percent of population that is minorityTANF: Percent of children receiving TANF

Food Stps: Percent of children receiving Food Stamps **Alt Care:** Rate of children living in alternative care per 1,000

SCHIP: Percent of children receiving SCHIP

CA Rate: Child abuse/neglect rate per 1,000 (MO); Indicated child abuse/neglect rate per 1,000 (IL)

CA Reports: Percent of child abuse/neglect reports that required follow-up services (MO); Percent of indicated child

abuse/neglect reports (IL)

CC Cap: Licensed child care capacity

CC Rate: Average weekly market rate for child care **Teen Birth:** Percent of births to teenage mothers **Low BW:** Percent of births with low birth weight

Prenatal: Percent of births with no or inadequate prenatal care

IMR: Five year infant mortality rate per 1,000 live births **Lead:** Percent of children tested who are lead poisoned

Poverty: Percent of families with children under 18 living below the Federal Poverty Level

Median Inc: Median household income

Single Mom: Percent of households headed by single mothers

Unemployed: Unemployment rate

Dropout: Drop out rate

Grad: Four-year graduation rate **Ratio:** Pupil to teacher ratio

Expend: Average expenditure per pupil

F/R Lunch: Percent of student eligible for free or reduced lunch

Disability: Percent of students with a disability

LEP: Percent of students with limited English proficiency

ZIP	Under 18	Under 5	Minority	TANF	Food Stps	Alt Care	SCHIP	CA Rate	CA Reports	CC Cap	CC Rate
62001	20.8	4.5	1.8	0.9	8.1	*	*	*	63.6	68	\$77.00
62002	24.9	6.7	25.3	5.4	26.0	6.0	8.0	0.1	28.5	1,243	\$101.00
62010	25.9	5.9	2.8	2.0	8.9	3.6	0.9	0.4	42.0	243	\$103.00
62012	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	21.9	*	*
62018	26.6	6.7	7.1	5.7	31.3	1.8	1.4	56.9	42.0	15	\$90.00
62021	24	4.8	2.9	0.5	1.5	*	*	0	25	*	*
62024	23.8	5.9	3.4	2.6	19.8	2.4	1.0	22.3	38.9	132	\$102.00
62025	22.3	5.4	11.4	0.8	5.4	1.3	0.4	3.3	25.0	957	\$125.00
62034	25.6	6.9	10.7	0.8	4.1	2.0	0.2	5.9	30.3	646	\$120.00
62035	22.8	5.7	7.5	*	8.5	3.2	*	11.5	34.6	112	\$91.00
62040	24.8	6.1	8.0	5.2	19.7	2.8	0.4	17.8	27.7	1,086	\$92.00
62046	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	33.3	124	\$114.00
62048	23.3	5.9	1.9	1.2	19.3	6.1	0.9	64.4	37.5	*	*
62058	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	37.5	*	*
62059	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	62.5	*	*
62060	29.2	7.0	58.6	14.5	43.2	10.9	0.5	15.1	25.7	65	\$89.00
62061	26.0	6.3	2.3	0.3	5.2	*	*	0	28.6	50	\$106.00
62062	24.9	6.8	6.3	0.6	3.7	5.6	0.2	5.6	43.8	224	\$111.00
62067	24.4	5.1	2.8	0.3	4.7	*	0.5	1.6	40.0	107	\$90.00
62074	24.8	5.2	2.5	*	4.5	9.4	0.7	0	20.0	24	\$87.00
62084	23.4	6.4	1.9	1.2	14.9	*	0.3	12.2	30.8	125	\$108.00
62086	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	23.1	*	*
62087	28.1	6.3	3.1	5.6	26.8	3.8	3.1	34.5	37.9	12	\$125.00
62088	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	21.6	*	*
62090	37.0	10.4	93.2	16.5	52.9	5.2	*	33.0	38.2	96	\$90.00
62095	23.5	6.4	3.3	2.3	18.1	2.0	0.9	20.5	33.3	40	\$100.00
62097	23.7	5.6	2.3	0.2	6.0	1.7	0.7	3.3	10.0	10	\$97.00
62201	36.3	12.1	88.1	12.9	46.1	7.1	0.2	9.9	27.5	538	\$103.00
62203	28.4	6.4	94.7	12.5	43.3	24.7	0.8	13.6	32.8	689	\$93.00
62204	37.0	9.3	97.1	17.6	65.5	13.4	0.3	22.6	27.9	360	\$92.00
62205	27.1	6.1	98.9	14.6	54.8	17.4	0.7	14.0	30.9	765	\$93.00
62206	33.9	7.8	50.9	10.5	40.5	6.2	0.8	14.9	22.6	678	\$91.00
62207	34.5	9.1	98.1	18.4	64.3	13.4	0.3	13.4	26.0	436	\$92.00

ZIP	Teen Birth	Low Bw	Prenatal	IMR	Lead	Poverty	Median Inc	Single Mom	Unemployed
62001	15.4	7.7	7.7	**	0	7.3	\$51,130	1.3	0.8
62002	16.2	5.6	5.2	5.8	4.2	20.8	\$35,853	9.4	3.1
62010	7.3	5.2	3.1	**	4.7	8.6	50,604	7.2	4.4
62012	11.1	4.2	0	*	2.0	6.9	*	5.3	2.3
62018	21.7	2.2	4.3	**	1.8	18.5	\$31,045	10.2	11.9
62021	50.0	0	0	*	0	0	\$61,828	4.9	0.9
62024	19.3	3.7	6.4	**	0	10.9	\$37,688	6.2	6.1
62025	7.1	4.0	2.8	5.9	2.5	6.9	\$53,529	5.5	3.3
62034	2.0	4.0	1.0	**	3.8	3.7	\$63,252	4.1	3.3
62035	8.9	3.8	3.8	**	2.3	4.6	\$56,884	0	2.4
62040	19.8	5.3	7.3	7.0	2.5	12.0	\$38,408	7.9	7.3
62046	12.5	0	0	*	0	3.8	*	3.3	3.0
62048	14.3	0	0	*	0	18.0	\$34,204	7.9	7.3
62058	0	0	0	*	10.0	12.4	*	6.5	6.3
62059	0	0	33.3	*	0	38.5	*	9.5	7.0
62060	23.3	5.5	21.9	**	11.0	34.7	\$24,360	15.5	15.8
62061	18.2	0	0	*	50.0	5.8	\$45,500	5.3	5.4
62062	1.9	5.6	1.9	*	0	2.9	\$59,554	7.5	2.2
62067	20.8	4.2	0	*	0	13.9	\$48,458	4.5	7.8
62074	0	0	0	**	14.3	3.7	\$37,237	2.2	2.4
62084	9.1	0	0	**	0	2.6	\$35,703	6.3	4.5
62086	26.1	13.0	4.3	**	0	16.1	*	*	*
62087	20.8	0	4.2	*	3.4	26.4	\$36,684	12.9	7.9
62088	12.0	4.8	3.6	**	11.3	8.7	*	3.8	2.4
62090	18.5	11.1	22.2	**	3.8	44.4	\$20,664	25.9	21.1
62095	10.8	1.5	3.8	**	0	20.1	\$36,188	8.2	6.1
62097	12.1	3.0	0	*	0	8.7	\$46,912	5.2	3.3
62201	15.1	12.0	18.7	**	11.2	58.6	\$16,370	26.9	22.7
62203	38.7	7.3	16.1	**	7.0	31.7	\$33,781	17.6	9.8
62204	32.8	12.6	22.7	9.6	12.2	49.2	\$19,493	27.3	20.2
62205	36.1	9.5	19.6	**	13.6	28.8	\$23,301	15.4	17.6
62206	30.0	11.5	17.1	11.4	4.4	33.8	\$39,641	19.4	11.2
62207	27.8	11.4	29.5	**	5.6	38.4	\$17,456	22.3	16.0

ZIP	Under 18	Under 5	Minority	TANF	Food Stps	Alt Care	SCHIP	CA Rate	CA Reports	CC Cap	CC Rate
62208	23.2	5.7	24.4	1.4	8.1	3.9	0.7	4.5	17.4	430	\$97.00
62220	25.8	6.6	17.7	3.5	14.6	8.0	0.8	9.5	18.8	346	\$99.00
62221	26.4	7.3	24.3	1.7	8.0	4.8	0.5	4.3	25.8	833	\$101.00
62223	22.5	5.1	17.3	1.5	9.9	4.2	0.6	5.5	18.6	598	\$101.00
62225	40.1	11.5	22.2	*	0.8	0.9	0	2.7	25.0	*	*
62226	23.4	5.9	20.4	2.7	10.7	5.8	0.4	5.3	15.6	505	\$100.00
62232	24.0	6.0	12.6	3.0	16.4	6.5	0.9	8.9	23.1	249	\$99.00
62234	23.5	6.1	9.5	2.4	12.3	2.5	0.7	10.9	28.9	620	\$104.00
62236	26.3	6.6	2.0	0.3	1.4	2.2	0.2	2.5	23.5	631	\$130.00
62239	25.0	6.1	3.5	2.6	12.1	9.1	0.8	5.0	21.6	130	\$121.00
62240	27.4	6.2	3.7	4.1	19.7	*	0.4	9.4	19.0	*	*
62243	27.8	5.8	3.9	*	2.8	2.7	*	4.0	15.4	104	\$109
62249	26.8	6.3	2.2	0.4	2.8	*	0.6	5.1	28.2	509	\$87.00
62254	24.3	5.6	17.0	1.1	9.7	1.5	0.3	5.3	29.4	91	\$96.00
62255	27.8	6.5	1.7	5.3	19.9	3.0	0.3	11.9	14.3	*	*
62257	25.2	5.7	2.0	4.1	12.3	*	0.9	9.7	20.0	6	\$91.00
62258	26.1	5.2	7.7	1.4	6.9	2.1	0.2	3.2	14.8	192	\$86.00
62260	24.6	5.9	2.4	0.6	4.2	1.3	*	3.3	12.0	232	\$98.00
62264	25.0	6.0	2.3	1.1	9.7	4.8	0.2	3.6	37.5	62	\$95.00
62265	27.1	6.4	5.4	1.0	6.6	1.6	0.3	9.7	7.7	65	\$88.00
62269	27.5	6.4	18.4	1.3	5.6	1.7	0.3	3.7	27.2	657	\$109.00
62275	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	28.0	*	*
62281	26.7	5.9	2.9	0.6	3.3	4.2	0.4	0	20.0	43	\$89.00
62282	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	68	\$103.00
62285	26.0	6.5	2.8	0.6	2.5	*	*	6.3	12.5	210	\$93.00
62289	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	0	*	*
62293	25.5	6.1	2.7	0.5	1.8	*	0.4	3.5	22.2	40	\$86
62294	28.8	6.8	5.2	0.6	4.3	4.5	0.3	5.9	28.9	447	\$105.00
62298	26.2	6.4	1.7	0.2	2.5	1.1	0.3	4.8	44.7	457	\$119.00
63005	31.3	7.2	8.3	0	0.1	0.8	0.2	0.2	20.0	259	\$180.50
63011	31.3	7.6	9.5	0.4	8.0	1.3	8.0	1	23.1	986	\$162
63017	22.6	4.8	10.6	0.2	0.4	1.7	0.6	2	48.4	541	\$165.00
63021	29.3	7.9	8.9	0.2	1.1	2.1	1.0	2.5	40.6	708	\$162.00

ZIP	Teen Birth	Low Bw	Prenatal	IMR	Lead	Poverty	Median Inc	Single Mom	Unemployed
62208	12.7	5.3	5.3	**	2.9	7.3	\$49,350	5.8	3.0
62220	14.5	7.5	2.0	**	4.6	13.4	\$41,824	7.6	5.1
62221	9.5	6.6	2.0	5.7	3.4	8.8	\$54,331	8.0	4.6
62223	9.6	6.6	4.8	**	3.9	8.9	\$53,438	5.8	4.2
62225	4.7	8.5	0	**	7.7	1.5	\$58,100	6.8	2.3
62226	10.8	6.9	2.3	**	2.7	13.2	\$45,355	8.2	5.1
62232	11.5	9.2	8.0	**	10.4	12.9	\$44,159	5.8	6.8
62234	13.9	5.2	5.7	3.2	3.8	9.4	\$46,302	6.6	2.4
62236	0	0	4.2	**	2.6	3.2	\$60,605	3.2	1.2
62239	11.5	11.5	7.7	**	3.8	6.9	\$44,195	5.7	5.8
62240	27.8	11.1	5.6	**	5.0	10.1	\$41,030	5.8	7.2
62243	11.8	5.9	2.0	*	0	6.9	\$59,120	5.6	5.3
62249	12.4	0.7	4.4	**	8.3	4.1	\$54,891	3.7	1.5
62254	10.3	2.6	2.6	**	7.4	12.3	\$44,164	5.3	4.0
62255	16.7	0	16.7	*	0	12.0	\$35,025	8.5	6.5
62257	12.5	3.1	9.4	*	11.1	6.7	\$34,544	5.1	3.4
62258	11.0	4.9	1.2	**	2.7	11.0	\$50,055	4.7	5.4
62260	5.7	2.9	0	*	0	5.0	\$57,134	3.2	2.2
62264	12.5	0	0	*	0	6.0	\$43,064	4.3	1.8
62265	7.5	0	0	*	0	5.8	\$45,073	6.5	2.0
62269	6.6	3.1	3.5	**	2.2	6.1	\$61,952	5.6	4.0
62275	9.1	6.1	6.1	*	0	7.5	*	1.3	2.1
62281	9.1	9.1	0	*	0	2.5	\$56,080	3.4	1.2
62282	14.3	0	0	**	*	*	*	*	*
62285	7.1	9.5	2.4	*	0	6.2	\$52,986	6.4	5.5
62289	16.7	0	0	*	0	0	*	1.9	2.6
62293	8.6	2.9	2.9	*	0	3.8	\$49,087	3.9	0.9
62294	6.8	11.9	1.7	**	0	1.9	\$55,472	5.3	1.2
62298	6.3	3.1	1.6	*	7.7	2.2	\$57,017	3.9	1.6
63005	0	4.7	0.6	*	5.9	1.3	\$138,103	1.1	0.8
63011	0.9	7.6	1.7	3.5	2.2	2.2	\$95,298	3.8	2.2
63017	1.2	7.0	0.9	5.0	0	2.4	\$112,854	3.0	2.5
63021	1.9	7.3	2.1	5.0	0.8	2.6	\$85,416	4.8	2.7

ZIP	Under 18	Under 5	Minority	TANF	Food Stps	Alt Care	SCHIP	CA Rate	CA Reports	CC Cap	CC Rate
63025	31.4	8.0	3.1	0.5	2.0	2.5	1.1	2.5	19.2	240	\$140.00
63026	28.3	7.6	3.9	2.1	6.2	2.2	2.3	5.2	39.3	656	\$131.50
63031	26.2	6.5	16.7	1.6	5.3	18.4	3.1	3.1	20.4	526	\$114.00
63033	25.5	6.1	50.9	3.1	9.0	15.1	4.2	3.4	24.1	610	\$97.00
63034	27.2	5.1	36.3	1.0	2.4	7.4	1.7	2.4	36.0	80	\$169.00
63038	32.9	7.3	5.6	0	0.5	1.9	0.7	1.0	28.6	177	\$191.00
63040	33.6	9.7	6.6	0	0.3	*	0.7	0.7	33.3	188	\$192.50
63042	23.0	6.0	23.8	2.7	10.2	5.9	5.1	6.6	20.0	565	\$127.00
63043	22.4	6.0	15.8	1.5	4.0	5.0	1.8	3.4	21.4	323	\$137.00
63044	21.9	4.8	15.3	1.7	4.7	24.9	2.8	1.9	14.3	232	\$125.00
63049	27.7	6.9	2.7	1.5	8.5	19.1	3.8	12.8	34.1	188	\$106.00
63069	25.3	6.4	7.7	2.6	7.3	4.2	4.3	16.9	44.7	143	\$85.50
63074	22.2	6.3	21.4	5.1	14.6	9.2	6.5	9.5	29.9	85	\$122.00
63088	23.7	9.2	11.4	3.7	7.4	2.7	3.7	17.1	53.1	117	\$184.50
63101	25.2	8.3	91.3	62.1	91.9	505.1	11.1	25.3	26.7	*	*
63102	2.7	1.2	44.6	32.4	76.5	117.6	2.9	352.9	50.0	*	*
63103	5.6	1.8	57.6	61.4	74.8	47.2	13.4	35.4	30.4	470	\$138.50
63104	27.5	8.3	63.0	25.0	47.9	18.3	4.6	33.1	42.9	318	\$117.50
63105	19.1	3.7	16.8	0.3	1.0	5.8	0.9	1.1	20.0	294	\$221.50
63106	37.5	10.7	95.9	41.2	71.3	22.0	4.8	24.7	34.8	343	\$106.50
63107	33.6	7.7	92.3	32.0	56.0	21.8	5.2	24.1	33.2	394	\$86.00
63108	10.9	3.0	51.6	19.7	36.3	56.7	4.3	20.2	39.0	489	\$119
63109	19.1	5.9	8.9	3.1	5.8	3.8	4.3	3.2	26.4	153	\$127.00
63110	28.8	7.3	61.5	18.7	39.0	18.1	4.6	14.2	33.1	567	\$106.00
63111	26.0	7.5	37.5	16.3	35.8	13.3	8.1	13.9	26.1	286	\$100.50
63112	25.4	6.1	82.6	31.2	55.1	27.1	5.6	22.8	36.7	487	\$92.50
63113	28.9	6.0	99.1	32.1	57.0	35.7	6.0	22.6	26.6	477	\$81.00
63114	25.2	6.7	29.4	7.3	18.5	15.6	6.5	8.7	29.6	565	\$102.00
63115	28.1	6.5	99.3	27.3	50.5	29.5	6.2	21.6	40.9	981	\$88.00
63116	24.7	7.2	32.6	10.9	21.3	7.7	7.6	9.5	27.2	407	\$101.50
63117	19.3	5.1	19.8	2.8	7.1	10.7	1.9	0.6	5.0	86	\$164.00
63118	33.1	8.6	69.1	24.3	47	19.3	6.3	33.9	41.1	893	\$94.00
63119	22.6	5.7	12.1	1.6	3.2	17.2	1.8	2.1	17.0	374	\$136.50

ZIP	Teen Birth	Low Bw	Prenatal	IMR	Lead	Poverty	Median Inc	Single Mom	Unemployed
63025	3.1	6.2	1.2	*	0	1.9	\$87,024	3.1	1.4
63026	6.0	6.7	4.3	4.4	0	5.6	\$63,391	6.6	1.4
63031	7.4	8.9	6.9	8	0.2	4.2	\$60,563	6.6	4.0
63033	8.7	7.4	8.7	14.5	0.8	4.1	\$60,456	8.1	4.0
63034	4.7	10.9	5.5	*	0.5	1.4	\$86,495	4	4.1
63038	3.0	9.0	1.5	*	0	14.0	\$125,086	2.7	2.4
63040	0.8	4.2	0.8	*	0	2.0	\$93,393	3.4	2.9
63042	11.5	4.5	7.0	6.9	1.3	8.3	\$56,878	8.9	4.3
63043	4.1	5.8	3.8	6.8	1.6	5.3	\$69,404	5.9	3.0
63044	13.1	5.1	9.5	*	0.3	4.3	\$61,936	4.9	4.7
63049	8.4	8.9	6.9	5.8	*	4.3	\$47,634	5.7	2.7
63069	10.3	6.3	7.4	*	*	8.6	\$48,456	6.8	2.2
63074	8.1	10.9	10.5	14.7	1.6	18.4	\$43,269	8.9	7.0
63088	5.4	6.0	2.0	*	2.4	10.8	\$47,509	8.4	4.8
63101	8.0	8.0	12.0	**	7.7	54.3	\$41,842	9.4	15.2
63102	0	25.0	0	**	0	0	\$49,859	1.7	49.5
63103	9.8	17.1	24.4	**	4.2	20.1	\$26,690	5.1	17.2
63104	15.9	12.0	22.4	11.5	13.2	35.8	\$32,240	15.5	9.7
63105	1.8	7.1	0	**	2.9	8.5	\$80,653	3.3	1.8
63106	24.4	15.5	31.5	18.7	13.9	57.0	\$13,789	31.2	25.1
63107	24.0	18.1	31.6	18.7	29.0	44.6	\$20,318	22.9	22.1
63108	10.8	10.2	13.9	**	4.2	27.7	\$30,730	5.4	12.9
63109	4.2	6.0	1.8	6.1	1.8	6.6	\$48,460	4.0	3.2
63110	15.7	12.5	19.5	17.7	13.4	30.3	\$31,242	16.7	13.7
63111	21.4	11.5	17.4	12.6	13.3	32.9	\$32,285	12.1	11.0
63112	24.6	14.1	22.6	13.8	15.1	38.9	\$25,749	16.0	14.3
63113	31.0	16.9	36.7	16.3	22.5	36.3	\$21,220	16.9	15.3
63114	13.3	10.5	12.3	10.4	2.4	13.0	\$46,530	10.8	6.1
63115	25.9	9.2	25.6	20.1	16.3	30.2	\$24,407	16.1	15.1
63116	14.7	8.5	9.9	9.2	12.1	37.3	\$39,137	8.1	6.1
63117	3.3	12.5	4.2	**	0.9	5.6	\$52,328	4.3	1.8
63118	25.2	12.7	25.9	12.1	23.6	38.0	\$32,943	21.3	14.1
63119	3.0	7.6	2.4	4.8	0.6	4.4	\$63,377	4.8	1.5

ZIP	Under 18	Under 5	Minority	TANF	Food Stps	Alt Care	SCHIP	CA Rate	CA Reports	CC Cap	CC Rate
63120	35.2	7.4	95.9	25.8	50.3	21.8	5.2	26.7	33.1	492	\$87.50
63121	26.4	6.5	84.3	14.1	34.1	27.8	7.9	9.3	28.7	933	\$89.50
63122	23.9	6.3	8.3	1.3	2.8	3.0	1.4	1.8	23.7	494	\$164.00
63123	20.4	5.1	5.4	0.7	3.4	5.1	3.7	3.3	28.9	210	\$159.00
63124	22.4	4.5	6.8	0.2	0.3	2.3	0.8	0.9	25.0	*	*
63125	21.7	5.4	5.9	3.9	11.7	4.8	6.1	11.8	43.9	235	\$121.50
63126	20.4	4.6	5.4	0.6	1.3	4.1	2.4	6.0	50.0	50	\$105.00
63127	20.3	3.6	4.9	0.2	2.9	4.5	2.0	16.8	68.8	234	\$165.00
63128	20.6	4.4	3.1	0.5	1.0	4.2	1.0	1.2	33.3	753	\$142.00
63129	25.6	5.7	3.9	0.4	2.0	3.1	1.4	2.1	32.4	933	\$284.00
63130	20.9	5.6	50.7	7.9	18.2	22.3	4.9	5.2	34.7	770	\$105.00
63131	25.8	5.4	6.5	0.1	0.5	2.1	0.1	0.2	11.1	*	*
63132	22.9	5.7	45.5	7.4	16.9	17.7	4.8	5.3	24.3	204	\$111.50
63133	31.6	7.2	90.8	24.7	61.3	28.5	8.1	13.9	28.9	535	\$93.00
63134	30.0	7.3	64.9	11.7	32.2	17.7	6.8	16.8	33.1	314	\$110.00
63135	29.7	6.6	51.7	8.5	22.0	15.9	7.5	7.4	27.4	522	\$93.00
63136	32.0	8.0	86.3	13.7	33.6	24.5	8.0	10.3	27.8	1,475	\$95.00
63137	27.3	6.6	54.0	8.4	21.0	17.9	8.6	8.1	30.8	308	\$87.00
63138	30.4	8.7	62.4	8.2	23.8	18.1	6.4	8.7	25.2	351	\$99.50
63139	18.2	5.3	13.7	4.0	8.9	10.1	4.1	5.6	23.2	413	\$145.50
63140	35.8	9.2	81.0	55.1	84.0	51.3	7.1	51.3	36.4	60	*
63141	21.7	4.8	12.5	0.3	0.7	15.3	0.5	0.7	5.9	1,049	\$168.50
63143	18.9	6.1	25.1	6.4	13.8	17.1	4.9	8.3	23.9	*	*
63144	19.3	5.8	12.3	0.5	1.7	8.1	1.9	4.7	58.3	*	*
63146	18.4	5.0	17.7	0.8	2.3	5.0	1.9	1.7	30.0	*	*
63147	27.2	5.8	92.7	20.6	36.4	28.4	7.2	13.5	25.9	494	\$84.50
63301	22.3	5.8	7.6	2.7	10.0	7.0	3.6	4.8	13.9	704	\$122
63303	25.8	6.7	7.4	1.1	3.9	3.6	1.8	2.3	20.2	762 504	\$130.00
63304 63332	32.8 23.1	8.7 4.7	5.8 2.0	0.9 0	3.2 2.7	2.7 15.6	1.2 0.8	2.5 15.6	18.9 20.0	594 15	\$139.00 *
63341	28.6	6.4	3.1	0.2	0.5	9.6	1.4	0	0	100	*
63348	28.6	6.3	4.0	0.2	4.8	1.9	2.2	5.6	27.8	26	\$75.00
63357	26.1	5.8	2.4	1.4	3.0	*	2.7	0	0	0	*
63366	32.1	9.6	5.6	1.2	5.1	3.0	2.2	2.0	10.4	1,211	\$122

ZIP	Teen Birth	Low Bw	Prenatal	IMR	Lead	Poverty	Median Inc	Single Mom	Unemployed
63120	25.3	15.4	31.2	17.8	16.0	42.1	\$27,565	23.4	8.6
63121	20.2	12.3	18.3	13.9	7.3	19.4	\$42,500	13.7	8.3
63122	1.7	6.8	4.0	4.1	1.2	3.7	\$74,267	4.3	2.4
63123	6.8	6.6	3.4	4.7	1.2	4.4	\$47,959	4.1	1.7
63124	1.4	12.9	4.3	**	0.3	1.8	\$138,610	1.5	2.5
63125	9.9	8.9	6.5	7.3	6.8	10.0	\$47,130	6.4	2.3
63126	5.0	5.7	3.1	**	0.6	2.5	\$62,383	2.7	3.0
63127	0	12.1	0	**	1.1	4.2	\$70,192	3.5	2.0
63128	3.6	11.2	2.8	6.6	0	1.3	\$68,261	2.7	2.0
63129	4.5	5.1	3.0	5.5	1.7	3.2	\$74,899	4.4	2.7
63130	7.3	11.2	8.7	10.4	4.3	15.9	\$52,662	9.8	9.9
63131	2.4	5.5	1.6	**	0	1.7	\$130,755	2.6	1.9
63132	10.4	6.9	9.7	**	2.7	8.8	\$58,238	8.7	4.4
63133	22.9	11.5	26.7	**	9.7	29.5	\$29,949	21.3	5.3
63134	17.6	9.0	18.6	14.5	0.9	21.2	\$41,547	15.2	10.0
63135	17.2	10.2	13.9	10.4	2.5	14.0	\$50,221	13.4	6.5
63136	21.2	10.3	19.6	14	4.6	23.1	\$41,116	21.3	4.6
63137	15.9	9.0	11.0	13.3	1.6	14.5	\$46,568	15.0	3.7
63138	13.9	12.4	13.0	9.4	1.7	14.1	\$53,869	16.2	3.1
63139	5.8	7.6	4.7	**	2.5	10.2	\$41,248	4.7	4.9
63140	12.5	25.0	75.0	**	0	65.9	\$28,036	33.3	33.0
63141	2.7	6.9	0	**	0.1	3.3	\$109,928	2.3	2.8
63143	12.6	10.3	7.4	**	7.3	15.8	\$34,678	6.0	2.4
63144	1.0	10.9	2.0	**	0	3.4	\$63,752	4.0	2.2
63146	2.7	4.3	2.1	*	2.8	3.3	\$72,150	3.7	2.5
63147	21.7	11.1	22.2	**	16.5	26.7	\$39,408	17.2	12.3
63301	9.9	8.7	10.2	9.9	0.8	8.0	\$46,894	6.2	8.3
63303	6.3	6.3	5.7	3.9	0	3.8	\$68,704	5.1	2.9
63304 63332	4.8 0	5.8 0	2.1 0	4.6 **	0 50.0	2.7 0	\$77,848 \$53,313	5.8 1.8	3.2 1.9
63341	0	0	6.7	**	0	3.1	\$72,020	2.1	2.2
63348	4.0	10.0	6.0	**	0	2.4	\$62,843	2.3	1.8
63357	5.1	3.4	11.9	**	Ö	8.9	\$45,520	4.8	1.9
63366	4.7	4.4	2.9	4.0	0.3	5.2	\$61,738	5.8	3.1

ZIP	Under 18	Under 5	Minority	TANF	Food Stps	Alt Care	SCHIP	CA Rate	CA Reports	CC Cap	CC Rate
63367	25.5	6.0	5.1	0.6	2.5	6.2	1.4	3.3	21.2	266	\$137.50
63373	25.6	5.6	2.3	0	1.2	*	4.2	0	0	0	*
63376	30.6	7.4	6.2	0.8	2.9	2.8	1.5	1.9	16.3	1,973	\$132.00
63385	30.6	7.8	9.8	5.5	16.0	6.8	2.2	8.1	23.2	267	\$115.50
63386	27.0	4.8	0.9	1.3	12.6	6.6	4.6	0	0	*	*

ZIP	Teen Birth	Low Bw	Prenatal	IMR	Lead	Poverty	Median Inc	Single Mom	Unemployed
63367	7.1	4.5	5.4	**	0	4.1	\$83,934	2.8	2.8
63373	25.0	0	0	**	*	3.3	\$45,694	2.3	5.5
63376	4.7	4.6	4.4	6.3	0.5	1.9	\$71,466	5.8	2.4
63385	10.0	5.6	9.6	8.6	0	9.2	\$57,383	8.9	3.8
63386	20.0	0	0	**	0	34.0	\$32,283	3.5	5.9

Composite Tables: School District Indicators, Page 1

District	Dropout	Grad	Ratio	Expend	F/R Lunch	Disability	LEP
St. Louis Public	7.8	53.3	12	\$10,606	80.3	16.9	7.0
Affton	3.8	84.2	17	\$6,757	25.7	16.7	5.0
Bayless	2.7	79.7	17	\$5,754	35.9	16.5	6.7
Brentwood	1.3	90.0	12	\$11,107	20.0	15.6	3.5
Clayton	1.3	93.6	11	\$13,885	13.1	16.0	4.0
Ferguson-Florissant	1.3	84.7	14	\$8,479	50.1	18.3	0.5
Hancock Place	4.7	75.5	17	\$5,819	66.5	16.4	2.3
Hazelwood	4.6	85.4	16	\$7,239	26.6	15.6	1.5
Jennings	8.0	80.8	16	\$8,400	74.2	16.1	0.1
Kirkwood	1.9	88.9	16	\$8,111	19.3	17.5	0.6
Ladue	0.5	98.2	12	\$11,199	6.5	15.6	1.2
Lindbergh	3.4	84.3	15	\$7,595	18.8	16.6	1.0
Maplewood/Richmd							
Heights	2.0	85.1	12	\$10,260	55.1	21.3	1.0
Mehlville	3.3	82.2	18	\$6,298	18.3	17.8	1.6
Meramec Valley	3.9	84.2	16	\$5,721	32.3	16.9	0
Normandy	4.0	68.2	17	\$7,314	75.2	14.2	0
Parkway	1.1	93.1	16	\$7,957	14.4	14.8	1.7
Pattonville	2.7	92.8	14	\$9,456	28.4	15.9	1.4
Ritenour	3.0	92.1	17	\$6,809	44.5	16.4	2.4
Riverview Gardens	3.4	78.5	18	\$6,868	72.4	15.1	0.1
Rockwood	1.9	91.3	16	\$6,806	12.2	15.3	1.0
University City	8.0	69.1	15	\$8,252	51.3	16.4	0.6
Valley Park	2.6	76.2	14	\$7,743	44.7	22.5	2.3
Webster Groves	3.6	86.6	15	\$8,039	19.9	15.3	0.3
Wellston	3.7	59.4	16	\$10,678	89.9	11.2	0
Special School District	2.0	84.1	1	\$106,473	30.5	100.0	1.5

Composite Tables: School District Indicators, Page 2

District	Dropout	Grad	Ratio	Expend	F/R Lunch	Disability	LEP
Francis Howell	2.8	88.4	16	\$6,277	5.9	16.9	0.5
Ft. Zumwalt	2.8	87.4	16	\$6,148	9.5	16.4	0.3
St. Charles Co. R-V	1.7	88.8	15	\$7,751	30.8	13.3	0.3
St. Charles R-VI	3.4	83.6	14	\$7,818	22.1	16.1	1.6
Wentzville	5.1	81.4	15	\$6,831	19.3	17.6	0.3
Washington	0.7	80.3	14	\$6,493	17.3	20.2	0.6
Alton	6.7	77.8	22	\$7,131	39.0	22.3	0
Bethalto	4.3	82.5	19	\$6,173	25.0	18.1	0
Collinsville	4.4	85.4	22	\$6,633	35.0	17.3	2.4
East Alton Area	9.7	63.5	19	\$7,186	47.0	23.1	0
Edwardsville	2.7	90.8	20	\$6,918	14.0	15.5	0.4
Granite City	3.0	98.4	25	\$6,569	33.0	16.6	0.2
Highland	2.4	92.3	18	\$6,758	15.0	13.8	0
Livingston	1.4	85.7	12	\$5,698	42.0	22.4	0
Madison	5.7	66.7	15	\$8,740	93.0	21.9	0
Roxana	7.8	78.2	18	\$7,284	28.0	19.3	0.1
Staunton	2.8	82.7	22	\$5,292	17.1	24.2	0
Triad	1.0	91.6	20	\$6,256	11.0	15.2	0
Venice	10.4	93.8	12	\$11,726	84.0	18.5	0
Belleville Area	2.9	90.2	19	\$6,812	27.0	18.4	0.2
Brooklyn	10.3	80.0	8	\$9,190	98.0	10.4	0
Cahokia	6.7	100.0	24	\$7,795	72.0	20.1	0
Dupo	5.6	82.1	23	\$6,235	33.0	20.4	0
East St Louis	4.9	67.0	19	\$8,292	68.0	21.8	0.7
Freeburg Area	2.2	92.0	17	\$5,617	10.0	15.4	0

Composite Tables: School District Indicators, Page 3

District	Dropout	Grad	Ratio	Expend	F/R Lunch	Disability	LEP
Lebanon	2.3	87.5	18	\$6,455	29.0	19.3	0
Marissa	5.6	91.4	17	\$6,548	38.0	16.9	0
Mascoutah	0.7	94.5	20	\$6,938	21.0	14.3	0
New Athens	1.5	90.2	16	\$6,211	16.0	13.3	0
O'Fallon Area	2.0	91.3	20	\$6,167	15.0	15.1	0

DATA TREND TABLES

This section contains data over multiple years for certain indicators. This is the third edition of the **CMSL** that includes trend tables and there is little trend data for the Madison, St. Clair, and St. Charles Counties ZIP codes. Please note that some of the ZIP codes have small populations affecting the rate and percentage calculations.

Percent of Children Receiving TANF Trend Table #1

	% Kids	Rec'g	TANF		% Kids	Rec'g	TANF		% Kids	Rec'g	TANF
ZIP	1997	2000	2002/3	ZIP	1997	2000	2002/3	ZIP	1997	2000	2002/3
62001	5.8	3.0	0.9	62236	*	*	0.3	63103	108.8	47.1	61.4
62002	33.1	24.7	5.4	62239	*	*	2.6	63104	53.6	36	25
62010	11.3	7.0	2	62240	19.3	18.7	4.1	63105	0.5	0.6	0.3
62012	*	*	*	62243	7.9	*	*	63106	80.4	55.5	41.2
62018	39.7	23.4	5.7	62249	5.8	2.7	0.4	63107	63	40.8	32
62021	3.1	4.0	0.5	62254	13.3	11.5	1.1	63108	31.7	25.1	19.7
62024	23.4	18.9	2.6	62255	15.9	22.4	5.3	63109	3.6	3.6	3.1
62025	9.8	6.1	8.0	62257	19.4	13.4	4.1	63110	50.7	37.9	18.7
62034	9.4	5.7	8.0	62258	11.8	5.7	1.4	63111	27.7	25.1	16.3
62035	7.6	5.0	*	62260	4.7	4.5	0.6	63112	45.1	34	31.2
62040	24.3	20.2	5.2	62264	8.9	4.9	1.1	63113	54.1	42.1	32.1
62046	8.7	1.2	*	62265	*	*	1	63114	12.3	10.6	7.3
62048	21.1	12.2	1.2	62269	8.5	6.5	1.3	63115	45.9	39.8	27.3
62058	22.6	14.8	*	62275	*	*	*	63116	16.7	14.1	10.9
62059	97.9	85.4	*	62281	10.1	4.4	0.6	63117	6.8	4.8	2.8
62060	55.0	44.9	14.5	62282	9.4	2.9	*	63118	58	49.3	24.3
62061	5.6	2.3	0.3	62285	4.0	2.9	0.6	63119	3.1	2.3	1.6
62062	8.2	6.2	0.6	62289	21.4	31.3	*	63120	53.6	45.8	25.8
62067	10.7	5.2	0.3	62293	*	*	0.5	63121	29.6	22.7	14.1
62074	9.9	2.2	*	62294	8.9	4	0.6	63122	3.5	1.9	1.3
62084	26.3	13.5	1.2	62298	*	*	0.2	63123	2.1	1.8	0.7
62086	*	*	*	63005	0.2	*	0	63124	0.3	0.1	0.2
62087	30.8	19.8	5.6	63011	0.4	0.3	0.4	63125	7.6	5.4	3.9
62088	*	*	*	63017	0.4	0.5	0.2	63126	0.8	0.5	0.6
62090	66.0	48.9	16.5	63021	0.7	0.6	0.2	63127	2.8	2.1	0.2
62095	24.3	15.0	2.3	63025	1.8	0.4	0.5	63128	0.4	0.5	0.5
62097	6.1	6.5	0.2	63026	3.2	0.5	2.1	63129	1	0.5	0.4
62201	73.6	77.3	12.9	63031	3.2	2.5	1.6	63130	16.1	11.8	7.9
62203	45.0	48.1	12.5	63033	4.4	4.1	3.1	63131	0.3	0.3	0.1
62204	71.4	70.0	17.6	63034	0.7	1.4	1	63132	16.6	8.3	7.4
62205	60.4	48.9	14.6	63038	0.2	0.1	0	63133	40.3	28.8	24.7
62206	47.3	46.4	10.5	63040	0.2	0.1	0	63134	28.2	21.7	11.7
62207	71.1	71.1	18.4	63042	4.7	3.5	2.7	63135	*	12.6	8.5
62208	11.7	6.9	1.4	63043	3	2.1	1.5	63136	29.8	25.6	13.7
62220	22.2	18.3	3.5	63044	3	2.7	1.7	63137	10.4	11.3	8.4
62221	11.2	8.9	1.7	63049	3.1	0.1	1.5	63138	11.1	14.1	8.2
62223	11.0	9.8	1.5	63069	4.9	0.4	2.6	63139	6.3	4.1	4
62225	0.7	0.1	*	63074	6.6	5.6	5.1	63140	42.1	16	55.1
62226	13.3	11.3	2.7	63088	6.1	4.7	3.7	63141	0.6	0.6	0.3
62232	23.9	14.5	3	63101	80.7	63.1	62.1	63143	10.3	6.1	6.4
62234	15.2	11.2	2.4	63102	25	40.3	32.4	63144	1.3	0.9	0.5

	% Kids	Rec'g	TANF
ZIP	1997	2000	2002/3
63146	1.3	1.2	8.0
63147	40.1	35	20.6
63301			2.7
63303			1.1
63304			0.9
63332			0
63341			0.2
63348			0.9
63357			1.4
63366			1.2
63367			0.6
63373			0
63376			0.8
63385			5.5
63386			1.3

Total Births Trend Table #2

	Total	Births				Total	Births				Total	Births				Total	Births		
ZIP	1995	1996	1998	2001	ZIP	1995	1996	1998	2001	ZIP	1995	1996	1998	2001	ZIP	1995	1996	1998	2001
62001			18	13	62236				24	63103	61	46	33	41	63146	337	360	311	328
62002			441	425	62239			29	26	63104	387	361	313	308	63147	214	207	192	189
62010			96	96	62240				18	63105	115	97	142	112	63301				527
62012				72	62243			48	51	63106	372	280	288	213	63303				511
62018			49	46	62249			133	137	63107	372	383	312	288	63304				568
62021			3	6	62254			52	39	63108	193	210	166	166	63332				9
62024			114	109	62255			13	12	63109	367	385	413	385	63341				30
62025			245	252	62257			22	32	63110	420	363	356	313	63348				50
62034			113	100	62258			59	82	63111	313	313	351	384	63357				59
62035			137 507	157 494	62260			49 29	35 32	63112	442 362	366 329	336 304	341	63366				1,228 112
62040 62046					62264 62265			29	32 40	63113 63114		572	504 504	248 579	63367 63373				
62048			9 21	8 7	62269			221	258	63115	577 458	480	422	379 371	63376				8 895
62058			9	10	62275			221	33	63116	671	671	704	680	63385				249
62059			18	6	62281			16	11	63117	137	160	134	120	63386				5
62060			67	73	62282			5	7	63118	588	639	635	576	03300	I			3
62061			13	11	62285			24	42	63119	434	434	415	370					
62062			50	54	62289			10	6	63120	268	256	238	221					
62067			24	24	62293			10	35	63121	448	476	447	415					
62074			10	7	62294			113	00	63122	550	565	498	474					
62084			23	11	62298					63123	603	537	560	560					
62086				23	63005	148	159	170	171	63124	91	73	81	70					
62087			20	24	63011	460	456	441	459	63125	410	432	378	384					
62088				83	63017	405	369	338	345	63126	151	161	125	159					
62090			30	27	63021	884	849	821	861	63127	28	41	29	33					
62095			140	130	63025	116	109	142	161	63128	262	267	247	249					
62097			32	33	63026	547	564	584	582	63129	594	602	565	470					
62201			151	166	63031	722	669	680	637	63130	514	489	498	439					
62203			133	124	63033	552	521	542	516	63131	150	132	160	127					
62204			228	247	63034	157	186	177	128	63132	182	174	164	144					
62205			167	158	63038	64	57	57	67	63133	210	184	178	131					
62206			226	217	63040	137	133	142	118	63134	275	246	271	221					
62207			195	176	63042	266	291	264	286	63135	332	303	340	332					
62208			130	150	63043	298	288	285	293	63136	894	867	953	900					
62220			211	200	63044	182	160	137	137	63137	294	271	277	290					
62221			271	305	63049	190	194	223	202	63138	302	326	352	331					
62223			203	166	63069	173	195	145	175	63139	308	304	284	343					
62225			131	129	63074	225	263	255	247	63140	47	41	21	8					
62226			266	259	63088	145	145	187	149	63141	165	182	170	188					
62232			79	87	63101	23	20	24	25	63143	175	181	157	175					
62234			337	368	63102	7	7	7	4	63144	144	128	126	101					

Percent of Births to Teens Trend Table #3

	Teen	Births				Teen	Births			_	_	Teen	Births				Teen
ZIP	1995	1996	1998	2001	ZIP	1995	1996	1998	2001] :	ZIP	1995	1996	1998	2001	ZIP	1995
62001	8.3		5.6	15.4	62236				0	_	63103	26.2	19.6	12.1	9.8	63146	2.4
62002	22.1		21.5	16.2	62239				11.5		63104	23	23	18.5	15.9	63147	25.2
62010	21.3		12.5	7.3	62240	26.3		20.7	27.8		63105	1.7	2.1	0.7	1.8	63301	
62012				11.1	62243	6.1		8.3	11.8		63106	24.7	26.3	24	24.4	63303	
62018	27.6		14.3	21.7	62249	7.7		1.5	12.4	_	63107	33.6	33.9	27.9	24	63304	
62021	0		0	50	62254	11.6		11.5	10.3		63108	18.1	18.6	14.5	10.8	63332	
62024	18.9		24.6	19.3	62255	0		23.1	16.7		63109	5.2	4.4	5.1	4.2	63341	
62025	8.6		5.7	7.1	62257	18.8		40.9	12.5		63110	22.6	22.3	21.9	15.7	63348	
62034	5.6		3.5	2	62258	13		10.2	11		63111	19.8	19.5	23.6	21.4	63357	
62035	8.6		10.9	8.9	62260	8.1		8.2	5.7	_	63112	23.5	25.1	27.1	24.6	63366	
62040	26.1		20.3	19.8	62264	10		20.7	12.5		63113	34.3	30.4	31.9	31	63367	
62046	14.3		11.1	12.5	62265				7.5		63114	14.6	10.8	13.5	13.3	63373	
62048	30		14.3	14.3	62269	10.3		11.3	6.6		63115	31.2	27.1	25.4	25.9	63376	
62058	*		11.1	0	62275				9.1		63116	11.9	13.9	12.8	14.7	63385	
62059	*		22.2	0	62281	22.7		12.5	9.1	_	63117	5.8	3.8	8.2	3.3	63386	
62060	31.2		20.9	23.3	62282	*		0	14.3	=	63118	28.7	24.7	27.6	25.2		•
62061	0		0	18.2	62285	10.3		4.2	7.1		63119	4.6	2.5	3.4	3		
62062	*		4	1.9	62289	*		10	16.7		63120	29.1	32.4	21.8	25.3		
62067	13.6		16.7	20.8	62293				8.6		63121	20.5	24.8	20.4	20.2		
62074	25		40	0	62294	13.8		8.8	6.8	_	63122	4.5	4.1	1.8	1.7		
62084	13.3		26.1	9.1	62298				6.3	=	63123	5.5	5	4.6	6.8		
62086				26.1	63005	1.4	0	1.2	0		63124	1.1	1.4	1.2	1.4		
62087	*		15.5	20.8	63011	2	1.8	2	0.9		63125	12.7	11.3	11.4	9.9		
62088				12	63017	2.5	2.4	3.6	1.2		63126	2	4.3	6.4	5		
62090	23.5		23.3	18.5	63021	3.3	2	2.3	1.9	_	63127	7.1	9.8	13.8	0		
62095	16		22.9	10.8	63025	4.3	2.8	6.3	3.1	=	63128	6.1	4.9	6.1	3.6		
62097	6.7		6.3	12.1	63026	6.9	8.5	9.2	6		63129	4.2	4.8	7.3	4.5		
62201	27.2		25.2	15.1	63031	5.7	7.8	6.5	7.4		63130	11.1	13.1	10.8	7.3		
62203	32.5		36.1	38.7	63033	10	10.9	12	8.7		63131	0.7	8.0	1.3	2.4		
62204	40		37.3	32.8	63034	3.8	6.5	6.8	4.7		63132	12.1	8	9.8	10.4		
62205	35.5		31.1	36.1	63038	4.7	0	1.8	3	=	63133	26.7	33.2	27.5	22.9		
62206	29.8		33.6	30	63040	1.5	1.5	0.7	8.0		63134	20.7	18.3	21	17.6		
62207	29		33.8	27.8	63042	9.4	9.6	9.8	11.5		63135	16	15.2	17.6	17.2		
62208	15.7		10.8	12.7	63043	4	5.6	4.2	4.1		63136	21.3	19.6	19.8	21.2		
62220	10.1		15.2	14.5	63044	9.9	5	11.7	13.1		63137	11.2	14	12.3	15.9		
62221	11.4		11.1	9.5	63049	12.6	12.4	10.8	8.4		63138	8.9	12	10.2	13.9		
62223	11.2		15.8	9.6	63069	11.6	9.2	13.8	10.3		63139	7.1	8.9	12	5.8		
62225	6.7		6.1	4.7	63074	13.3	12.9	14.1	8.1		63140	38.3	41.5	19	12.5		
62226	*		11.3	10.8	63088	6.9	5.5	5.3	5.4		63141	1.8	6	1.8	2.7		
62232	24.4		13.9	11.5	63101	8.7	10	25	8	_	63143	16.6	14.9	12.7	12.6		
62234	15.6		17.5	13.9	63102	28.6	42.9	0	0	-	63144		_	_	1		

Births 1996

2.8

25.6

1998

2.9

29.2

2001

2.7

21.7 9.9 6.3 4.8 0 0 4 5.1 4.7 7.1 25 4.7

Percent of Births with Low Birth Weight Trend Table #4

	Low	Birth	Weight			Low	Birth	Weight		_	Low	Birth	Weight			Low	Birth	Weight	
ZIP	1995	1996	1998	2001	ZIP	1995	1996	1998	2001	ZIP	1995	1996	1998	2001	ZIP	1995	1996	1998	2001
62001	8.3		11.1	7.7	62236		•		0	63103	13.1	13	6.1	17.1	63146	6.8	4.7	5.5	4.3
62002	6.6		5.2	5.6	62239				11.5	63104	11.1	10.5	9.9	12	63147	10.3	11.6	14.6	11.1
62010	7.4		3.1	5.2	62240	5.3		6.9	11.1	63105	7.8	3.1	6.3	7.1	63301				8.7
62012				4.2	62243	2		0	5.9	63106	13.4	14.2	16	15.5	63303				6.3
62018	2.6		4.1	2.2	62249	1.9		5.3	0.7	63107	14.2	16.7	16	18.1	63304				5.8
62021	0		0	0	62254	0		9.6	2.6	63108	16.1	11	12	10.2	63332				0
62024	4.7		4.4	3.7	62255	0		0	0	63109	6.3	7	5.6	6	63341				0
62025	7		6.1	4	62257	9.4		4.5	3.1	63110	15.7	12.9	15.4	12.5	63348				10
62034	0		0.9	4	62258	11.7		3.4	4.9	63111	8.6	6.1	8.5	11.5	63357				3.4
62035	3.6		2.9	3.8	62260	0		0	2.9	63112	16.1	11.2	15.8	14.1	63366				4.4
62040	4.3		3.9	5.3	62264	0		0	0	63113	18.8	16.4	14.5	16.9	63367				4.5
62046	0		0	0	62265				0	63114	7.8	7.7	10.3	10.5	63373				0
62048	0		0	0	62269	1.8		4.1	3.1	63115	15.5	14.4	15.2	9.2	63376				4.6
62058	*		0	0	62275				6.1	63116	9.7	7	13.2	8.5	63385				5.6
62059	*		5.6	0	62281	0		6.3	9.1	63117	6.6	4.4	6.7	12.5	63386				0
62060	11.8		6	5.5	62282	*		0	0	63118	13.9	11	12.9	12.7					
62061	0		7.7	0	62285	0		4.2	9.5	63119	6.7	8.5	6	7.6					
62062	*		10	5.6	62289	*		0	0	63120	17.9	9	12.6	15.4					
62067	4.5		0	4.2	62293				2.9	63121	14.1	11.8	14.5	12.3					
62074	37.5		20	0	62294	3.4		3.5	11.9	63122	6.4	4.4	5.8	6.8					
62084	0		13	0	62298				3.1	63123	6.6	4.5	6.8	6.6					
62086	*		_	13	63005	6.8	10.7	2.9	4.7	63124	6.6	6.8	9.9	12.9					
62087	*		5	0	63011	5	5.5	5.2	7.6	63125	9	6	7.4	8.9					
62088			4.0	4.8	63017	6.4	4.6	6.5	7	63126	7.3	5	4	5.7					
62090	5.9		10	11.1	63021	5	5.2	6.1	7.3	63127	7.1	7.3	3.4	12.1					
62095	4.9		4.3	1.5	63025	4.3	5.5	3.5	6.2	63128	5.7	5.2	6.1	11.2					
62097	13.3		9.4	3	63026	6.2	7.4	6.7	6.7	63129	4.9	5.6	7.3	5.1					
62201	7.6		6.6	12	63031	8.2	7	5.1	8.9	63130	9.1	9.4	10.2	11.2					
62203 62204	9.6 11.8		6.8 8.3	7.3 12.6	63033 63034	8.9 8.3	7.3	8.7 6.8	7.4 10.9	63131	6.7	6.1 5.2	5 8.5	5.5					
62204	8.7		8.4		63038	6.3	10.8	5.3	9	63132 63133	7.7 15.2	10.3	10.1	6.9 11.5					
62205	7.9		10.2	9.5 11.5	63040	8.8	0	5.6	9 4.2	63134			11.4	9					
62206	11.6		6.7		63042	5.6	3 8.9	9.5	4.2 4.5	63135	13.5 8.7	10.2 10.2	8.8	9 10.2					
62207	3.1			11.4	63042	6	7.6	9.5 7.4		63136	11.2	11.8							
62220	3.1		2.3 4.3	5.3 7.5	63043	6.6	7.6 3.8	7.4 5.8	5.8 5.1	63137	5.4	7.7	12.4 12.3	10.3 9					
62221	3.5		5.9	6.6	63049	7.4	5.7	5.4	8.9	63138	11.9	5.5	8	12.4					
62223					63069		6.7			63139	6.5	10.2	o 7.7	7.6					
62225	5.6 5.1		5.9 3.8	6.6 8.5	63074	5.2 5.8	8	9 6.7	6.3 10.9	63140	12.8	10.2 17.1	/./ *	7.6 25					
62226	5. I *		3.6 6.8	6.9	63088	5.6 17.2	6.2	6.4	6	63141	4.2	6	6.5	25 6.9					
62232	2.4		2.5	9.2	63101	4.3	15	16.7	8	63143	3.4	8.3	7.6	10.3					
62234	2.4		5.6	5.2	63101	14.3	14.3	*	<u>o</u> 25	63144		7.8	10.3	10.3					
02234	2.3		5.0	J.Z	03102	14.5	14.5		25	03144	2.0	1.0	10.3	10.5					

Percent of Births with No or Inadequate Prenatal Care Trend Table #5

	No or	Inadeq	Prenatal	Care		No or	Inadeq	Prenatal	Care		No or	Inadeq	Prenatal	Care		No or	Inadeq	Prenatal	Ca
ZIP	1995	1996	1998	2001	ZIP	1995	1996	1998	2001	ZIP	1995	1996	1998	2001	ZIP	1995	1996	1998	T
62001	8.3		0	7.7	62236				4.2	63103	34.4	32.6	18.8	24.4	63146	6.5	3.6	3.5	
62002	7.9		6.6	5.2	62239				7.7	63104	22.5	29.1	26.8	22.4	63147	26.2	26.1	29.2	
62010	5.6		0	3.1	62240	0		10.3	5.6	63105	3.5	7.2	2.1	0	63301				
62012				0	62243	4.1		0	2	63106	35.2	29.9	37.9	31.5	63303				
62018	2.6		2	4.3	62249	1		2.3	4.4	63107	28.8	32.1	33	31.6	63304				
62021	0		0	0	62254	0		0	2.6	63108	24.9	23.3	24.1	13.9	63332				
62024	2.7		5.3	6.4	62255	0		0	16.7	63109	5.2	5.7	4.6	1.8	63341				
62025	2.5		1.2	2.8	62257	0		0	9.4	63110	25.5	25.3	26.4	19.5	63348				
62034	1.4		1.8	1	62258	1.3		8.5	1.2	63111	17.6	24	18.5	17.4	63357				
62035	1.4		1.5	3.8	62260	0		0	0	63112	28.3	26.5	23.8	22.6	63366				
62040	3.9		5.3	7.3	62264	0		0	0	63113	34.8	38.9	36.8	36.7	63367				
62046	0		0	0	62265				0	63114	16.1	13.5	12.7	12.3	63373				
62048	0		0	0	62269	1.3		1.8	3.5	63115	32.3	31.7	37	25.6	63376				
62058	*		0	0	62275				6.1	63116	12.5	15.8	14.4	9.9	63385				
62059	*		16.7	33.3	62281	4.5		0	0	63117	8.8	6.9	6	4.2	63386				
62060	9.7		7.5	21.9	62282	*		0	0	63118	27.7	28.3	27.4	25.9					
62061	0		0	0	62285	0		0	2.4	63119	5.3	7.8	4.1	2.4					
62062	*		2	1.9	62289	*		0	0	63120	31.7	34	35.7	31.2					
62067	9.1		0	0	62293				2.9	63121	25	24.4	19.5	18.3					
62074	0		0	0	62294	3.4		0.9	1.7	63122	4.7	5.8	2	4					
62084	0		0	0	62298				1.6	63123	5.1	4.8	4.8	3.4					
62086				4.3	63005	2.7	1.9	1.2	0.6	63124	5.5	2.7	1.2	4.3					
62087	*		0	4.2	63011	5	5.5	3.9	1.7	63125	11.2	10.9	7.7	6.5					
62088				3.6	63017	2.2	4.3	3	0.9	63126	2.6	3.7	2.4	3.1					
62090	5.9		13.3	22.2	63021	2.8	4	2.2	2.1	63127	3.6	4.9	3.4	0					
62095	3.5		2.1	3.8	63025	8.6	4.6	2.8	1.2	63128	4.6	6	6.9	2.8					
62097	0		0	0	63026	7.9	6.9	7	4.3	63129	2.5	5.6	3.7	3					
62201	15.2		11.3	18.7	63031	5.4	8.1	5.4	6.9	63130	15.6	11.7	9.4	8.7					
62203	9		12.8	16.1	63033	9.4	11.9	5.9	8.7	63131	2	2.3	0.6	1.6					
62204	12.6		16.7	22.7	63034	2.5	3.8	3.6	5.5	63132	12.6	14.4	7.3	9.7					
62205	15.6		16.2	19.6	63038	6.3	1.8	0	1.5	63133	30	23.4	26.4	26.7					
62206	10.7		8.8	17.1	63040	1.5	5.3	0.7	0.8	63134	19.3	18.7	26.9	18.6					
62207	15.5		12.8	29.5	63042	13.2	8.2	12.5	7	63135	15.4	11.9	18.2	13.9					
62208	3.9		1.5	5.3	63043	7.4	8.3	4.9	3.8	63136	23.2	23.5	23.5	19.6					
62220	4.4		3.8	2	63044	8.2	8.1	11.1	9.5	63137	11.6	14.8	14.4	11					
62221	2.7		3	2	63049	5.8	9.3	4.6	6.9	63138	13.2	14.4	13.9	13					
62223	2.2		3	4.8	63069	11	10.8	9	7.4	63139	5.5	9.2	6	4.7					
62225	0		0	0	63074	12.9	15.6	9	10.5	63140	42.6	48.8	*	75					
62226	*		2.6	2.3	63088	5.5	4.8	5.9	2	63141	3	8.8	4.1	0					
62232	2.4		3.8	8	63101	13	30	42.9	12	63143	14.3	18.2	12.7	7.4					
62234	3.5		4.2	5.7	63102	42.9	14.3	*	0	63144	2.8	9.4	2.4	2					

2001 2.1 22.2 10.2 5.7 2.1

11.9

0 4.4

Percent of Children Tested who are Lead Poisoned Trend Table #6

								.						- · ·	
	Lead	Poison'g			Lead	Poison'g			Lead	Poison'g		=	Lead	Poison'g	
ZIP	1996	1999	2002	ZIP	1996	1999	2002	ZIP	1996	1999	2002	ZIP	1996	1999	2002
62001	0	0	0	62236			2.6	63103	23.7	23.5	4.2	63146	4	7.9	2.8
62002	13.4	14.4	4.2	62239			3.8	63104	21.4	25.5	13.2	63147	26.4	24.9	16.5
62010	0	6.7	4.7	62240	5.3	11.5	5	63105	21.1	6.6	2.9	63301			8.0
62012	*	*	2	62243	0	11.1	0	63106	20.6	25.9	13.9	63303			0
62018	9.1	3.1	1.8	62249	0	27.8	8.3	63107	45.2	26.2	29	63304			0
62021	0	0	0	62254	2.6	0	7.4	63108	31.9	17.2	4.2	63332			50
62024	2.7	8.4	0	62255	0	0	0	63109	15.7	16.3	1.8	63341			0
62025	3	11.7	2.5	62257	0	0	11.1	63110	37.7	22.8	13.4	63348			0
62034	0	3.6	3.8	62258	5.4	9.1	2.7	63111	22.2	24.6	13.3	63357			0
62035	5.9	15.4	2.3	62260	6.3	33.3	0	63112	33.6	26.7	15.1	63366			0.3
62040	1.6	6.7	2.5	62264	0	16.7	0	63113	41.8	25.8	22.5	63367			0
62046	0	*	0	62265			0	63114	11.3	11.6	2.4	63373			*
62048	0	0	0	62269	0	1.6	2.2	63115	34.4	22.8	16.3	63376			0.5
62058	0	0	10	62275			0	63116	23.6	22.8	12.1	63385			0
62059	11.9	17.8	0	62281	0	*	0	63117	13.6	6.2	0.9	63386			0
62060	11	12.6	11	62282	*	0	*	63118	39.1	25.9	23.6	_	-		
62061	0	0	50	62285	0	*	0	63119	1.9	10.9	0.6				
62062	0	25	0	62289	*	0	0	63120	31.6	23.9	16				
62067	0	10	0	62293			0	63121	24.5	11.1	7.3				
62074	0	33.3	14.3	62294	0	11.1	0	63122	5.4	3.4	1.2	_			
62084	0	8.3	0	62298			7.7	63123	1.2	7.9	1.2	_			
62086	*	*	0	63005	0	50	5.9	63124	0	4.6	0.3				
62087	0	9.1	3.4	63011	0	4.5	2.2	63125	4.6	10.2	6.8				
62088	*	*	11.3	63017	14.3	4.7	0	63126	2.1	4.6	0.6				
62090	6.3	11.8	3.8	63021	1.4	8.3	8.0	63127	0	4.1	1.1				
62095	3.5	14	0	63025	0	4.8	0	63128	2.2	6	0	_			
62097	0	0	0	63026	2.1	8.9	0	63129	2.7	8.1	1.7				
62201	9.5	12.9	11.2	63031	0	4.6	0.2	63130	13.9	13.7	4.3				
62203	10.6	14.2	7	63033	5.8	8.6	8.0	63131	13.3	9	0				
62204	15.1	23.2	12.2	63034	3.4	4.6	0.5	63132	8.4	9.5	2.7	_			
62205	13.3	21.6	13.6	63038	0	0	0	63133	22.5	13.1	9.7	_			
62206	3.1	7	4.4	63040	0	0	0	63134	10.4	11.2	0.9				
62207	5.8	8	5.6	63042	5	9.1	1.3	63135	7.9	14.7	2.5				
62208	1.6	4.8	2.9	63043	8.1	13.9	1.6	63136	16	9.9	4.6				
62220	4.7	14.3	4.6	63044	2.9	5.9	0.3	63137	8.2	15.9	1.6				
62221	3	3	3.4	63049	0	0	*	63138	7.9	14.7	1.7	_			
62223	3.5	10.3	3.9	63069	11.1	4.2	*	63139	11	18.8	2.5				
62225	0	0	7.7	63074	9.4	9.5	1.6	63140	4.2	17.4	0				
62226	2.7	4.7	2.7	63088	15.8	2	2.4	63141	0	2.3	0.1				
62232	1	20.8	10.4	63101	13.8	33	7.7	63143	12.1	24.1	7.3				
62234	5.3	11.5	3.8	63102	31.3	16.3	0	63144	3.8	16.7	0				

Missouri Public School District Data Trend Table #7

	4 Year	Grad	Rate		_	Dropout	Rate			Pupil to	Teacher	Ratio	
District	94 - 95	95 - 96	98 - 99	2001- 2002		94 - 95	95 - 96	98 - 99	2001- 2002	94 - 95	95 - 96	98 - 99	2001- 2002
St. Louis Public	39.0	39.0	39.6	53.3	•	20.0	24.9	13.9	7.8	22.0	22.0	19.0	12
Affton	72.0	72.0	79.2	84.2		5.7	5.5	4.2	3.8	25.0	23.0	18.0	17
Bayless	59.0	65.0	64.8	79.7		14.1	8.2	7.7	2.7	22.0	22.0	19.0	17
Brentwood	93.0	85.0	89.3	90		2.5	0.4	2.8	1.3	20.0	20.0	14.0	12
Clayton	94.0	92.0	87.7	93.6		1.8	1.1	2.4	1.3	20.0	18.0	13.0	11
Ferguson-Florissant	74.0	68.0	78.8	84.7	•	6.5	5.7	5.4	1.3	22.0	22.0	17.0	14
Hancock Place	45.0	63.0	64.4	75.5		11.0	8.8	5.1	4.7	26.0	25.0	19.0	17
Hazelwood	85.0	83.0	80.4	85.4		4.7	4.3	5.5	4.6	18.0	18.0	19.0	16
Jennings	68.0	76.0	72.7	80.8		3.7	9.1	6.3	8	22.0	23.0	18.0	16
Kirkwood	82.0	82.0	85.4	88.9		5.2	3.8	3.0	1.9	38.0	38.0	18.0	16
Ladue	99.0	100.0	95.6	98.2		*	1.3	1.3	0.5	20.0	19.0	14.0	12
Lindbergh	86.0	85.0	90.2	84.3		2.9	3.6	0	3.4	22.0	23.0	16.0	15
Maplewood/Richmond	59.0	60.0	59.3			7.9	10.6	10.6		19.0	18.0	15.0	
Heights				85.1					2				12
Mehlville	73.0	75.0	81.0	82.2		7.5	5.2	5.3	3.3	23.0	23.0	20.0	18
Meramec Valley	68.0	78.0	82.0	84.2		6.5	5.5	3.9	3.9	26.0	26.0	15	16
Normandy	52.0	58.0	78.4	68.2		19.6	10.8	4.5	4	22.0	23.0	19.0	17
Parkway	91.0	93.0	87.6	93.1		1.9	2.1	2.1	1.1	22.0	21.0	18.0	16
Pattonville	71.0	80.0	84.7	92.8		9.3	3.9	2.8	2.7	20.0	20.0	15.0	14
Ritenour	89.0	93.0	85.0	92.1		1.2	0.9	3.1	3	25.0	25.0	20.0	17
Riverview Gardens	65.0	67.0	61.8	78.5		9.2	8.1	5.8	3.4	24.0	24.0	19.0	18
Rockwood	83.0	83.0	89.7	91.3	•	5.0	3.9	2.3	1.9	23.0	23.0	19.0	16
University City	70.0	66.0	67.5	69.1		9.7	12.5	6.5	8	19.0	20.0	17.0	15
Valley Park	71.0	75.0	79.7	76.2		11.5	5.0	7.8	2.6	18.0	18.0	16.0	14
Webster Groves	87.0	91.0	89.5	86.6		2.9	3.0	2.6	3.6	23.0	22.0	17.0	15
Wellston	79.0	71.0	75.0	59.4		8.0	6.3	1.9	3.7	14.0	15.0	16.0	16
Special School District	*	*	100.0	84.1	-	*	*	0	2	*	*	4.0	1
Francis Howell				88.4					2.8				16
Ft. Zumwalt				87.4					2.8				16
St. Charles Co.				88.8					1.7				15
St. Charles				83.6					3.4				14
Wentzville				81.4	-				5.1				15
Washington				80.3					0.7				14

Illinois Public School District Data Trend Table #8

	4 Year	Grad	Rate		Dropout	Rate			Pupil to	Teacher	Ratio	
District	94 - 95	95 - 96	98 - 99	2001- 2002	94 - 95	95 - 96	98 - 99	2001- 2002	94 - 95	95 - 96	98 - 99	2001- 2002
Belleville Area		87.8	89.4	90.2		3.2	3.1	2.9		20.5	16.8	19
Brooklyn		75	69.2	80		11.3	21.4	10.3		11.5	10.4	8
Cahokia		75.2	80.8	100		17.6	5.6	6.7		20.4	16.4	24
Dupo		58.1	79.6	82.1		9	3.7	5.6		22.5	15.3	23
East St Louis		58.1	64.5	67		11.8	6.5	4.9		20.8	15.1	19
Freeburg Area		90.6	88.6	92		2.4	2	2.2		19.9	14.5	17
Lebanon		91.9	100	87.5		1.6	4	2.3		16.8	12	18
Marissa		78.9	77	91.4		7.5	5.4	5.6		16.8	13.5	17
Mascoutah		92.5	97.8	94.5		0.6	1	0.7		18	13.8	20
New Athens		91.7	89.5	90.2		2.3	1.8	1.5		18	13.9	16
O'Fallon Area		92	93.5	91.3		2.7	2.2	2		21.4	17.2	20
Alton		69.6	91.2	77.8		4.3	6.4	6.7		20.3	13.7	22
Bethalto		80.8	77.3	82.5		4.8	4	4.3		20.6	15	19
Collinsville		85.5	80.1	85.4		5.5	5.7	4.4		21.8	15.4	22
East Alton Area		80.5	75.8	63.5		8.9	8.9	9.7		18.7	13.5	19
Edwardsville		85.6	91.5	90.8		3	3.3	2.7		21.8	14.5	20
Granite City		71.8	73.5	98.4		9.4	7.8	3		22	17.5	25
Highland		91	91.1	92.3		3.2	1.5	2.4		18.8	14.4	18
Livingston		88.9	80	85.7		4.9	8.2	1.4		13.5	10.9	12
Madison		67.3	79.6	66.7		14.7	6.2	5.7		16.3	12.6	15
Roxana		77.4	73.1	78.2		7	5.8	7.8		18.6	14.6	18
Staunton				82.7				2.8				22
Triad		91.5	87.3	91.6		3	3.2	1		21.1	15.7	20
Venice		81.5	81.5	93.8		6.1	7.6	10.4		16.3	11.7	12

Unemployment Rate Trend Table #9

	Unempl	oyment	Rate			Unempl	oyment	Rate			Unempl	oyment	Rate			Unempl	oyment	Rate	
ZIP	1993	1997	1999	2000	ZIP	1993	1997	1999	2000	ZIP	1993	1997	1999	2000	ZIP	1993	1997	1999	2000
62001		1.5	1.8	0.8	62236				1.2	63103	10.4	7.3	4.8	17.2	63146	*	2.3	2.8	2.5
62002		6.5	5.5	3.1	62239				5.8	63104	11.1	8.1	8	9.7	63147	8.8	6.1	6.7	12.3
62010		4.1	3.9	4.4	62240		8.3	7.8	7.2	63105	8.7	2.1	2.3	1.8	63301				8.3
62012				2.3	62243		3	3.6	5.3	63106	20.6	16.4	10.7	25.1	63303				2.9
62018		7.7	6.4	11.9	62249		2.1	2.6	1.5	63107	17.7	12.7	10.5	22.1	63304				3.2
62021		0	3.1	0.9	62254		2.5	4	4	63108	8	5.4	5	12.9	63332				1.9
62024		5.3	4.9	6.1	62255		6.5	6.9	6.5	63109	2.5	1.9	1.8	3.2	63341				2.2
62025		2.8	2.7	3.3	62257		5.8	6.5	3.4	63110	10	7.2	7.7	13.7	63348				1.8
62034		2.1	2.3	3.3	62258		3.4	4.7	5.4	63111	6.8	4.9	4.8	11	63357				1.9
62035		3.6	3.6	2.4	62260		1.6	2.5	2.2	63112	11.8	8.7	7.6	14.3	63366				3.1
62040		4.9	4.8	7.3	62264		4.1	4.7	1.8	63113	16.6	12.1	9.4	15.3	63367				2.8
62046		5.1	3.9	3	62265				2	63114	*	4.3	4.3	6.1	63373				5.5
62048		5.1	5.1	7.3	62269		2.8	3.1	4	63115	13.4	10.1	8.9	15.1	63376				2.4
62058		*	6.8	6.3	62275				2.1	63116	5	3.4	3.7	6.1	63385				3.8
62059		*	14.6	7	62281		2.8	3.5	1.2	63117	5.1	2.6	2.5	1.8	63386				5.9
62060		10	7.3	15.8	62282		*	2.2	*	63118	10.2	7.6	7	14.1					
62061		2.8	2.1	5.4	62285		2.4	3.8	5.5	63119	*	2.4	2.3	1.5					
62062		*	4.1	2.2	62289		*	3.4	2.6	63120	14.7	10.7	10	8.6					
62067		2.5	3	7.8	62293				0.9	63121	*	6.9	7.2	8.3					
62074		5.6	4.4	2.4	62294		2.7	2.6	1.2	63122	*	2.1	2.3	2.4					
62084		6.4	5.5	4.5	62298			_	1.6	63123	4.3	2.3	2.2	1.7					
62086		*			63005		2.2	2	0.8	63124	*	1.8	1.7	2.5					
62087		•	5.2	7.9	63011		1.6	2	2.2	63125	*	3.5	3.1	2.3					
62088		04.0	47.0	2.4	63017		1.4	1.3	2.5	63126	*	2.6	2.5	3					
62090		21.3	17.8	21.1	63021		1.8	2.2	2.7	63127	*	1.6	1.1	2					
62095		5.2	4.9	6.1	63025		3.8	4.3	1.4	63128	*	1.7	1.9	2					
62097		2.2	4.6	3.3	63026		2.3	3.2	1.4	63129	*	2.3	2.6	2.7					
62201		12.7	10.8 10.8	22.7	63031 63033		2.3	2.5 2.1	4	63130 63131	*	4.5	4.9 1.5	9.9					
62203 62204		9.2 13.5	11.5	9.8 20.2	63034		2.2 1	1.2	4 4.1	63132	*	1.5 4	1.5 4	1.9 4.4					
62204		12.8	12.2	17.6	63038		2.3	2	2.4	63133	12.6	12.2	11.2	5.3					
62206		5.1	6.6	11.2	63040		2.3 8.1	2.5	2.4	63134	12.0	6.4	6.1	10					
62207		17.6	13.1	16	63040		2.4	2.8	4.3	63135	*	4.2	4.2	6.5					
62208		3	3.8	3	63042		1.7	1.9	4.3 3	63136	13.2	6.2	6.2	4.6					
62220		3.4	4.8	5.1	63044		2	2.1	4.7	63137	*	3.7	3.2	3.7					
62221		2.5	3.7	4.6	63049		31.6	*	2.7	63138	*	3.4	3.4	3.1					
62223		2.5	3.7	4.0	63069		4.5	*	2.7	63139	3.9	2.9	3.4	4.9					
62225		5.7	3.9	2.3	63074		3.7	4.1	2.2 7	63140	3.9 *	2.9 17.4	3. i 14	33					
62226		*	3.4	5.1	63088		3.7	3.5	4.8	63141	*	1.4	1.5	2.8					
62232		3.6	5.3	6.8	63101	7.4	4.5	3.5 4	15.2	63143	5.5	3.1	3.2	2.4					
62234		4	4.2	2.4	63101	1	2.2	2.5	49.5	63144	*	2.3	2.4	2.2					
02234	I	7	7.4	۷.٦	00102	'	۷.۷	2.0	73.5	00144		2.0	۷.٦	۷.۷					

RAW DATA TABLES

This section contains all the figures used to calculate rates and percentages for the indicators.

Total Pop: Total population

Pop Under 18: Total population under 18 **Pop Under 5:** Total population under 5 **Minority:** Total minority population

TANF: Number of children receiving TANF

Food Stamps: Number of children receiving Food Stamps

SCHIP: Number of children receiving SCHIP **Alt Care:** Number of children in alternative care

CA/N Victims: Number of child abuse/neglect victims

Total Reports: Total number of child abuse/neglect reports

CA/N Reports: Number of child abuse/neglect reports that required follow-up services (MO); Number of indicated child/abuse neglect reports (IL)

Total Births: Total number of births

Teen births: Number of births to teenage mothers **Low BW:** Number of births with low birth weight

Prenatal Care: Number of births with no or inadequate prenatal care

Test Lead: Number of children tested for lead poisoning **Positive Lead:** Number of children with lead poisoning

ZIP	Total Pop	Pop Under 18	Pop Under 5	Minority	TANF	Food Stamps	SCHIP	Alt Care	CA/N Victims
62001	1,600	333	72	28	3	27	*	*	*
62002	34,624	8,632	2,323	8,743	464	2,246	71	52	1
62010	10,768	2,793	630	306	56	248	25	10	1
62012	*	*	*	*	1	84	15	8	5
62018	4,300	1,143	288	304	65	358	16	2	65
62021	837	201	40	24	1	3	*	*	0
62024	12,413	2,954	737	425	78	585	29	7	66
62025	30,921	6,881	1,660	3,534	57	369	29	9	23
62034	11,873	3,041	815	1,266	25	126	5	6	18
62035	13,703	3,126	781	1,028	*	266	*	10	36
62040	45,484	11,288	2,796	3,627	587	2,223	48	32	201
62046	*	*	*	*	3	8	1	*	1
62048	1,397	326	83	27	4	63	3	2	21
62058	*	*	*	*	3	35	1	1	4
62059	*	*	*	*	*	190	*	5	6
62060	5,669	1,658	399	3,320	240	716	8	18	25
62061	1,336	347	84	31	1	18	*	*	0
62062	5,013	1,246	340	317	8	46	3	7	7
62067	2,529	617	129	71	2	29	3	*	1
62074	1,719	426	90	43	*	19	3	4	0
62084	1,400	328	90	26	4	49	1	*	4
62086	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	2
62087	1,857	522	117	57	29	140	16	2	18
62088	*	*	*	*	8	112	22	1	13
62090	1,553	575	161	1,447	95	304	*	3	19
62095	10,374	2,441	660	346	57	441	23	5	50
62097	2,525	598	142	58	1	36	4	1	2
62201	8,939	3,244	1,085	7,877	420	1,497	7	23	32
62203	9,833	2,792	625	9,309	350	1,208	21	69	38
62204	10,272	3,801	952	9,976	670	2,489	12	51	86
62205	9,772	2,646	597	9,666	387	1,451	19	46	37
62206	18,026	6,109	1,402	9,177	642	2,475	49	38	91
62207	9,549	3,292	871	9,363	605	2,118	11	44	44

ZIP	Total Reports	CA/N Rps	Total Births	Teen Births	Low BW	Prenatal Care	Test Lead	Positive Lead
62001	11	7	13	2	1	1	7	0
62002	281	80	425	69	24	22	501	21
62010	69	29	96	7	5	3	85	4
62012	32	7	72	8	3	0	50	1
62018	69	29	46	10	1	2	55	1
62021	4	1	6	3	0	0	5	0
62024	113	44	109	21	4	7	115	0
62025	88	22	252	18	10	7	81	2
62034	33	10	100	2	4	1	26	1
62035	52	18	157	14	6	6	87	2
62040	401	111	494	98	26	36	479	12
62046	6	2	8	1	0	0	2	0
62048	16	6	7	1	0	0	15	0
62058	8	3	10	0	0	0	10	1
62059	8	5	6	0	0	2	37	0
62060	70	18	73	17	4	16	127	14
62061	7	2	11	2	0	0	2	1
62062	16	7	54	1	3	1	9	0
62067	5	2	24	5	1	0	11	0
62074	5	1	7	0	0	0	7	1
62084	13	4	11	1	0	0	10	0
62086	13	3	23	6	3	1	24	0
62087	29	11	24	5	0	1	29	1
62088	37	8	83	10	4	3	53	6
62090	34	13	27	5	3	6	53	2
62095	72	24	130	14	2	5	116	0
62097	10	1	33	4	1	0	9	0
62201	120	33	166	25	20	31	489	55
62203	64	21	124	48	9	20	330	23
62204	154	43	247	81	31	56	606	74
62205	68	21	158	57	15	31	425	58
62206	243	55	217	65	25	37	587	26
62207	96	25	176	49	20	52	502	28

ZIP	Total Pop	Pop Under 18	Pop Under 5	Minority	TANF	Food Stamps	SCHIP	Alt Care	CA/N Victims
62208	14,383	3,342	817	3,503	47	270	22	13	15
62220	18,307	4,724	1,207	3,244	165	689	38	38	45
62221	22,873	6,036	1,680	5,569	100	485	30	29	26
62223	17,126	3,853	881	2,963	57	382	24	16	21
62225	5,528	2,218	634	1,227	*	17	1	2	6
62226	28,185	6,592	1,676	5,738	180	707	26	38	35
62232	7,007	1,680	418	883	51	275	15	11	15
62234	32,059	7,532	1,955	3,038	178	925	50	19	82
62236	10,609	2,789	699	211	8	39	5	6	7
62239	4,825	1,208	296	171	31	146	10	11	6
62240	1,941	532	121	71	22	105	2	*	5
62243	5,419	1,506	316	211	*	42	*	4	6
62249	13,792	3,702	865	297	15	105	22	*	19
62254	5,469	1,330	305	928	15	129	4	2	7
62255	1,214	337	79	21	18	67	1	1	4
62257	3,676	928	210	73	38	114	8	*	9
62258	7,170	1,872	371	549	27	129	4	4	6
62260	6,231	1,532	370	152	9	65	*	2	5
62264	3,306	828	197	75	9	80	2	4	3
62265	4,573	1,239	293	245	12	82	4	2	12
62269	25,768	7,094	1,640	4,744	95	397	20	12	26
62275	*	*	*	*	6	3	7	*	2
62281	1,789	478	106	52	3	16	2	2	0
62282	*	*	*	*	1	5	2	*	*
62285	3,049	793	199	85	5	20	*	*	5
62289	*	*	*	*	2	28	1	3	4
62293	5,602	1,429	341	151	7	26	6	*	5
62294	12,350	3,553	840	639	23	152	9	16	21
62298	14,392	3,770	920	239	8	93	11	4	18
63005	16,420	5,143	1,189	1,356	1	7	9	4	11
63011	33,513	10,484	2,559	3,174	39	85	86	14	11
63017	41,539	9,403	1,987	4,405	15	42	54	16	19
63021	55,928	16,385	4,405	4,970	39	173	161	34	41

ZIP	Total Reports	CA/N Rps	Total Births	Teen Births	Low BW	Prenatal Care	Test Lead	Positive Lead
62208	69	12	150	19	8	8	68	2
62220	176	33	200	29	15	4	175	8
62221	89	23	305	29	20	6	145	5
62223	70	13	166	16	11	8	127	5
62225	24	6	129	6	11	0	13	1
62226	96	15	259	28	18	6	149	4
62232	52	12	87	10	8	7	48	5
62234	180	52	368	51	19	21	156	6
62236	17	4	24	0	0	1	38	1
62239	37	8	26	3	3	2	26	1
62240	21	4	18	5	2	1	20	1
62243	13	2	51	6	3	1	6	0
62249	39	11	137	17	1	6	12	1
62254	17	5	39	4	1	1	27	2
62255	7	1	12	2	0	2	8	0
62257	25	5	32	4	1	3	18	2
62258	27	4	82	9	4	1	37	1
62260	25	3	35	2	1	0	19	0
62264	8	3	32	4	0	0	10	0
62265	13	1	40	3	0	0	14	0
62269	81	22	258	17	8	9	90	2
62275	25	7	33	3	2	2	36	0
62281	5	1	11	1	1	0	2	0
62282	*	*	7	1	0	0	*	*
62285	8	1	42	3	4	1	10	0
62289	4	0	6	1	0	0	2	0
62293	9	2	35	3	1	1	12	0
62294	38	11	118	8	14	2	22	0
62298	38	17	64	4	2	1	65	5
63005	5	1	171	0	8	11	17	1
63011	39	9	459	4	35	8	90	2
63017	31	15	345	4	24	3	275	0
63021	69	28	861	16	63	18	119	1

ZIP	Total Pop	Pop Under 18	Pop Under 5	Minority	TANF	Food Stamps	SCHIP	Alt Care	CA/N Victims
63025	11,535	3,627	924	357	18	74	40	9	9
63026	43,122	12,197	3,265	1,678	262	753	283	27	63
63031	49,893	13,085	3,253	8,337	212	689	411	241	40
63033	43,986	11,201	2,682	22,381	343	1,012	473	169	38
63034	16,879	4,588	867	6,128	46	112	79	34	11
63038	6,347	2,085	462	356	1	10	15	4	2
63040	8,121	2,727	786	534	0	7	20	*	2
63042	19,234	4,424	1,146	4,572	121	453	225	26	29
63043	22,149	4,969	1,318	3,504	74	198	89	25	17
63044	14,478	3,174	702	2,208	53	150	90	79	6
63049	14,915	4,136	1,032	405	62	351	158	79	53
63069	15,906	4,027	1,023	1,231	103	295	174	17	68
63074	15,624	3,475	986	3,339	176	509	226	32	33
63088	7,885	1,871	725	897	69	138	69	5	32
63101	786	198	65	718	123	182	22	100	5
63102	1,261	34	15	562	11	26	1	4	12
63103	4,553	254	82	2,623	156	190	34	12	9
63104	17,867	4,921	1,486	11,251	1,228	2,357	224	90	163
63105	14,554	2,776	536	2,448	7	27	24	16	3
63106	9,947	3,731	1,061	9,541	1,537	2,661	180	82	92
63107	15,424	5,178	1,184	14,241	1,657	2,902	267	113	125
63108	19,079	2,080	569	9,843	409	755	90	118	42
63109	29,020	5,557	1,718	2,572	173	320	239	21	18
63110	20,020	5,757	1,453	12,314	1,076	2,245	264	104	82
63111	20,738	5,395	1,550	7,771	878	1,931	437	72	75
63112	21,899	5,564	1,340	18,094	1,734	3,065	311	151	127
63113	15,869	4,593	960	15,725	1,476	2,618	277	164	104
63114	37,888	9,534	2,529	11,122	694	1,762	620	149	83
63115	24,268	6,821	1,588	24,107	1,859	3,445	425	201	147
63116	47,024	11,630	3,370	15,336	1,268	2,475	886	90	111
63117	9,236	1,783	468	1,832	50	126	33	19	1
63118	29,817	9,855	2,558	20,618	2,390	4,630	624	190	334
63119	34,145	7,717	1,953	4,131	121	249	138	133	16

ZIP	Total Reports	CA/N Rps	Total Births	Teen Births	Low BW	Prenatal Care	Test Lead	Positive Lead
63025	26	5	161	5	10	2	29	0
63026	177	46	582	35	39	25	168	0
63031	167	34	637	47	57	44	1,256	2
63033	137	33	516	45	38	45	356	3
63034	25	9	128	6	14	7	209	1
63038	7	2	67	2	6	1	5	0
63040	6	2	118	1	5	1	19	0
63042	110	22	286	33	13	20	227	3
63043	42	9	293	12	17	11	62	1
63044	28	4	137	18	7	13	346	1
63049	91	31	202	17	18	14	*	*
63069	76	34	175	18	11	13	*	*
63074	77	23	247	20	27	26	124	2
63088	49	26	149	8	9	3	41	1
63101	15	4	25	2	2	3	39	3
63102	6	3	4	0	1	0	4	0
63103	23	7	41	4	7	10	72	3
63104	196	84	308	49	37	69	652	86
63105	10	2	112	2	8	0	137	4
63106	184	64	213	52	33	67	655	91
63107	208	69	288	69	52	91	703	204
63108	77	30	166	18	17	23	1,002	42
63109	53	14	385	16	23	7	568	10
63110	166	55	313	49	39	61	1,030	138
63111	218	57	384	82	44	67	709	94
63112	221	81	341	84	48	77	853	129
63113	194	54	248	77	42	91	605	136
63114	230	68	579	77	61	71	665	16
63115	225	92	371	96	34	95	1,058	172
63116	301	82	680	100	58	67	842	102
63117	20	1	120	4	15	5	229	2
63118	475	195	576	145	73	149	1,285	303
63119	53	9	370	11	28	9	341	2

ZIP	Total Pop	Pop Under 18	Pop Under 5	Minority	TANF	Food Stamps	SCHIP	Alt Care	CA/N Victims
63120	12,644	4,454	940	12,129	1,149	2,241	231	97	119
63121	28,416	7,508	1,860	23,959	1,056	2,558	590	209	70
63122	37,911	9,059	2,391	3,161	114	254	123	27	16
63123	49,587	10,097	2,537	2,668	73	339	373	51	33
63124	9,715	2,178	440	665	5	7	18	5	2
63125	32,838	7,126	1,783	1,947	281	834	434	34	84
63126	15,440	3,146	716	833	18	42	76	13	19
63127	4,393	892	159	216	2	26	18	4	15
63128	29,049	5,981	1,275	913	28	62	57	25	7
63129	51,216	13,114	2,921	1,973	57	258	188	41	27
63130	33,981	7,094	1,913	17,221	563	1,292	350	158	37
63131	16,316	4,212	874	1,060	5	21	3	9	1
63132	14,112	3,226	806	6,422	240	544	155	57	17
63133	7,985	2,522	573	7,254	624	1,547	204	72	35
63134	15,068	4,527	1,103	9,775	529	1,457	307	80	76
63135	22,697	6,731	1,501	11,729	571	1,481	503	107	50
63136	53,240	17,040	4,283	45,948	2,334	5,724	1,367	417	175
63137	21,240	5,801	1,392	11,478	489	1,216	501	104	47
63138	22,033	6,695	1,915	13,754	547	1,595	428	121	58
63139	23,430	4,259	1,239	3,200	171	377	174	43	24
63140	436	156	40	353	86	131	11	8	8
63141	19,921	4,322	959	2,484	11	30	23	66	3
63143	10,846	2,045	658	2,718	130	282	100	35	17
63144	8,917	1,720	516	1,099	8	29	32	14	8
63146	29,485	5,428	1,485	5,227	41	123	101	27	9
63147	12,860	3,492	744	11,917	719	1,272	251	99	47
63301	46,516	10,362	2,686	3,556	275	1,040	373	73	50
63303	43,395	11,188	2,887	3,212	120	434	206	40	26
63304	40,925	13,405	3,545	2,363	120	434	167	36	33
63332	1,109	256	52	22	0	7	2	4	4
63341	3,628	1,037	233	111	2	5	15	10	0
63348	3,766	1,076	238	150	10	52	24	2	6
63357	4,822	1,258	278	116	17	38	34	*	0

ZIP	Total Reports	CA/N Rps	Total Births	Teen Births	Low BW	PrenatalCare	Test Lead	Positive Lead
63120	181	60	221	56	34	69	513	82
63121	174	50	415	84	51	76	616	45
63122	59	14	474	8	32	19	245	3
63123	83	24	560	38	37	19	341	4
63124	4	1	70	1	9	3	333	1
63125	139	61	384	38	34	25	280	19
63126	24	12	159	8	9	5	175	1
63127	16	11	33	0	4	0	94	1
63128	21	7	249	9	28	7	471	0
63129	68	22	470	21	24	14	234	4
63130	101	35	439	32	49	38	563	24
63131	9	1	127	3	7	2	40	0
63132	37	9	144	15	10	14	183	5
63133	83	24	131	30	15	35	371	36
63134	148	49	221	39	20	41	331	3
63135	157	43	332	57	34	46	317	8
63136	414	115	900	191	93	176	1,661	76
63137	117	36	290	46	26	32	305	5
63138	159	40	331	46	41	43	343	6
63139	69	16	343	20	26	16	203	5
63140	11	4	8	1	2	6	22	0
63141	17	1	188	5	13	0	1,446	1
63143	46	11	175	22	18	13	165	12
63144	12	7	101	1	11	2	33	0
63146	20	6	328	9	14	7	72	2
63147	112	29	189	41	21	42	322	53
63301	237	33	527	52	46	54	265	2
63303	109	22	511	32	32	29	108	0
63304	106	20	568	27	33	12	88	0
63332	5	1	9	0	0	0	2	1
63341	4	0	30	0	0	2	3	0
63348	18	5	50	2	5	3	2	0
63357	9	0	59	3	2	7	2	0

ZIP	Total Pop	Pop Under 18	Pop Under 5	Minority	TANF	Food Stamps	SCHIP	Alt Care	CA/N Victims
63366	62,756	20,162	5,994	3,492	233	1,030	439	61	40
63367	10,718	2,734	647	542	17	67	38	17	9
63373	644	165	36	15	0	2	7	*	0
63376	67,513	20,679	4,964	4,210	164	602	320	58	40
63385	14,450	4,426	1,124	1,416	243	706	98	30	36
63386	560	151	27	5	2	19	7	1	0

ZIP	Total Reports	CA/N Rps	Total Births	Teen Births	Low BW	Prenatal Care	Test Lead	Positive Lead
63366	288	30	1,228	58	54	36	327	1
63367	33	7	112	8	5	6	38	0
63373	2	0	8	2	0	0	*	*
63376	202	33	895	42	41	39	390	2
63385	99	23	249	25	14	24	129	0
63386	1	0	5	1	0	0	2	0

APPENDICES

A: Data Sources

B: Comparative Norms

C: Methodology

Appendix A: Data Sources, page 1

Demographics

PERCENT OF POPULATION UNDER AGE 18 Claritas, Inc.

PERCENT OF POPULATION UNDER AGE 5 Claritas, Inc.

PERCENT OF POPULATION CLASSIFIED AS A MINORITY Claritas, Inc.

Family Support

PERCENT OF CHILDREN RECEIVING TANF Illinois Department of Public Aid Missouri Department of Social Services

PERCENT OF CHILDREN RECEIVING FOOD STAMPS Illinois Department of Public Aid Missouri Department of Social Services

PERCENT OF CHILDREN RECEIVING SCHIP Illinois Department of Public Aid Missouri Department of Social Services

RATE OF CHILDREN LIVING IN ALTERNATIVE CARE Illinois Department of Children and Family Services Missouri Department of Social Services PERCENT OF CHILD ABUSE/NEGLECT REPORTS WHICH REQUIRED FOLLOW-UP SERVICES (MISSOURI)
Missouri Division of Family Services

PERCENT OF INDICATED CHILD ABUSE /NEGLECT REPORTS (ILLINOIS)
Illinois Department of Children and Family Services

CHILD ABUSE/NEGLECT RATE PER 1,000 (MISSOURI) Missouri Division of Family Services

INDICATED CHILD ABUSE/NEGLECT RATE PER 1,000 (ILLINOIS) Illinois Department of Children and Family Services

Critical Developmental Needs

AVERAGE MARKET RATE OF CHILD CARE Children's Home and Aid Society of Illinois Child Day Care Association of St. Louis

TOTAL LICENSED CHILD CARE CAPACITY Children's Home and Aid Society of Illinois Child Day Care Association of St. Louis

Maternal and Child Health

PERCENT OF BIRTHS TO TEEN MOTHERS
Illinois Center for Health Statistics
Missouri Department of Health and Senior Services

Appendix A: Data Sources, page 2

PERCENT OF BIRTHS WITH LOW BIRTH WEIGHT
Illinois Center for Health Statistics
Missouri Department of Health and Senior Services

PERCENT OF BIRTHS WITH NO OR INADEQUATE
PRENATAL CARE
Illinois Center for Health Statistics
Missouri Department of Health and Senior Services

INFANT MORTALITY RATE
Illinois Center for Health Statistics
Missouri Department of Health and Senior Services

Quality Education

DROPOUT RATE
Illinois State Board of Education
Missouri Department of Elementary and Secondary Education

FOUR-YEAR GRADUATION RATE
Illinois State Board of Education
Missouri Department of Elementary and Secondary Education

PUPIL TO TEACHER RATIO
Illinois State Board of Education
Missouri Department of Elementary and Secondary Education

AVERAGE EXPENDITURE PER PUPIL
Illinois State Board of Education
Missouri Department of Elementary and Secondary Education

PERCENT OF STUDENTS ELIGIBLE FOR FREE OR REDUCED LUNCH Illinois State Board of Education Missouri Department of Elementary and Secondary Education

PERCENT OF DISABLED STUDENTS
Illinois State Board of Education
Missouri Department of Elementary and Secondary Education

PERCENT OF CHILDREN WITH LIMITED ENGLISH PROFICIENCY (LEP)
Illinois State Board of Education
Missouri Department of Elementary and Secondary Education

Safe Neighborhoods and Strong Communities

CRIME RATE PER 1,000 INDIVIDUALS
Illinois State Police Department
Metropolitan Police Department, City of St. Louis
Missouri Uniform Crime Reporting Program

VIOLENT CRIME RATE PER 1,000 INDIVIDUALS
Illinois State Police Department
Metropolitan Police Department, City of St. Louis
Missouri Uniform Crime Reporting Program

PERCENT OF CHILDREN TESTED WHO ARE LEAD POISONED Illinois Department of Public Health Missouri Department of Health and Senior Services

Appendix A: Data Sources, page 3

Economic Opportunity

PERCENT OF FAMILIES WITH CHILDREN UNDER 18 LIVING BELOW THE FEDERAL POVERTY LEVEL United States Census Bureau

MEDIAN HOUSEHOLD INCOME Claritas, Inc.

PERCENT OF HOUSEHOLDS HEADED BY SINGLE MOTHERS United States Census Bureau

UNEMPLOYMENT RATE United States Census Bureau

Appendix B: Comparative Norms, page 1

DEMOGRAPHICS

Percent of Population Under Age 18

United States: 25.7% Missouri: 25.5% Illinois: 26.1% Claritas, Inc. (2002)

Percent of Population Classified as Minority

United States: 30.9% Missouri: 16.2% Illinois: 32.2% Claritas, Inc. (2002)

FAMILY SUPPORT

Percent of Children Receiving TANF

United States: 5.8% Child Trends (2002)

Percent of Children Receiving Food Stamps

United States: 12.0% Child Trends (2000)

Percent of Children Receiving SCHIP

United States: 6.0%

United States Department of Health and Human Services

(2001)

Rate of Children Living in Alternative Care

United States: 7.7 per 1,000

United States Department of Health and Human Services

(2002)

Percent of Child Abuse/Neglect Reports that Required Follow-

up Services (Missouri)

No comparative norm available

Percent of Indicated Child Abuse/Neglect Reports (Illinois)

United States: 31.4%

United States Department of Health and Human Services

(2000)

Child Abuse/Neglect Rate per 1,000 (Missouri)

No comparative norm available

Indicated Child Abuse/Neglect Rate per 1,000 (Illinois)

United States: 12.2 per 1,000 children

Illinois: 9.7 per 1,000 children

United States Department of Health and Human Services

(2000)

CRITICAL DEVELOPMENTAL NEEDS

Average Market Rate of Child Care United States: \$80 - \$200 per week Children's Defense Fund (2000)

Total Licensed Child Care Capacity

No comparative norm available

Appendix B: Comparative Norms, page 2

MATERNAL AND CHILD HEALTH

Percent of Births to Teen Mothers

United States: 11.8%

Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (2000)

Percent of Births with Low Birth Weight

United States: 7.6%

United States Department of Health and Human Services

(2000)

Percent of Births with No or Inadequate Prenatal Care

United States: 3.9%

United States Department of Health and Human Services

(2000)

Infant Mortality Rate

United States: 7.2 per 1,000 live births

Forum on Child and Family Statistics (1998)

QUALITY EDUCATION

Dropout Rate

United States: 10.9%

Missouri: 3.8% Illinois: 5.2%

Digest of Education Statistics (2000 - 01)

Four Year Graduation Rate

United States: 79.3% Missouri: 82.5% Illinois: 85.2%

Digest of Education Statistics (2000 - 01)

Pupil to Teacher Ratio

United States: 16.0

Missouri: 18.0 Illinois: 18.7

Digest of Education Statistics (2000 - 01)

Average Expenditure per Pupil

United States: \$7,079 Missouri: \$6,991 Illinois: \$7,926

Digest of Education Statistics (2000 - 01)

Percent of Students Eligible for Free or Reduced Lunch

Missouri: 38.2%

Missouri Department of Elementary and Secondary Education

(2002)

Illinois: 37.5%

Illinois State Board of Education (2002)

Appendix B: Comparative Norms, page 3

Percent of Disabled Students

No comparative norm available

Percent of Students with Limited English Proficiency

Unites States: 9.6% Missouri: 1.3% Illinois: 6.7%

National Clearinghouse for English Language Instruction

(2002)

SAFE NEIGHBORHOODS AND STRONG COMMUNITIES

Crime Rate per 1,000 Individuals

United States: 41.6 per 1,000 Individuals Federal Bureau of Investigation (2001)

Violent Crime Rate per 1,000 Individuals

United States: 5.0 per 1,000 Individuals Federal Bureau of Investigation (2001)

Percent of Children Tested that are Lead Poisoned

No comparative norm available

ECONOMIC OPPORTUNITY

Percent of Families with Children Under 18 Living Below the

Federal Poverty Level United States: 13.6% Missouri: 12.8%

Missouri: 12.8% Illinois: 11.6%

United States Census Bureau (2000)

Median Household Income

United States: \$41,994 Missouri: \$37,934 Illinois: \$46,590 Claritas, Inc. (2002)

Percent of Households Headed by Single Mothers

United States: 7.2% Missouri: 7.1% Illinois: 8.1%

United States Census Bureau (2000)

Unemployment Rate

United States: 5.8% Missouri: 5.3% Illinois: 6.0%

United States Census Bureau (2000)

Appendix C: Methodology, page 1

INFANT MORTALITY RATE

The infant mortality rate can be an unstable measure, when calculated for small geographic areas like ZIP codes. ZIP codes generally have a small number of births each year and even a small change in the number of infant deaths could dramatically impact the infant mortality rate for that ZIP code. In order to create a more stable measure, we have combined five years of data on infant births and deaths for each ZIP code. It is a generally accepted statistical measure that an infant mortality rate can be calculated if there are more than 5 infant deaths and at least 1,000 births in the geographic area. Unfortunately, few of the ZIP codes in the St. Louis region meet these criteria. In an effort to provide as much data as possible, we utilized methodology created by a collaboration between the Family Health Outcomes Project and the University of California in San Francisco. The collaboration developed a paper entitled, "Guidelines for Health Analysis of Maternal and Child Health Indicators in Small Geographic Areas, Where There are Few Events."

At the end of this section you will find a table displaying each ZIP code, the number of births and infant deaths for the last five years, the five-year Infant Mortality Rate (IMR), and either the 95% Confidence Interval (CI), or the expected death rate, and the Standardized Ratio (SR). The CI and SR allow determination of whether the IMR for the ZIP code is significantly different from the county rate. The CI is used when there are at least 20 deaths and 1,000 births and the SR when there are fewer deaths (but at least 4) and 1,000 births. If the county rate is included in the CI, then the two rates are not different, if the SR is 200 or less they are not different. When there are less than 1,000 births but at least 5 deaths, the SR is reported without the IMR.

Below please find a description of each of these terms and the conditions that must be met to use them.

INFANT MORTALITY RATE (IMR)

The infant mortality rate is the number of infant deaths per 1,000 live births in the geographic area.

Conditions: 5 infant deaths and at least 1,000 births in the geographic area.

Calculation: IMR = (Number of infant deaths x 1,000)

Number of births

Appendix C: Methodology, page 2

95% CONFIDENCE INTERVAL (CI)

The 95% Confidence Interval is the range of values between which one can have 95% confidence that the true value lies. When comparing a ZIP code rate with the county rate, the two rates can be said to be significantly different from one another if the county rate is not included in the 95% confidence interval.

Each of the following refer to the same 5 year period.

Calculation: 95% CI = Average death rate + or -2x

Average death rate

The square root of the average number of deaths

Average death rate = Average number of deaths x 1,000
Average number of births

STANDARDIZED RATIO (SR)

Compares the number of observed infant deaths to the expected number of infant deaths, if the county Infant Mortality Rate applied, to create a ratio. If the observed number of infant deaths does not differ significantly from the expected number of infant deaths the ratio will be less.

Conditions: At least 5 infant deaths and less than 1,000 births.

Calculation: SR = Observed number of infant deaths x 100

Expected number of infant deaths

Expected Infant Deaths = (Number of births x County IMR)

1,000

County Data				
County	# Births	# Deaths	IMR	CI
St. Louis City	26,566	359	13.5	(10.3, 16.7)
St. Louis	66,142	524	7.9	(6.3, 9.5)
St. Charles	20,439	117	5.7	(3.3, 8.1)
Madison	14,691	76	5.2	(2.5, 7.9)
St. Clair	15,732	88	5.6	(3.0, 8.2)

If there were fewer than 5 infant deaths and less than 1,000 births, no calculation can be made.

Appendix C: Methodology, page 3 Infant Mortality Table

							Ortality Tabl				٠.		
ZIP	# births	# deaths	IMR	CI	Expect	SR	ZIP	# births	# deaths	IMR	CI	Expect	SR
62001	55	2	*	*	*	*	62207	999	7			5.6	125.0
62002	2229	13	5.8			112.1	62208	656	2	*	*	*	*
62010	499	2	*	*	*	*	62220	1066	4	*	*	*	*
62012	306	0	*	*	*	*	62221	1578	9	5.7			102.3
62018	310	1	*	*	*	*	62223	1069	4	*	*	*	*
62021	33	0	*	*	*	*	62225	714	3	*	*	*	*
62024	633	2	*	*	*	*	62226	813	4	*	*	*	*
62025	1181	7	5.9			114.8	62232	399	2	*	*	*	*
62034	467	1	*	*	*	*	62234	1579	5	3.2			61.0
62035	696	2	*	*	*	*	62236	88	2	*	*	*	*
62040	2422	17	7.0			278.7	62239	125	1	*	*	*	*
62046	31	0	*	*	*	*	62240	102	2	*	*	*	*
62048	71	0	*	*	*	*	62243	215	0	*	*	*	*
62058	50	0	*	*	*	*	62249	633	5			3.3	151.5
62059	84	0	*	*	*	*	62254	218	1	*	*	*	*
62060	442	6			2.3	260.9	62255	53	0	*	*	*	*
62061	74	0	*	*	*	*	62257	148	0	*	*	*	*
62062	194	0	*	*	*	*	62258	337	1	*	*	*	*
62067	97	0	*	*	*	*	62260	217	0	*	*	*	*
62074	49	1	*	*	*	*	62264	176	0	*	*	*	*
62084	83	1	*	*	*	*	62265	222	0	*	*	*	*
62086	97	2	*	*	*	*	62269	1158	3	*	*	*	*
62087	108	0	*	*	*	*	62275	194	0	*	*	*	*
62088	310	3	*	*	*	*	62281	80	0	*	*	*	*
62090	157	2	*	*	*	*	62282	30	1	*	*	*	*
62095	701	3	*	*	*	*	62285	120	0	*	*	*	*
62097	101	0	*	*	*	*	62289	35	0	*	*	*	*
62201	779	8			4.4	181.8	62293	208	0	*	*	*	*
62203	706	2	*	*	*	*	62294	517	1	*	*	*	*
62204	1353	13	9.6			171.1	62298	269	0	*	*	*	*
62205	943	6			5.3	113.2	63005	856	2	*	*	*	*
62206	1144	13	11.4			203.1	63011	2315	8	3.5			43.7

Appendix C: Methodology, page 4 Infant Mortality Table

	intant Mortality Table												
ZIP	# births	# deaths	IMR	CI	Expect	SR	ZIP	# births	# deaths	IMR	CI	Expect	SR
63017	1787	9	5.0			63.8	63116	3475	32	9.2	(1.8, 16.6)		
63021	4230	21	5.0	(0, 10.0)			63117	633	7			5.0	140.0
63025	743	3	*	*	*	*	63118	3051	37	12.1	(3.1, 21.1)		
63026	2939	13	4.4			56.0	63119	2091	10	4.8			60.6
63031	3266	26	8.0	(1.0, 15)			63120	1183	21	17.8	(0, 35.6)		
63033	2689	39	14.5	(4.1, 24.9)			63121	2234	31	13.9	(2.8, 25.0)		
63034	767	4	*	*	*	*	63122	2459	10	4.1			51.6
63038	312	0	*	*	*	*	63123	2746	13	4.7			59.9
63040	674	0	*	*	*	*	63124	382	2	*	*	*	*
63042	1309	9	6.9			87.4	63125	1915	14	7.3			92.7
63043	1464	10	6.8			86.2	63126	731	2	*	*	*	*
63044	746	6			5.9	101.7	63127	177	1	*	*	*	*
63049	1030	6	5.8			74.1	63128	1219	8	6.6			83.3
63069	829	6			6.5	92.3	63129	2706	15	5.5			70.1
63074	1159	17	14.7			184.8	63130	2314	24	10.4	(0.9, 19.9)		
63088	838	1	*	*	*	*	63131	705	5			5.6	89.3
63101	111	1	*	*	*	*	63132	805	10			6.4	156.3
63102	26	1	*	*	*	*	63133	808	12			6.4	187.5
63103	187	3	*	*	*	*	63134	1240	18	14.5			183.7
63104	1566	18	11.5			85.3	63135	1631	17	10.4			131.8
63105	*	*	*	*	*	*	63136	4724	66	14.0	(6.2, 21.8)		•
63106	1286	24	18.7	(1.7, 35.7)			63137	1350	18	13.3			168.2
63107	1551	29	18.7	(3.1, 34.3)			63138	1709	16	9.4			118.5
63108	867	14			11.7	119.7	63139	1530	4	*	*	*	*
63109	1967	12	6.1			45.1	63140	72	3	*	*	*	*
63110	1695	30	17.7	(2.9, 32.5)			63141	855	3	*	*	*	*
63111	1823	23	12.6	(0.6, 24.6)			63143	811	6			6.4	93.8
63112	1814	25	13.8	(1.3, 26.3)			63144	586	4	*	*	*	*
63113	1407	23	16.3	(0.8, 31.8)			63146	*	*	*	*	*	*
63114	2684	28	14.4	(1.7, 19.1)			63147	961	20			13.0	153.8
63115	2043	41	20.1	(6.2, 34.0)			63301	2840	28	9.9	(1.6, 18.2)		

Appendix C: Methodology, page 5 Infant Mortality Table

ZIP	# births	# deaths	IMR	CI	Expect	SR	ZIP	# births	# deaths	IMR	CI	Expect	SR
63303	2817	11	3.9			75.3	63366	5255	21	4.0	(0, 8.0)		
63304	2839	13	4.6			87.8	63367	573	3	*	*	*	*
63332	52	0	*	*	*	*	63373	42	0	*	*	*	*
63341	170	0	*	*	*	*	63376	4574	29	6.3	(1.0, 11.6)		
63348	189	3	*	*	*	*	63385	1048	9	8.6			163.6
63357	15	0	*	*	*	*	63386	25	0	*	*	*	*

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